

PHY 111

ASSIGNMENT 03

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sec : 17

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### Ans to the or no 1(a)

Given,

Mass of the first ice sled,  $m_A = 22.7 \text{ kg}$

Mass of the second ice sled,  $m_B = 22.7 \text{ kg}$

Mass of the cat,  $m_c = 3.63 \text{ kg}$

The cat makes two jumps which causes total four velocity to the sleds. We have to determine the final velocities.

Velocity of first sled with  $v_{Ai} = 0$  after the first jump,

$$m_A v_{Ai} + m_c v_{ci} = m_A v_{Af} + m_c v_{cf} \quad [\vec{F}_{\text{ext}} = 0]$$

$$\Rightarrow m_A \cdot 0 + m_c \cdot 0 = 22.7 \cdot v_{Af} + 3.63 \times 3.05$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{Af} = - \frac{3.63 \times 3.05}{22.7}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{Af} = 0.487 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\therefore v_{Af} = -0.487 \text{ m/s ; considering negative side .}$$

When cat lands on the second sled,  
common velocity of cat and sled,  $V_B'$

~~$m_B v_{Bi}$~~   $= 0$

$$m_B v_{Bi} + m_C v_{Ci} = (m_B + m_C) V_B'$$

$$\Rightarrow V_B' = \frac{m_B v_{Bi} + m_C v_{Ci}}{m_B + m_C}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_B' = \frac{22.7 \times 0 + 3.63 \times 3.05}{(22.7 + 3.63)}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_B' = 0.42 \text{ m/s}$$

After that when cat makes its second jump  
initial velocity of second sled =  $V_B'$

$$(m_B + m_C) V_B' = m_B v_{Bf} + m_C (-v_{Cf})$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{Bf} = \frac{(m_B + m_C) V_B' + m_C v_{Cf}}{m_B}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{Bf} = \frac{(22.7 + 3.63) \cdot 0.42 + 3.63 \times 3.05}{22.7}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{Bf} = \frac{22.1301}{22.7} = 0.975 \text{ m/s}$$

Finally, after landing on the first sled, cat and the first sled will have a common velocity  $= v_A'$

The initial velocity will be same as the final velocity after first jump,  $v_{Ai}' = v_{Af}$

$$m_A v_{Ai}' + m_c (-v_{ci}) = (m_A + m_c) v_A'$$

$$\Rightarrow v_A' = \frac{m_A v_{Ai}' - m_c v_{ci}}{(m_A + m_c)}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_A' = \frac{(-22.7 \times 0.487) - (3.63 \times 3.05)}{(22.7 + 3.63)}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_A' = \frac{-22.1264}{26.33}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_A' = -0.84 \text{ m/s}$$

$\therefore$  Final speed of first sled  $v_A' = 0.84 \text{ m/s}$   
Final speed of second sled  $v_{Bf} = 0.975 \text{ m/s}$

Ans to the q no 1 (b)

We know,

$$\text{Impulse, } \vec{I} = \Delta \vec{P} \\ = m v_f - m v_i$$

Given, Mass of cat,  $m_c = 3.63 \text{ kg}$

We get from (a) that,

Final velocity,  $v_f = 0.42 \text{ m/s}$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \vec{I} &= m_c v_f - m_c v_i \\ &= m_c (v_f - v_i) \\ &= 3.63 \times (0.42 - 3.035) \\ &= 3.63 \times (-2.63) \\ &= -9.547 \text{ kg m s}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$  The impulse on cat,  $\vec{I} = -9.547 \text{ kg m s}^{-1}$



### Ans to the or no 1 (c)

We know,

$$\text{Average force, } F_{\text{avg}} = \frac{\vec{I}}{\Delta t}$$

Given, change in time,  $\Delta t = 12 \text{ ms}$   
 $= 12 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}$

we get from (b) -

$$\text{The impulse, } \vec{I} = -9.547$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore F_{\text{avg}} &= \frac{-9.547}{12 \times 10^{-3}} \\ &= -795.58 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$  The average force on the second sled by cat while landing is  $-795.58 \text{ N}$

## Ans to the or no 2(a)

Given, Mass of the man,  $m_1 = 67 \text{ kg}$

Mass of the boat,  $m_2 = 179 \text{ kg}$

Length of boat,  $L = 2.5 \text{ m}$

we know, 
$$x_{\text{com}} = \frac{1}{m_1 + m_2} (m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2)$$



(i) when origin is on the man's original location,

$$x_1 = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$x_2 = -\frac{2.5}{2} = -1.25 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{center of mass, } x_{\text{com}} &= \frac{(67 \times 0) + 179 \times (-1.25)}{67 + 179} \\ &= -\frac{223.75}{246} \\ &= -0.91 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore x_{\text{com}} = -0.91 \text{ m}$$

(ii') When origin is on the back end ,

$$x_1 = 2.5 \text{ m}$$

$$x_2 = 2.5/2 = 1.25 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore \text{Center of mass, } x'_{\text{com}} = \frac{(67 \times 2.5) + (179 \times 1.25)}{67 + 179}$$

$$= \frac{391.25}{246}$$

$$= 1.59 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore \text{Center of mass, } x'_{\text{com}} = 1.59 \text{ m}$$



Ans to the or no 2 (b)

Here, the man walks from the front to the back of the boat.



When the man is in the <sup>(0,0)</sup> front end,

$$X_{com} = \frac{(67 \times 2.5) + (179 \times 1.25)}{67 + 179}$$

$$= 1.59 \text{ m}$$

When the man is in the back end,

$$X'_{com} = \frac{(67 \times 0) + (179 \times 1.25)}{67 + 179}$$

$$= 0.91 \text{ m}$$

Since  $\vec{F}_{ext} = 0$ , to keep the momentum

same the displacement =  $\Delta X_{com}$

$$= (1.59 - 0.91) \text{ m}$$

$$= 0.68 \text{ m}$$

$\therefore$  The displacement of the boat will be 0.68 m to the front side.

## Ans to the or no 2 (c)

Given, Masses of the men,  $m_1 = m_2 = 62 \text{ kg}$

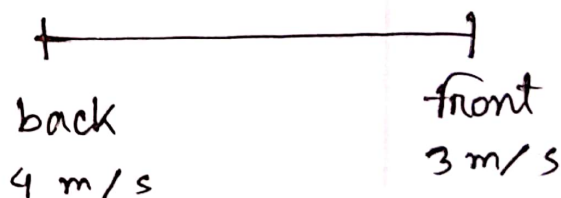
Mass of boat,  $m_b = 179 \text{ kg}$

initial velocity of moving boat,  $u = 1.5 \text{ m/s}$

velocity of the man,  $v_1 = 3 \text{ m/s}$

velocity of his friend,  $v_2 = 4 \text{ m/s}$

From conservation of momentum,



$$(m_1 + m_2 + m_b) u = m_1 v_1 - m_2 v_2 + m_b v_b$$

$$\Rightarrow (62 + 62 + 179) 1.5 = (62 \times 3) - (62 \times 4) + 179 \times v_b$$

$$469.5 = -62 + 179 v_b$$

$$\Rightarrow v_b = \frac{536.5}{179}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_b = 2.99 \text{ m/s}$$

The speed of the boat after jump  $v_b = 2.99 \text{ m/s}$