Set: 2

- (1) a) $V_G = 0$, $I_{DS} = 2 mA$
 - b) $V_0 = 5 2i_{0s} = 5 2 \times 2 = 5 4 = 1$

Let, ... saturation $|S| = \frac{1}{2} \times (V_{C} - V_{T})^{2}$

$$i_{DS} = \frac{1}{2} \times \left(\sqrt{G_{1S}} - \sqrt{T} \right)^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times \left(V_{GS} - 1 \right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (V_{GIS}-1)^2 = 1 \qquad oo, \quad V_{OV} = 1 \vee$$

Herce,
$$V_{DS} = V_{D} - V_{S} = 1 + 2 = 3V > V_{OV}$$

or assumption is connect.

Let, ... active.

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $i_B = \frac{0.3}{40} = 0.0075 \text{ mA}$

Herre,
$$V_c = 12-4i_c = 12-4\times0.75$$

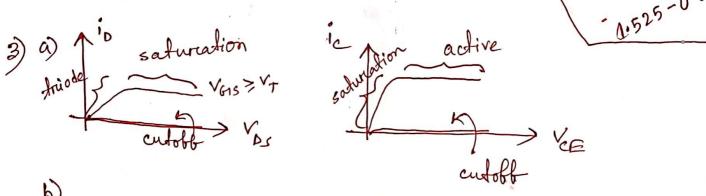
= $12-3=9V$

(i)
$$V_{x} = \frac{0.7 + 165}{2} = 1.525 \text{ V}$$

$$V_Y = V_S + \frac{0.7BRL}{R_L} - \frac{BRL}{R} V_X = 20 + 12 \times 0.7 - 12 \times 120 \times 120$$

(11)
$$K = -\frac{BRL}{Ri} = -\frac{60\times 2}{10} = -6\times 2 = -12$$
 Swing

(12) $K = -\frac{BRL}{Ri} = -\frac{60\times 2}{10} = -6\times 2 = -12$



6)

e)
$$NM_0 = 3.5 - 1.5 = 2V$$

 $NM_1 = 5.5 - 4.7 = 0.8V$

3 (b)

Assume the following values for the inverter circuit parameters: $V_S = 5 V$, $V_T = 1 V$, and $RL = 10 k\Omega$. Assume, further, that $\frac{1}{k_n' V_{OV}} = 5$ for the MOSFET. Determine a $\frac{W}{L}$ sizing for the MOSFET so that the inverter gate output for a logical 0 is able to switch OFF the MOSFET of another inverter.

Solution:

$$V_{S} \frac{R_{ON}}{R_{ON} + R_{L}} < V_{T}$$

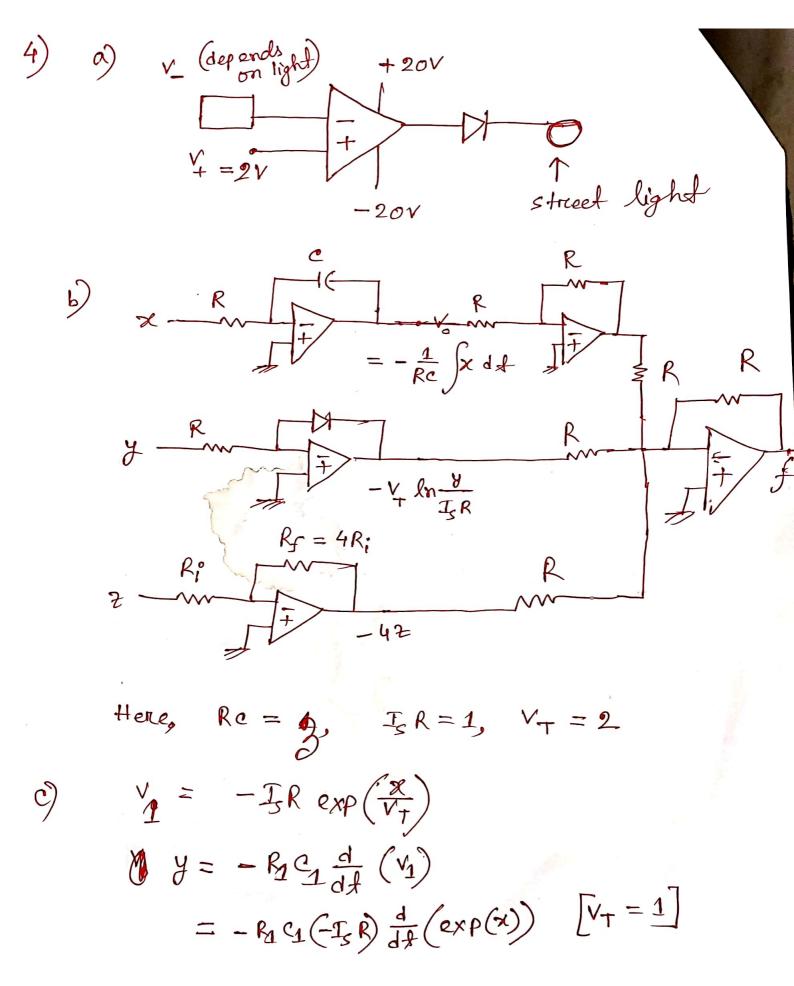
$$\Rightarrow 5 \frac{R_{ON}}{R_{ON} + 10} < 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 5R_{ON} < R_{ON} + 10$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{ON} < \frac{10}{4} = 2.5$$
Now,
$$R_{ON} = \frac{1}{k'_{I}} \frac{W}{L} V_{OV} = 5 \times \frac{1}{W/L}$$

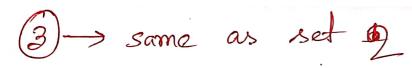
$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{W/L} < 2.5 \Rightarrow \frac{W}{L} > \frac{5}{2.5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{W}{L} > 2$$

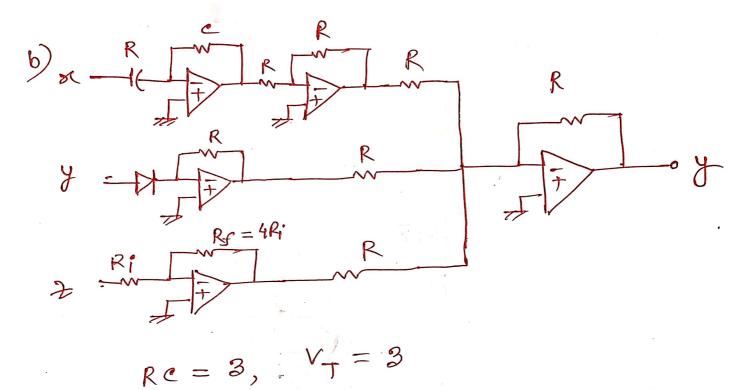


b) $V_{D} = 1V$ Set-1 a) Va=0, ios = 4mA, $v_{gS} = 1 + \sqrt{2} = 2.414V$ $v_{oV} = 1.414V$.. Vs = -2.414 V VDS = 1+2.414=3.414 > Vov f = AB+CD $i_B = 0.006 \, \text{mA}$ Parcta, VCE = VC = 8 - 5 ic = 5 V > Vce sad 0.7< Vin < 1.8 Parl-b 0.7

Nx = 1.25 V Vy = 10.1 V maximum swing = (1.25-0.7) = 0.55 V $K = -\frac{BRL}{R} = -\frac{120\times3}{20} = -18$







e) yet
$$V_1 = -V_T \ln \frac{x}{J_R}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{R_q} \int V_1 df$$

$$= -\frac{1}{R_q} \int -V_T \ln \frac{x}{J_s R}$$

$$= \frac{1}{R_q} \int \ln x$$

$$V_T = 1, \quad J_s R = 1$$