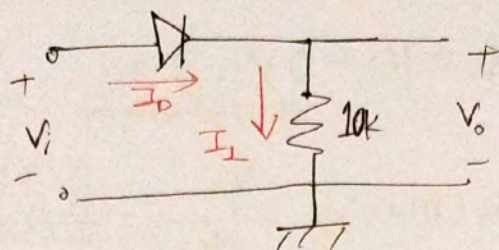
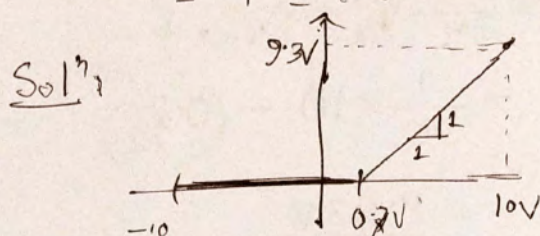


① Half wave rectifier:



② Given  $V_g = 0.7V = V_{D0}$

③ Sketch the voltage transfer characteristics for  $-10V \leq V_i \leq 10V$



④ For  $v_i = 10 \sin(240\pi t)$ , find

① Peak output voltage.

② Peak diode current.

③ Output frequency.

④ Average value of output voltage.

⑤ Sketch the output and input voltage.



Sol<sup>n</sup>: ①  $V_M = 10V$

$$\therefore V_p = V_M - V_{D0} = 10 - 0.7 = \underline{\underline{9.3V}}$$

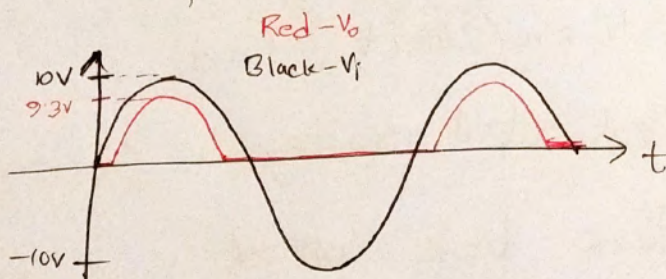
$$\textcircled{ii} \quad I_D(\max) = I_1(\max) = \frac{V_p}{10K} = \frac{0.93mA}{\underline{\underline{2.3mA}}}$$

$$\textcircled{iii} \quad f_i = \frac{\omega_s}{2\pi} = \frac{240\pi}{2\pi} = 120 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\therefore f_o = f_i = \underline{\underline{120 \text{ Hz}}}$$

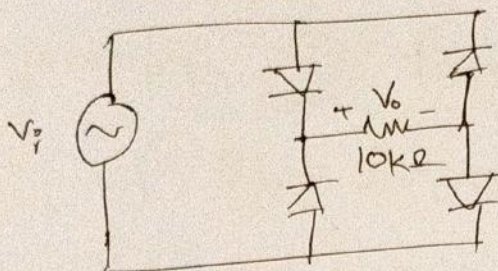
$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{iv} \quad V_{DC} = V_{AVG} &= \frac{1}{\pi} V_M - (V_{D0}/2) \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \times 10 - (0.7/2) \\ &= \underline{\underline{2.83V}} \end{aligned}$$

⑤

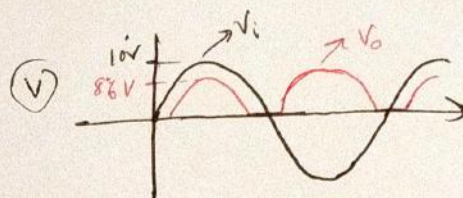
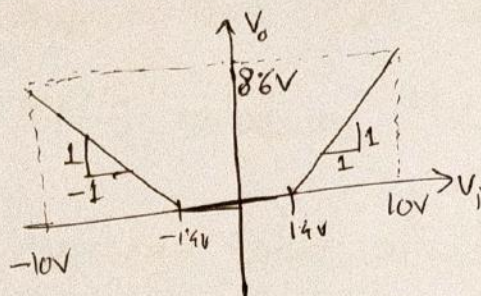




② Repeat problem 1 for the following full wave rectifier



Soln (a)



(i)  $V_M = 10V$

$$\therefore V_P = V_M - 2V_{D_0} = 8.6V$$

(ii)  $I_{D(\max)} = I_1(\max) = \frac{V_P}{10k} = 0.86mA$

(iii)  $f_i = 120Hz$

$$\therefore f_o = 2f_i = \underline{\underline{240Hz}}$$

(iv)  $V_{DC} = V_{Avg} = \frac{2}{\pi} V_M - 2V_{D_0} = \underline{\underline{4.92V}}$



(3) If a capacitor  $C = 100 \mu\text{F}$  is connected in parallel with the resistance in problem (1), find

(a) Ripple frequency.

(b) Peak-to-peak ripple voltage

(c) R.M.S value of the ripple voltage

(d) Average value of the output voltage

(e) ripple factor

Soln: (a)  $f_i = 120 \text{ Hz} \therefore f_r = f_i = 120 \text{ Hz}$ .

(b)  $V_{P(P-P)} = \frac{V_P}{f_r R C} = \frac{9.3}{(120) \times (10 \times 10^3 \times 100 \times 10^{-6})}$

$= \underline{\underline{0.00775 \text{ V}}}$

(c)  $V_r(\text{rms}) = \frac{V_{P(P-P)}}{2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{0.00775}{2\sqrt{3}} = \underline{\underline{0.0022 \text{ V}}}$

(d)  $V_{AVG} = V_{DC} = V_P - \frac{V_{P(P-P)}}{2} = 9.3 - \frac{0.00775}{2} = \underline{\underline{9.26 \text{ V}}}$

(e)  $r = \frac{V_r(\text{rms})}{V_{DC}} = \underline{\underline{0.0023}}$



④ Repeat problem ③ for the full wave  
rectifier in problem ②.

Sol<sup>n</sup>: ①  $f_p = 2f = 240 \text{ Hz}$

$$\textcircled{b} V_{p(p-p)} = \frac{V_p}{f_p R C} = \frac{8.6}{(240)(10 \times 10^3)(100 \times 10^{-6})}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{0.0358 \text{ V}}}$$

$$\textcircled{c} V_{p(\text{rms})} = \frac{V_{p(p-p)}}{2\sqrt{3}} = \underline{\underline{0.0103 \text{ V}}}$$

$$\textcircled{d} V_{DC} = V_{\text{Avg}} = V_p - \frac{V_{p(\text{rms})}}{2}$$
$$= 8.6 - \frac{0.0358}{2}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{8.5821 \text{ V}}}$$

$$\textcircled{e} r = \frac{V_{p(\text{rms})}}{V_{DC}} = \frac{0.0103}{8.5821} = \underline{\underline{0.0012}}$$