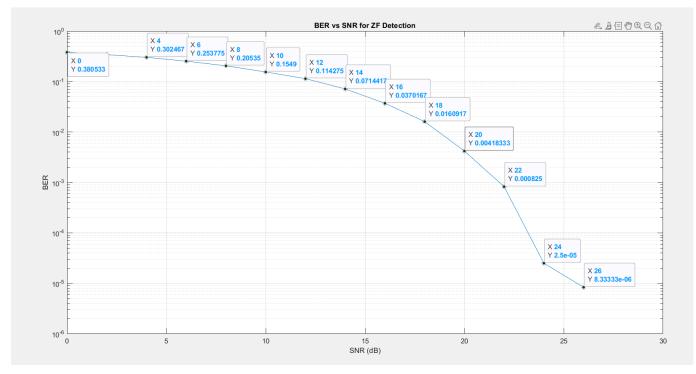
1. (a)(b)

```
>> answer1
Estimated x_hat without noise:
    1.0000 - 1.0000i
    -1.0000 - 3.0000i
    3.0000 - 3.0000i

Estimated x_hat with noise:
    1.8622 - 1.3070i
    -1.6669 - 2.4187i
    3.7618 - 3.2270i

Detected x_hat with noise (mapped to 16-QAM):
    1.0000 - 1.0000i
    -1.0000 - 3.0000i
    3.0000 - 3.0000i
```

(c) 我使用的範圍SNR = 0 : 2 : 30 每個點模擬10000次求出BER

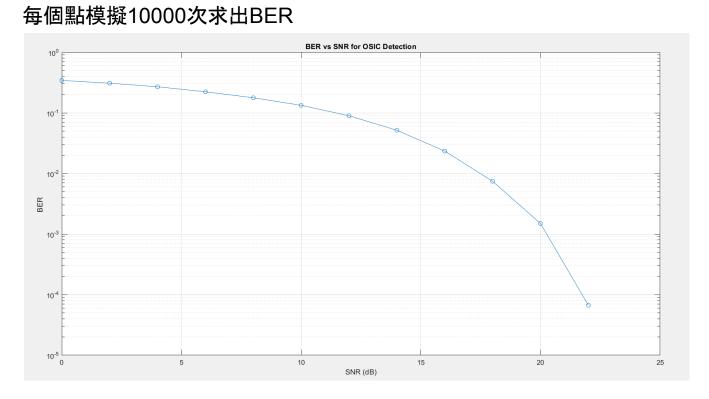


```
2.
(a)(b)(d)(e)
>> answer2
signal detected first is:
     1
the value of the signal detected first is:
   1.0000 - 1.0000i
signal detected second is:
the value of the signal detected secondt is:
  -1.0000 - 3.0000i
signal detected third is:
     3
the value of the signal detected third is:
```

3.0000 - 3.0000i

(c) $y(1) = H(1) \times (1) + \text{hoise}$ $y^{(1)} = H(1) \times (1) + \text{hoise}$ $y^{(2)} = H^{(2,2)} + (2,3) + (2,3) + (2) +$

(f) 我使用的範圍SNR(dB) = 0:2:30



3.

$(a)\sim(d)$

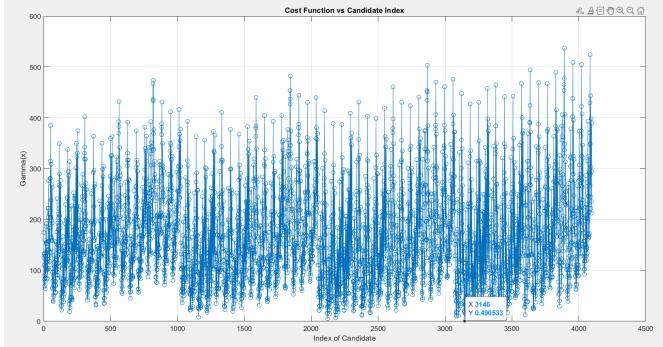
這是全部4096個possibility作圖:

可以發現最小的點是 X:3146 Y:0.490533

X的值不重要, 他只是產生的所有4096個可能裡面的某個index而已,

我們的目標是detect出X的index代表的qam constellation。

Y是cost function, 最小的cost function的值就是0.490533



```
>> answer3
Minimum cost function value: 0.49053
ML solution:
    1.0000 - 1.0000i
    -1.0000 - 3.0000i
    3.0000 - 3.0000i

z vector:
    2.9758 - 2.6369i
    -0.6009 - 7.0571i
    -1.8811 + 1.6136i

detected result (x_8B) is:
    1.0000 - 1.0000i -1.0000 - 3.0000i 3.0000 - 3.0000i

cost function of x_8B is:
    0.4905

x_8B is the same as x_ML. This indicates the 8-best algorithm found the optimal solution.
>>
```

由上圖可以看到(z-vector也附在裡面), 偵測出來的跟實際ML solution一樣, 但這其實運氣好, 畢竟k-best無法保證最佳解。

原因是在pruning的過程中,可能會因為k-best的決策而把通往最 佳解的路徑提前prune掉。

以下,是對所有leaf nodes作圖。 同前所述,X不重要,重要的是我找出來的Y(minimum),確實是 0.490533,這個和前面ML-solution找出來的結果一致。

