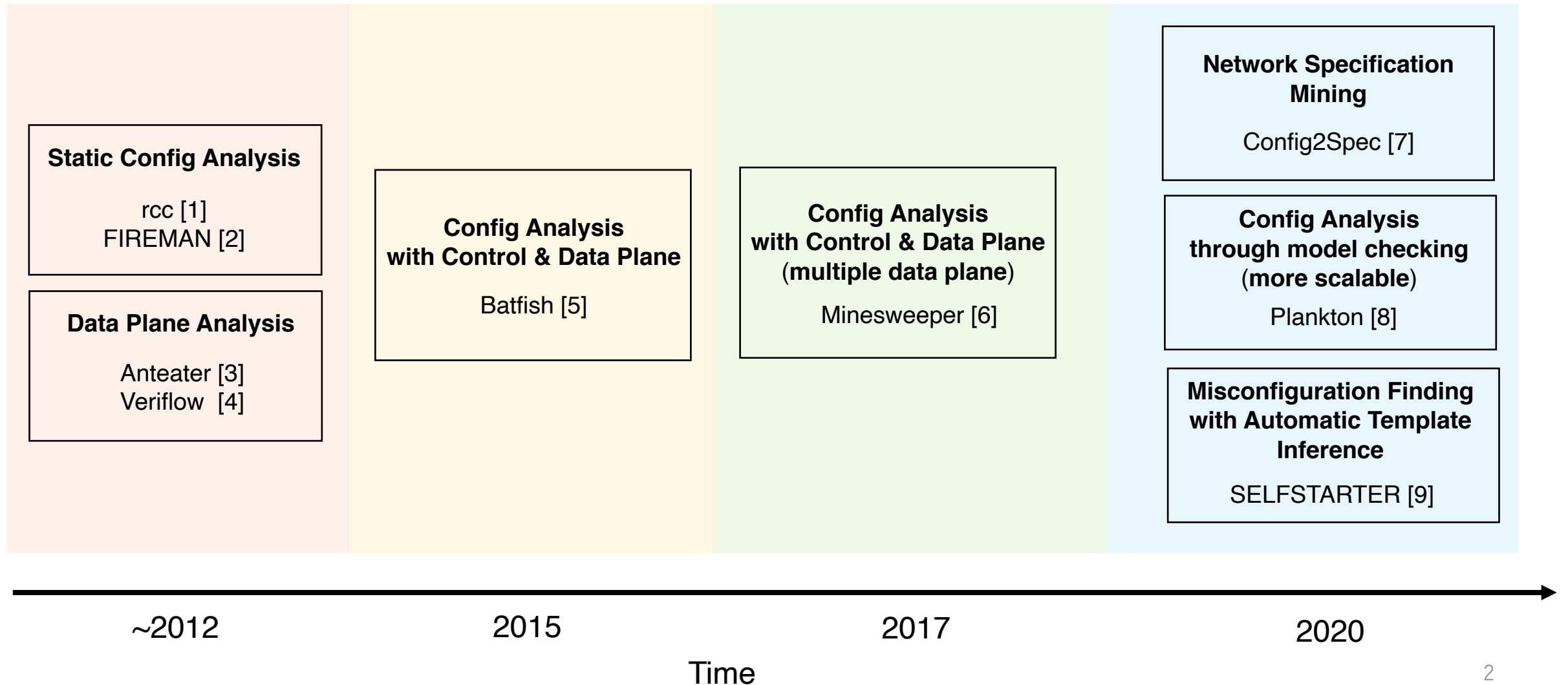


# Survey v2 in Network Config Analytics

siiba

# Recap of the survey in last week



# Today's theme

1. Grasp **recent** research efforts in the config analytics
2. Discuss about the research directions in the future

# Papers in this presentation

Mining network specifications in the configuration

- Config2Spec

Incremental Network Configuration Verification [10]

- RealConfig

Proactive verification of DNS configurations [11]

- GROOT

# Papers in this presentation

## Mining network specifications in the configuration

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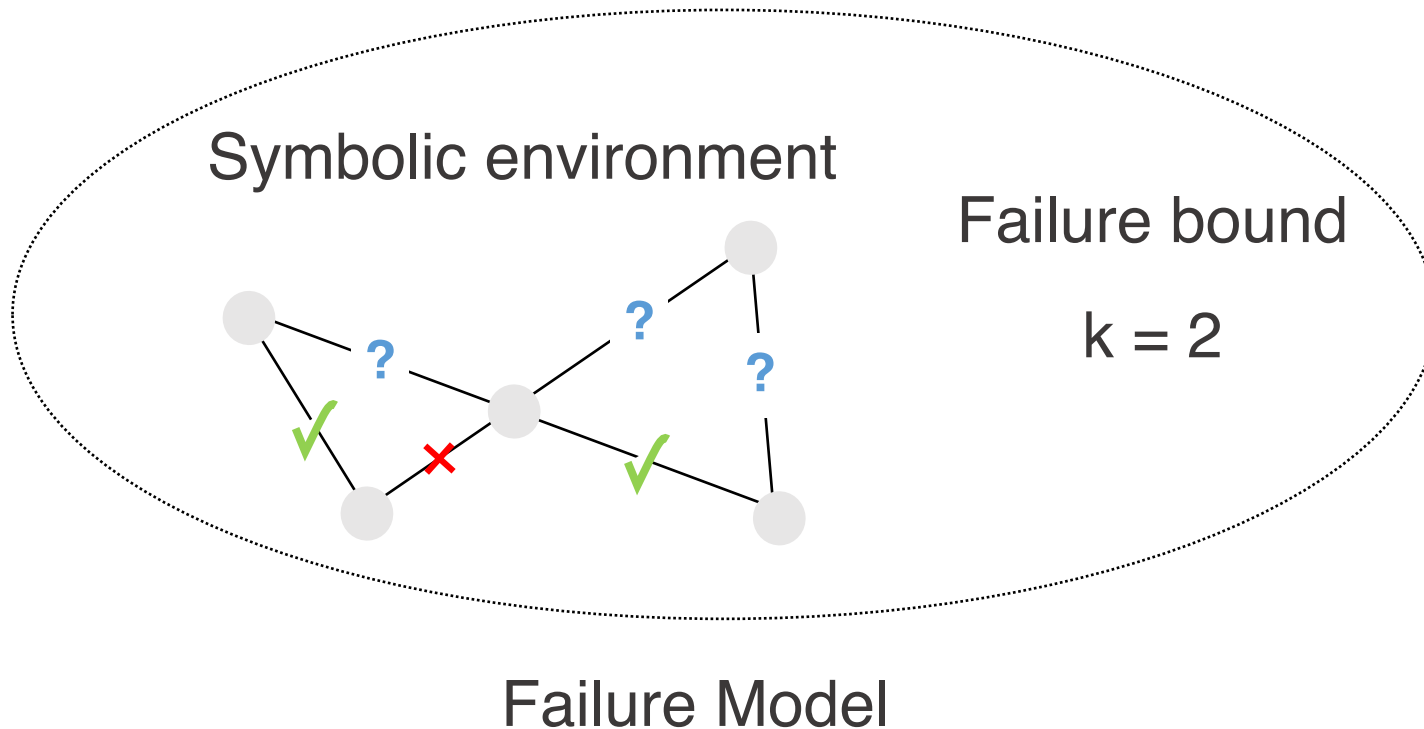
## Proactive verification of DNS configurations [11]

- GROOT

# Definition

The specification of a network

→ set of **all policies** that hold under a given **failure model**



Set of policies

reachability(s1,d1)

reachability(s2,d1)

waypoint(s3,r1,d2)

...

loadbalancing(r3,d1)

# Background and Motivation

Network verification is important to make networks more reliable and secure  
on the other hand ...

Writing formal and precise specifications is hard



Dr Heidi Khlaaf (هايدي خلاف)  
@HeidyKhlaaf

In the past three years of working on large safety critical systems, I've learned that verification isn't the real problem, but it's writing specifications. Don't @ me.



God rest ye merry, Scornflake G  
@ScornflakeGrrrl

返信先: @HeidyKhlaafさん, @JulianBirchさん

Speaking as a procurement professional, writing specifications is the problem in pretty much anything



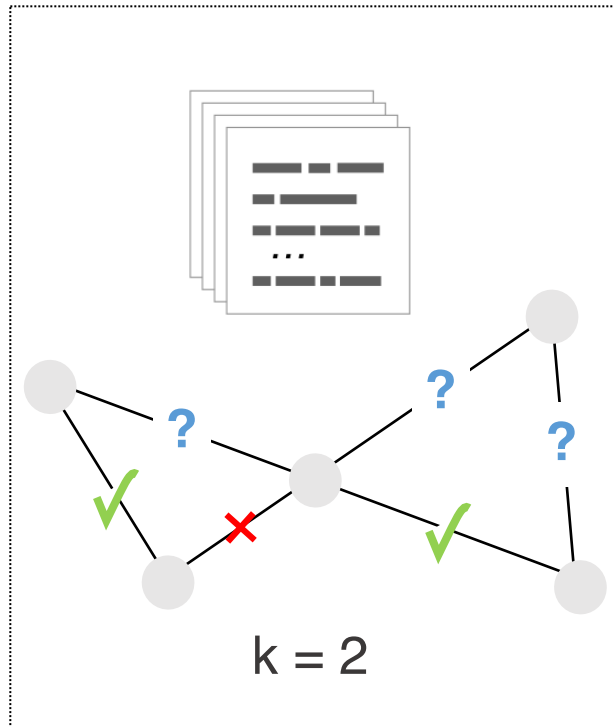
Dr Heidi Khlaaf (هايدي خلاف) @HeidyKhlaaf · 2019年12月16日

返信先: @ScornflakeGrrrlさん, @JulianBirchさん

Yup! And trying to make them formal is pretty much a nightmare.

# Approach

**Automatically** mine the network's full specification from its configuration and the given failure model



**Config2Spec**

Set of policies

reachability(s1,d1)  
reachability(s2,d1)  
waypoint(s3,r1,d2)  
...  
loadbalancing(r3,d1)



# How to automatically mine the specification

Combine the strength of data plane analysis and control plane verification

Data plane analysis

**all** policies for  
**one** concrete env.

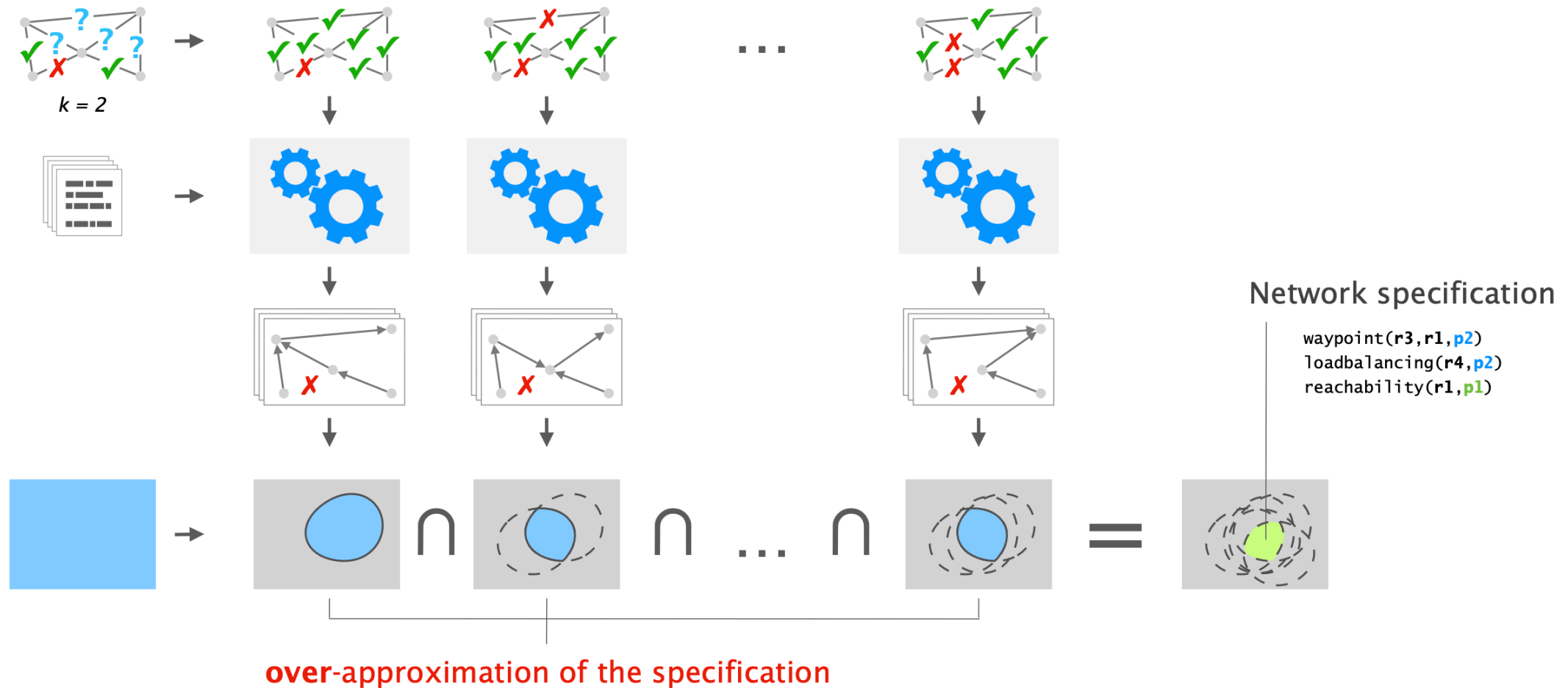
→ prune the large space of policies

Control plane verification

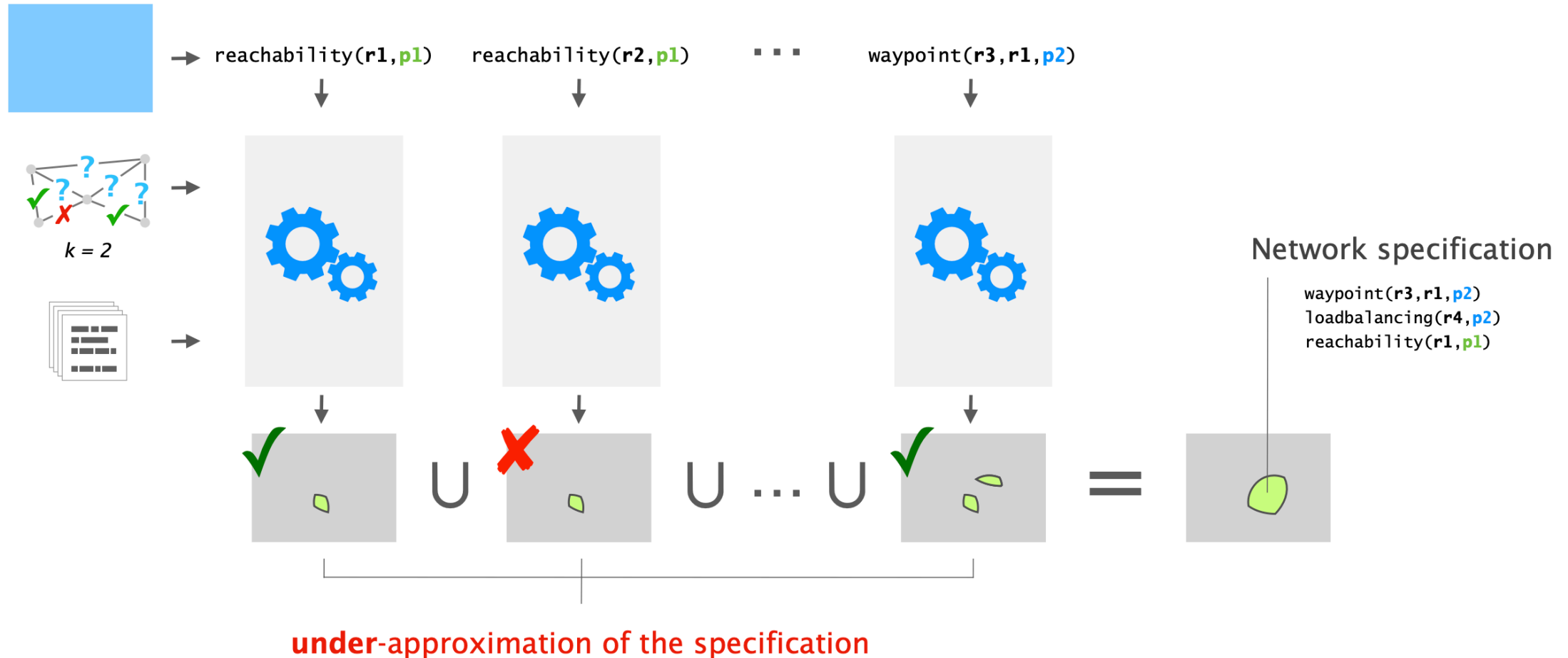
**one** policy for  
**entire** failure model

→ validate the remaining policies

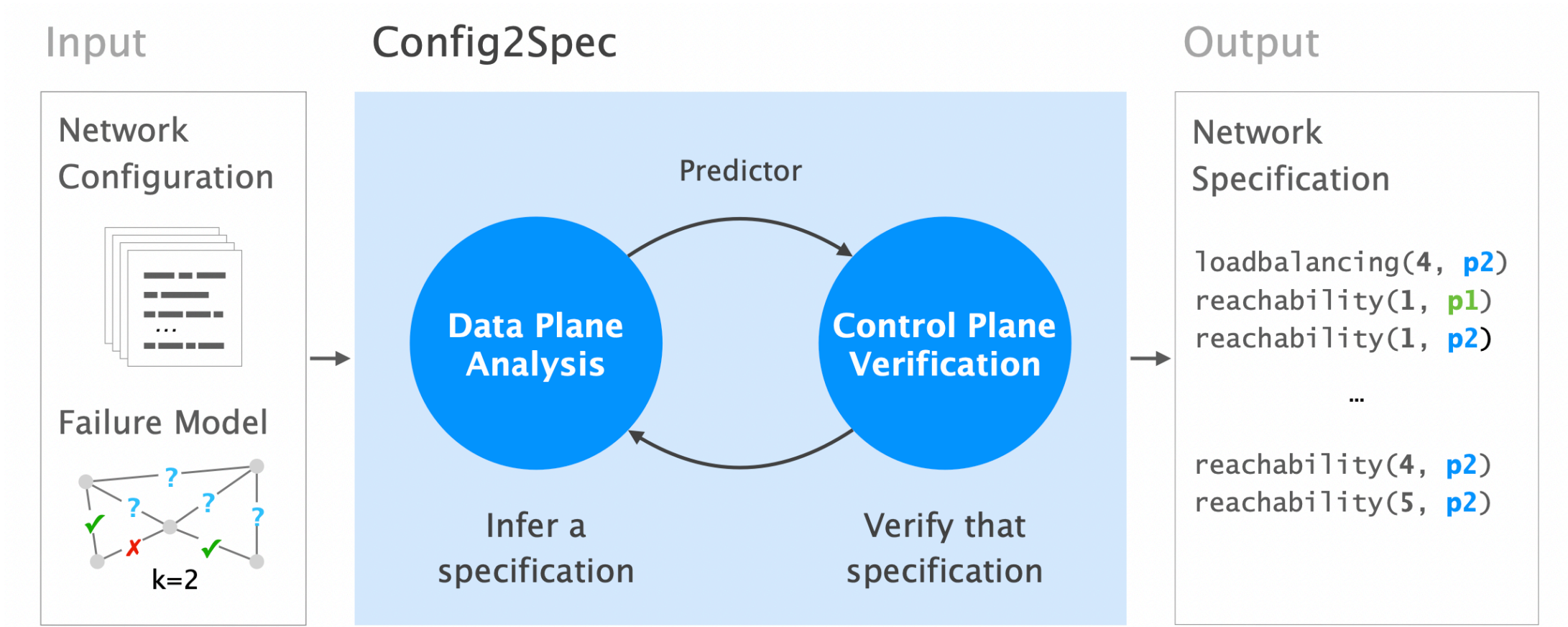
# Pruning the policies with data plane analysis



# Check whether a candidate policy belongs to the specification with control plane verification



# Automatically mine the spec. using the two approaches



# Papers in this presentation

## Mining network specifications in the configuration

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# Background and Motivation

Network configuration changes are frequent and often small

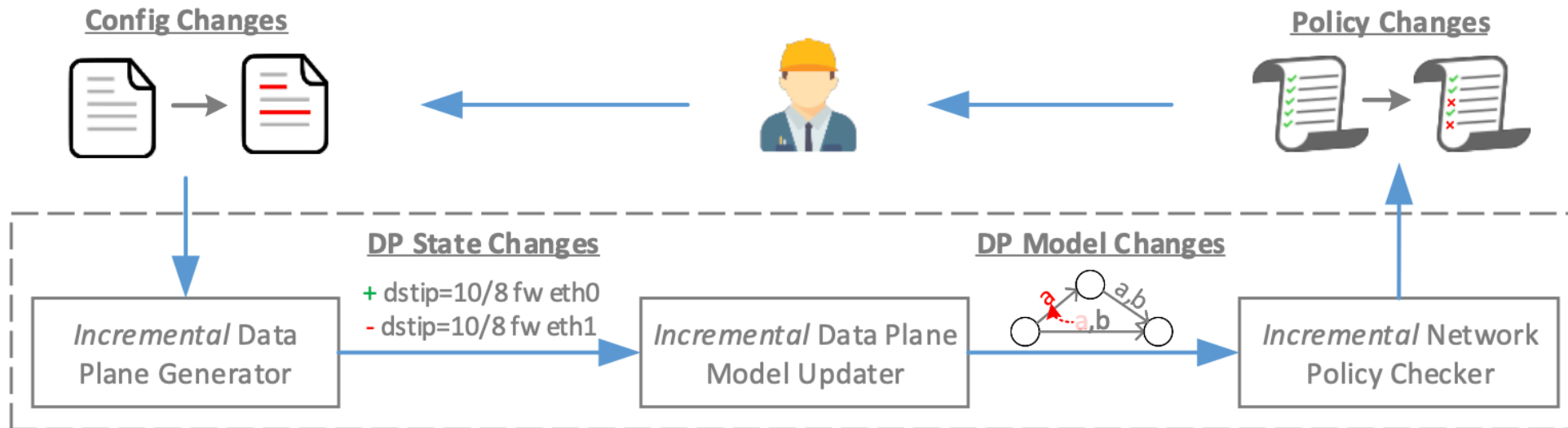
Current verification tools are **not optimized** for configuration changes

	General-purpose tools	Domain-specific algorithms
Analyze	Minesweeper [6]	ARC [13]
Simulate	Batfish(original) [5] Plankton [8]	Batfish(current) [5]

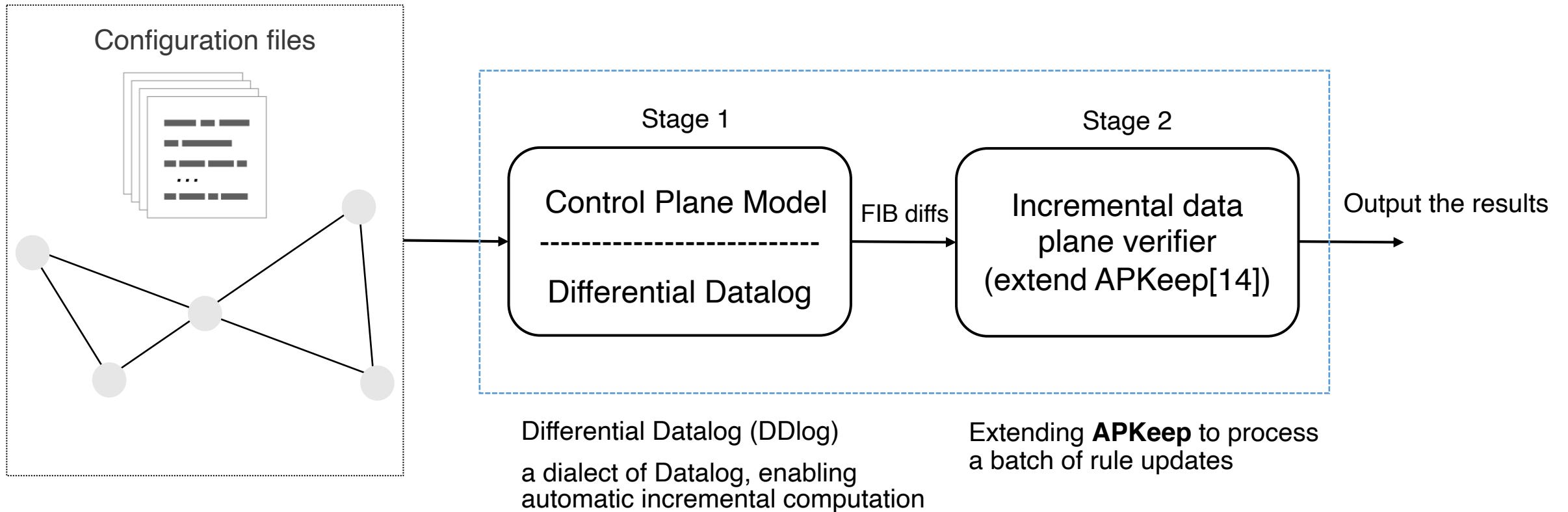
# Approach

Design a **incremental** network verification for configuration changes

- combine **incremental** DP verification with **incremental** DP generation



# Internal of the verification flow





# Preliminary Results

Average data plane generation time for the fat tree network

Protocol	Batfish Full	Full	RealConfig	
			LinkFailure	LC/LP
OSPF	7.13s	36.11s	0.39s (1.1%)	0.39s (1.1%)
BGP	3.81s	3.92s	0.19s (4.8%)	0.12s (3.1%)

20 to 92 times speed-up

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# Current DNS management

## Black-box testing

- Live testing from multiple vantage points

## DNS config review

- check the configurations manually

### Limitations

- ✗ Incomplete
- ✗ Not exhaustive

### Limitations

- ✗ Not automated
- ✗ Error prone

# Approach

- Design a first proactive verification tool for DNS configs
- First formal model of DNS resolution (RFC 6672) for automating zone file review

## GRoot

License MIT   docker image passing   image size 498 MB   layers 18   codecov 83%

GRoot is a static verification tool for DNS. GRoot consumes a collection of zone files along with a collection of user-defined properties and systematically checks if any input to DNS can lead to violation of the properties.

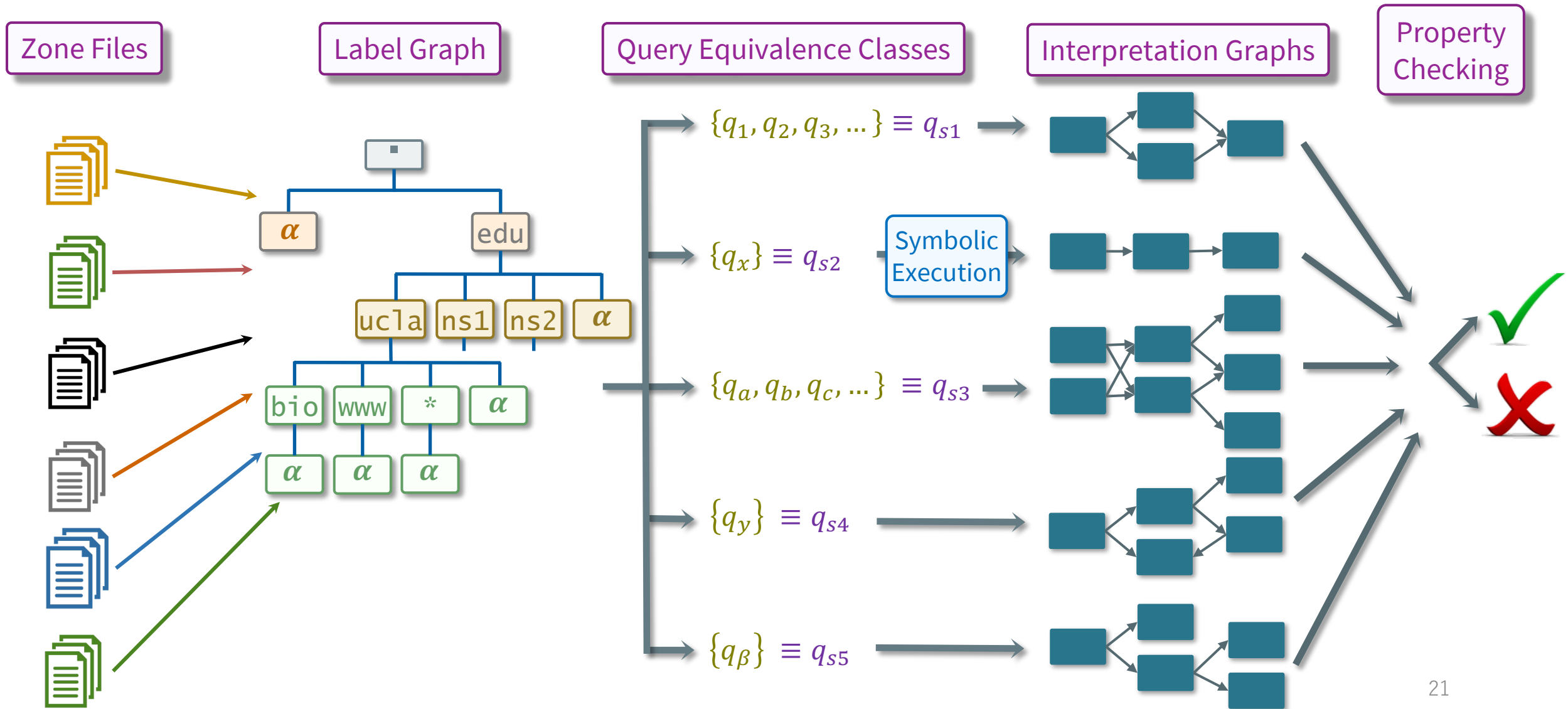
[Installation](#) | [Property Verification](#) · [Available Properties](#) | [Citing GRoot](#) · [License \(MIT\)](#)

 SIGCOMM 2020 -- [GRoot: Proactive Verification of DNS Configurations](#)

 [Best Student Paper Award](#)

Written in C++ !! 🥹 (歓喜の涙)

# Verification flow for the configuration



# Experiment using campus network

Zone files of campus.edu. and 895 subdomains

- 120k resource records
- 4259 CNAME records
- 63 wildcard records

Property	Number of bugs
Delegation Consistency	<b>49</b>
No lame delegation	<b>9</b>
No rewrite loops	<b>2</b>
No missing glue records	<b>1</b>
No rewrite blackholing	<b>48</b>
No zero TTL records	<b>0</b>

Property	Number of warnings
No rewrite to outside domain	<b>378</b>
No resolution at an external NS	<b>324</b>
Number of rewrites $\leq 2$	<b>24</b>

# Discussion

- Many studies have improved the scalability of the verification with the specification (like Plankton [8])
- Recent studies have tackled the problems to make the verification tools more user friendly (like Config2Spec [7])

## Putting network verification to good use

Ryan Beckett  
Microsoft Research

Ratul Mahajan  
University of Washington  
Intentionet

We argue that the next frontier for network verification is, not more sophisticated analysis tools, but enabling easy and effective use of network verification by network engineers on the ground. We do not intend to imply that network

Putting network verification tool good to use (HotNets'19) [12]

# Discussion

- Will the verification tool of the DNS configuration follow the same research transition as the network verification tools ?
- There are many open problems in the real operation env.

## **Robotron: Top-down Network Management at Facebook Scale**

cabling). The time gap between design changes, config generation, and config roll-out may lead to accidental deployment of stale configs. For example, the DC clus-

Robotron: Top-down Network Management at Facebook Scale (SIGCOMM'16) [14]



# My future work

- Think a rough direction of my research (too early ... ?)
- Skip through the related papers
- Implementing some mockups or anything related to the research to get the image at program level

# Reference

- [1] Detecting BGP Configuration Faults with Static Analysis  
Nick Feamster and Hari Balakrishna (NSDI'05)
- [2] FIREMAN: A Toolkit for FIREwall Modeling and Analysis  
Lihua Yuan et al., (S&P'06)
- [3] Debugging the Data Plane with Anteater  
Haohui Mai et al., (Sigcomm'2011)
- [4] Veriflow : Verifying Network-Wide Invariants in Real Time  
Ahmed Khurshid et al.,(NSDI'13)

# Reference

- [5] A General Approach to Network Configuration Analysis  
Ari Fogel et al., (NSDI'15)
- [6] A General Approach to Network Configuration Verification  
Ryan Beckett et al., (Sigcomm'2017)
- [7] Config2Spec: Mining Network Specifications from Network Configurations  
Rüdiger Birkner et al.,(NSDI'20)
- [8] Plankton: Scalable network configuration verification through model checking, Santhosh Prabhu et al., (NSDI'20)

# Reference

- [9] Finding Network Misconfigurations by Automatic Template Inference, Siva Kesava Reddy Kakarla et al., (NSDI'20)
- [10] Incremental Network Configuration Verification  
Peng Zhang et al., (HotNets'20)
- [11] GRoot: Proactive Verification of DNS Configurations  
Siva Kesava Reddy Kakarla et al.,(SIGCOM'20)
- [12] Putting network verification tool good to use  
Ryan Beckett et al., (HotNets'19)

# Reference

- [13] Fast Control Plane Analysis using an Abstract Representation  
Aaron Gember-Jacobson et al., (SIGCOM'16)
- [14] Robotron: Top-down Network Management at Facebook Scale  
Yu-Wei Eric Sung et al., (SIGCOMM'16)