**Do not** click nested Typetext icons. Doing so will produce the wrong output.

```
public class Program
{
    private const string blobServiceEndpoint = "";
    private const string storageAccountName = "";
    private const string storageAccountKey = "";

public static async Task Main(string[] args)
    {
    }
}
```

Please skip **Exercise 1, Task 3**. The resource provider is already registered.

At the end of this lab, you can skip the **Clean Up** exercise directing you to remove the resources from your Subscription or Resource Group(s). The clean up is handled automatically, after ending your lab.

# Lab: Publishing and subscribing to Event Grid events

## Student lab manual

#### Lab scenario

Your company builds a human resources (HR) system used by various customers around the world. While the system works fine today, your development managers have decided to begin re-architecting the solution by decoupling application components. This decision was driven by a desire to make any future development simpler through modularity. As the developer who manages component communication, you have decided to introduce Microsoft Azure Event Grid as your solution-wide messaging platform.

# Objectives

After you complete this lab, you will be able to:

- Create an Event Grid topic.
- Use the Azure Event Grid viewer to subscribe to a topic and illustrate published messages.
- Publish a message from a .NET application.

## Lab setup

• Estimated time: 45 minutes

#### Instructions

#### Before you start

Sign in to the lab virtual machine

Ensure that you're signed in to your Windows 10 virtual machine (VM) by using the following credentials:

· Username: Admin

Password: Pa55w.rd

#### Review the installed applications

Find the taskbar on your Windows 10 desktop. The taskbar contains the icons for the applications that you'll use in this lab:

- Microsoft Edge
- Microsoft Visual Studio Code

#### Exercise 1: Create Azure resources

#### Task 1: Open the Azure portal

- 1. Sign in to the Azure portal (https://portal.azure.com).
- 2. If this is your first time signing in to the Azure portal, you'll notice a dialog box offering a tour of the portal. Select **Get Started** to skip the tour.

#### Task 2: Open Azure Cloud Shell

- 1. Open a new Cloud Shell instance in the Azure portal.
- 2. If Cloud Shell isn't already configured, configure the shell for Bash by using the default settings.
- 3. At the **Cloud Shell** command prompt in the portal, use the **az** command with the **--version** flag to get the version of the Azure Command-Line Interface (Azure CLI) tool.

#### Task 3: View the Microsoft. Event Grid provider registration

- 1. Use the **az** command with the **--help** flag to find a list of subgroups and commands at the root level of the Azure CLI.
- 2. Use the **az provider** command with the **--help** flag to get a list of commands available for resource providers.
- 3. Use the **az provider list** command to get a list of all currently registered providers.
- 4. Use the **az provider list** command again with the **--query "[].namespace"** flag to list just the namespaces of the currently registered providers.
- 5. Review the list of currently registered providers. Note that the **Microsoft.EventGrid** provider is currently in the list of providers.
- 6. Close the Cloud Shell pane.

#### Task 4: Create a custom Event Grid topic

1. Create a new Event Grid topic with the following details:

Name: hrtopic\*[yourname]\*

New resource group: PubSubEvents

Location: East US

Event Schema: Event Grid Schema

**Note**: Wait for Azure to finish creating the topic before you continue with the lab. You'll receive a notification when the app is created.

#### Task 5: Deploy the Azure Event Grid viewer to a web app

1. Create a new web app with the following details:

Existing resource group: PubSubEvents

Name: eventviewer\*[yourname]\*

• Publish: **Docker Container** 

Operating system: Linux

Region: East US

• New App Service plan: EventPlan

SKU and size: Premium V2 P1v2

Docker options: Single Container

Image source: Docker Hub

Access type: Public

Image and tag: microsoftlearning/azure-event-grid-viewer:latest

**Note**: Wait for Azure to finish creating the web app before you continue with the lab. You'll receive a notification when the app is created.

#### Review

In this exercise, you created the Event Grid topic and web app that you will use throughout the remainder of the lab.

### Exercise 2: Create an Event Grid subscription

#### Task 1: Access the Event Grid Viewer web application

- 1. Access the **eventviewer\*[yourname]\*** web app that you created earlier in this lab.
- 2. In the **Settings** section, go to the **Properties** section, and then record the value in the **URL** text box. You'll use this value later in the lab.
- 3. Browse to the currently running web app.
- 4. Observe the currently running **Azure Event Grid viewer** web application. Leave this web application running for the remainder of the lab.

**Note**: This web application will update in real-time as events are sent to its endpoint. We will use this to monitor events throughout the lab.

5. Return to the Azure portal.

#### Task 2: Create new subscription

1. Access the **hrtopic\*[yourname]\*** Event Grid topic that you created earlier in this lab.

- 2. Create a new **Event Subscription** with the following details:
  - Name: basicsub
  - Event Schema: Event Grid Schema
  - Endpoint Type: Web Hook
  - Endpoint: Web App URL recorded earlier in the lab, with an \*https:// prefix and an /api/updates suffix

**Note**: For example, if your **Web App URL** value is **http://eventviewerstudent.azurewebsites.net/**, then your endpoint would be **https://eventviewerstudent.azurewebsites.net/api/updates**.

**Note**: Wait for Azure to finish creating the subscription before you continue with the lab. You'll receive a notification when the app is created.

#### Task 3: Observe the subscription validation event

- 1. Return to Azure Event Grid viewer.
- Review the Microsoft.EventGrid.SubscriptionValidationEvent event that was created as part of the subscription creation process.
- 3. Select the event and review its JSON content.
- 4. Return to Azure portal.

#### Task 4: Record subscription credentials

- 1. Access the **hrtopic\*[yourname]\*** Event Grid topic that you created earlier in this lab.
- 2. Record the value of the **Topic Endpoint** field. You'll use this value later in the lab.
- 3. In the **Settings** section, go to the **Access keys** section, and then record the value in the **Key 1** text box. You'll use this value later in the lab.

#### Review

In this exercise, you created a new subscription, validated its registration, and then recorded the credentials required to publish a new event to the topic.

#### Exercise 3: Publish Event Grid events from .NET

#### Task 1: Create .NET project

- 1. Using Visual Studio Code, open the Allfiles (F):\Allfiles\Labs\10\Starter\EventPublisherfolder.
- 2. Using a terminal, create a new .NET project named **EventPublisher** in the current folder:

dotnet **new** console --name **EventPublisher** --output .

**Note**: The **dotnet new** command will create a new **console** project in a folder with the same name as the project.

3. Using the same terminal, import version 3.2.0 of **Microsoft.Azure.EventGrid** from NuGet:

**Note**: The **dotnet add package** command will add the **Microsoft.Azure.EventGrid** package from NuGet. For more information, go to Microsoft.Azure.EventGrid.

4. Using the same terminal, build the .NET web application:

```
dotnet build
```

5. Close the current terminal.

#### Task 2: Modify the Program class to connect to Event Grid

- 1. Open the **Program.cs** file in Visual Studio Code.
- 2. Delete all existing code in the **Program.cs** file.
- 3. Add the following **using** directives for libraries that the application will reference:

```
using Microsoft.Azure.EventGrid;
using Microsoft.Azure.EventGrid.Models;
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
```

4. Create a new **Program** class with two constant string properties named **topicEndpoint** and **topicKey**, and then create an asynchronous **Main** entry point method:

```
public class Program
{
    private const string topicEndpoint = "";
    private const string topicKey = "";

    public static async Task Main(string[] args)
    {
    }
}
```

- 5. Update the **topicEndpoint** string constant by setting its value to the **Topic Endpoint** of the Event Grid topic that you recorded earlier in this lab.
- 6. Update the **topicKey** string constant by setting its value to the **Key** of the Event Grid topic that you recorded earlier in this lab.

#### Task 3: Publish new events

- 1. In the **Main** method, perform the following actions:
  - a. Add the following block of code to connect to the Event Grid using the credentials you specified earlier in the lab:

```
TopicCredentials credentials = new TopicCredentials(topicKey);
EventGridClient client = new EventGridClient(credentials);
```

b. Create a new variable named **events**, of type **List**:

```
List<EventGridEvent> events = new List<EventGridEvent>();
```

c. Add the following block of code to: create two new variables named **firstPerson** of an anonymous type, and **firstEvent** of type **EventGridEvent**; populate the **EventGridEvent**variable with sample data; and add the **firstEvent** instance to your **events** list:

```
var firstPerson = new
{
    FullName = "Alba Sutton",
    Address = "4567 Pine Avenue, Edison, WA 97202"
};

EventGridEvent firstEvent = new EventGridEvent
{
    Id = Guid.NewGuid().ToString(),
    EventType = "Employees.Registration.New",
    EventTime = DateTime.Now,
    Subject = $"New Employee: {firstPerson.FullName}",
    Data = firstPerson.ToString(),
    DataVersion = "1.0.0"
};
events.Add(firstEvent);
```

d. Add the following block of code to: create two new variables named **secondPerson** of an anonymous type, and **secondEvent** of type **EventGridEvent**; populate the **EventGridEvent** variable with sample data; and add the **secondEvent** instance to your **events** list:

```
var secondPerson = new
{
    FullName = "Alexandre Doyon",
    Address = "456 College Street, Bow, WA 98107"
};

EventGridEvent secondEvent = new EventGridEvent
{
    Id = Guid.NewGuid().ToString(),
    EventType = "Employees.Registration.New",
    EventTime = DateTime.Now,
    Subject = $"New Employee: {secondPerson.FullName}",
    Data = secondPerson.ToString(),
    DataVersion = "1.0.0"
};
events.Add(secondEvent);
```

e. Add the following block of code to obtain the **Hostname** from the **topicEndpoint** variable, and then use that hostname as a parameter to the **EventGridClient.PublishEventsAsync**method

invocation:

```
string topicHostname = new Uri(topicEndpoint).Host;
await client.PublishEventsAsync(topicHostname, events);
```

f. Render the **Events published** message to the console:

```
Console.WriteLine("Events published");
```

- 2. Save the **Program.cs** file.
- 3. Using a terminal, run the .NET console application project:

```
dotnet run
```

**Note**: If there are any build errors, review the **Program.cs** file in the **Allfiles** (F):\Allfiles\Labs\10\Solution\EventPublisher folder.

- 4. Review the success message output from the currently running console application.
- 5. Close the current terminal.

#### Task 4: Observe published events

- 1. Return to the browser window with the **Azure Event Grid viewer** web application.
- 2. Review the **Employees.Registration.New** events that were created by your console application.
- 3. Select any of the events and review its JSON content.
- 4. Return to Azure portal.

#### Review

In this exercise, you published new events to your Event Grid topic using a .NET console application.

#### Exercise 4: Clean up your subscription

#### Task 1: Open Azure Cloud Shell

- 1. In the Azure portal, select the **Cloud Shell** icon to open a new shell instance.
- 2. If Cloud Shell isn't already configured, configure the shell for Bash by using the default settings.

#### Task 2: Delete resource groups

1. Enter the following command, and then select Enter to delete the **PubSubEvents** resource group:

```
az group delete --name PubSubEvents --no-wait --yes
```

2. Close the Cloud Shell pane.

#### Task 3: Close the active applications

- 1. Close the currently running Microsoft Edge application.
- 2. Close the currently running Visual Studio Code application.

## Review

In this exercise, you cleaned up your subscription by removing the resource groups used in this lab.

# Congratulations!

You have successfully completed this exercise. Click **End** to advance to the next exercise.