

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO Document Scanning Lead Sheet

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DEBORA SILVERMAN VS. MURPHY SAN FRANCISCO LIMITED PARTNERSHIP et al

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9	and DARTHOLOWEW WORTH		
10	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
11	COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO		
12			
13	DEBORA SILVERMAN,	Case No. CGC-12-521405	
14	Plaintiff,	Action Filed: June 6, 2012	
15	v.	DEFENDANTS MOTION IN LIMINE #19	
16 17	MURPHY SAN FRANCISCO LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, MURPHY INVESTMENTS, INC., and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,	MOTION IN LIMINE TO PRECLUDE PLAINTIFF FROM OFFERING EVIDENCE, LAW OR ARGUMENT THAT DEFENDANTS HAVE NOT COMPLIED	
18	Defendants.	WITH REGULATIONS OR STATUTES NOT ASSERTED IN THE COMPLAINT	
19		Trial Date: July 15, 2013	
20		Time: 9:30 a.m. Dept: 206	
21			
22 23	Defendants MIRPHY SAN FRANC	ISCO I IMITED PARTNERSHIP MIJRPHY	
24	Defendants, MURPHY SAN FRANCISCO LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, MURPHY INVESTMENTS, INC., and BARTHOLOMEW MURPHY (collectively referred to herein as		
25	"Murphy"), move this Court in limine for an Order precluding plaintiff from offering evidence,		
26	law or argument that defendants have not complied with regulations or statutes not asserted in		
27	the complaint.		
28			
40	LIU149/1624688-1	1	
:	MIL #19 – PRECLUDE EVIDENCE, LAW OR ARGUMENT THAT DEFENDANTS HAVE NOT COMPLIED WITH REGULATIONS OR STATUTES NOT ASSERTED IN THE COMPLAINT		

I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

This is a landlord-tenant action in which plaintiff, Debora Silverman contends that Defendants violated common law duties of habitability, breached a rental agreement, and violated San Francisco Administrative Code section 37.10B by failing to perform repairs in a timely manner and failing to adequately address a mouse infestation at 739 Haight Street in San Francisco ("the Subject Property"). The Complaint concerns defendants' response to plaintiff's allegations of uninhabitable conditions at the Subject Property only. The Complaint contains no allegations regarding other properties owned or operated by defendants. The Complaint contains no allegations of fraud and no allegations of alleged violations of OSHA regulations with respect to maintenance workers employed by defendants. This is not a designated class action lawsuit.

Defense witness Denis Murphy was deposed on May 30, 2013. (Exhibit A – Video Deposition of Denis Murphy ["D. Murphy Depo."].) At the deposition, Mr. Lifschitz persisted in questioning the witness about claims well beyond the scope of what the plaintiff, Debora Silverman, has alleged in her landlord-tenant Complaint:

"Okay. Do you know if there are any written policies that Murphy Investments maintains relating to the management of these over 500 rental properties?" (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 27:19-22.)

"Okay. As you sit here today, you have never seen a written policy for employees to review as to how to manage these over 500 rental properties in the course of their employment?" (D. Murphy Depo., pgs. 27:24-28:2.)

"What training, if any, does Murphy Investments provide its employees in the use, proper use of pesticides?" (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 33:7-9.)

"So it's your understanding that you rely upon Alert Pest Control to train your employees on the proper use of pesticides." (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 33:13-15.)

"Is it your understanding -- Strike that. Do you have an understanding that your employees at Murphy Investments place pesticides at properties other than 739 Haight Street?" (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 34:17-20.)

"And is – Murphy Investment is permitted to take mouse poison they find at the corner store, and put it in apartments that you manage correct?" (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 37:17-20.)

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1 2	"Right. And, but also you have indicated that Murphy Investments' employees lay out bait at the direction of the pest control company." (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 38:11-14.)	
3	"Okay. Are you aware of any training provided to employees of Murphy	
4	Investment in the removal or disposal of rodent-infested materials?" (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 41:15-17.)	
5	•••	
6	"Okay. And are you aware if Murphy Investments maintains any Material Safety Data Sheets on its premises?" (D. Murphy Depo., pg.50:11-13.)	
7	"Okay. Have you at any time ever reviewed any OSHA guidelines in	
8	relationship to Murphy Investments' obligations to its employees as they perform their obligations of a property management company?" (D.	
9	Murphy Depo., pg. 51:4-8.)	
10	In response to defense objections about the scope of questioning, Mr. Lifschitz	
11	made the following arguments:	
12	"We have a allegation that Murphy Investments is engaged in an unfair,	
13	unlawful and fraudulent business practice, as it relates to the management of over 500 rental units –." (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 29:14-17.)	
14		
15	"Again, so we have alleged that Murphy Investments is in violation of Business and Profession Code 17200, and engaged in unfair, unlawful and	
16	fraudulent business practice, as it relates to its responsibilities in managing and maintaining over 500 rental units in San Francisco." (D. Murphy	
17	Depo., pg. 30:11-16.)	
18	"As such, we are entitled to questions relating to Murphy's management practices, in particular, as it relates to rodent control, but also its General	
19	Business Practices, in terms of complying with State, local and Federal	
20	Regulations, in terms of property management, use of pesticides and a variety of other things in that area." (D. Murphy Depo., pgs. 30:25-31:6.)	
21	"The reason that we are entitled to understand whether or not your	
22	employees are placing pesticides in other units is, again, in furtherance of	
23	our cause of action under 172200, for violation – it's a violation of Business and Profession Code 7 – 17200 for Unfair and Unlawful and	
24	Fraudulent Business Practices." (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 35:16-22.)	
25	"Okay. And I also will include that, in addition to the Business and Profession Code, it is also relevant for under our cause of action for	
26	37.10B of the San Francisco Rent Ordinance, which provides us an	
27	opportunity to investigate the business practices of Murphy Investments." (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 36:8-14.)	

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"The case is about an unfair, unlawful and harassing business practice. And OSHA does require that employers maintain specific records, so that if their employees use pesticides, or other dangerous — ... They maintain records to ensure their employees are properly protected. So, there are specific laws which are being violated allegedly by Murphy Investments." (D. Murphy Depo., pg. 53:7-17.)

"And we have the right to seek discovery, and ask questions about Murphy Investments' failure to comply with OSHA regulations, as part of their unfair, unlawful business practice. Because they are engaged in this practice and it is alleged in the complaint they are, because they are engaged in this practice, allegedly, we have the right to discover if they are putting their employees, as well as other – their tenants, who they are charged to protect as a management company, at risk of – their personal risk. Hence, we believe it is fully appropriate to ask these questions." (D. Murphy Depo., pgs. 53:24-54:12.)

Plaintiff's Complaint contains no allegations relating to alleged OSHA violations, employee safety issues, or unfair, unlawful and fraudulent business practices at 500 properties owned and managed by defendants. This lawsuit is about habitability concerns at plaintiff's former residence only, 739 Haight Street, San Francisco, California. (Exhibit B – Complaint.)

On June 11, 2013, the Court heard oral argument on a discovery motion regarding the appropriate scope of any continued deposition of Denis Murphy. Plaintiff's counsel offered argument that a host of potential, yet unspecified statutory violations may be explored in discovery to support plaintiff's unfair trade practices claim (B&P Code §17200) and to support plaintiff's harassment claim (SF Admin. Code §37.10B). (Exhibit C – June 11, 2013 Hearing Transcript.) Judge Lynn O'Malley-Taylor issued an Order, dated June 12, 2013. (Exhibit D – Order of June 12, 2013.) The Court limited the scope of any questioning of the witness to "739 Haight Street rodent infestation 'resulting in constructive eviction of Plaintiff' (Complain ¶20, 109), including any internal policies on dealing with vermin and rodent infestation on these premises."

I. <u>LEGAL ARGUMENT</u>

A. <u>Plaintiff Should Not be Permitted To Offer Evidence, Law or Argument about</u> Unspecified Statutory Violations Not Asserted in the Complaint

The scope of this litigation has been defined by the pleadings and discovery conducted to

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date. This case is not complex. This is a landlord-tenant dispute, necessarily involving two
principal parties – the landlord and the tenant – and the Subject Property. The Court has already
recognized that this litigation does not concern any unspecified statutory violations, such as
alleged CAL-OSHA violations, or other matters which are nowhere asserted in plaintiff's
Complaint. The parties have not litigated OSHA regulations, or any other alleged statutory
violations not asserted in the Complaint. Plaintiff has not raised these issues through a proper
amendment of the Complaint, and the Court has not permitted plaintiff to venture into these
novel areas. As such, these issues are not relevant.

The fundamental premise of our legal system is that irrelevant evidence is inadmissible. (Evidence Code § 350.) To be relevant, evidence must have some tendency in reason to prove or disprove any disputed fact of consequence essential to a determination of the action. (Evidence Code § 210; see also People v. Rodriguez (1999) 20 Cal.4th 1, 9; People v. Ayala (2000) 23 Cal.4th 225, 280.)

This case involves plaintiff's allegations of habitability related to the presence of mice in her apartment located at 739 Haight Street, Unit 203, San Francisco, California. Plaintiff has not alleged any statutory violations outside of those identified in the Complaint. Thus, introduction of evidence, law or argument of CAL-OSHA violations, or other alleged statutory violations not identified in the Complaint, has <u>no tendency to prove or disprove</u> any disputed fact in this case. Any such evidence, law or argument should be excluded.

B. Evidence or Argument about Unspecified Statutory Violations Not Asserted in the Complaint will Cause Unfair Prejudice and Undue Consumption of Time

The defense has reason to believe that plaintiff may offer evidence, law or argument regarding irrelevant issues that are not within the scope of this lawsuit. Allowing plaintiff to complicate the issues placed before the jury, by introducing new claims of alleged statutory compliance, licensing requirements, OSHA compliance, or other similar matters, would cause extreme prejudice to the defense. Even if the Court finds such evidence to have some potential relevance, not hearsay, and not inadmissible character evidence, this evidence should be excluded as unduly prejudicial, confusing, and misleading. *Evidence Code* § 352 provides that LIU149/1624688-1

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"the court in its discretion may exclude evidence if its probative value is substantially outweighed by the probability that its admission will (a) necessitate undue consumption of time or (b) create substantial danger of undue prejudice, of confusing the issues, or of misleading the jury."

The probative value of evidence regarding regulatory or statutory compliance, unrelated to the habitability claims at issue in the case is zero. Further, there is a substantial danger of undue prejudice related to these issues. Plaintiff will attempt to paint defendants as operating illegally. That is not what this case is about, and plaintiff has not alleged damages from some feigned non-compliance with regulatory or statutory guidelines. Allowing the jury to hear about such issues of illegality will taint the jury, predisposing them to decide the case not on the merits of the matters in dispute, but based on tangential concerns. This evidence will also cause undue consumption of time, requiring Murphy to call rebuttal witnesses related to each allegation of non-compliance that plaintiff presents to the jury. This can cause numerous mini-trials on matters un-related to plaintiff's allegations. Lastly, introduction of this evidence will mislead the jury, taking their attention off of the facts specific to this case. The plaintiff wants to introduce evidence regarding defendants' alleged non-compliance with unspecified codes and regulations so the jurors will want to punish Murphy for these other issues, while not focusing on the unique facts and defenses in this case. Accordingly, the Court should exclude any evidence, law or argument of CAL-OSHA violations, or other alleged statutory violations not identified in the Complaint.

II. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

Based on the foregoing arguments and authorities, Defendant Murphy respectfully requests that this Court exclude and prevent plaintiff, her attorney and their witnesses from mentioning, referring to, or attempting to introduce evidence, law or argument of CAL-OSHA violations, or other alleged regulatory or statutory violations not identified in the Complaint

ARCHER NORRIS Dated: July 16, 2013 Brian W. Franklin Attorneys for Defendants MURPHY SAN FRANCISCO LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, MURPHY INVESTMENTS, INC. and BARTHOLOMEW MURPHY LIU149/1624688-1