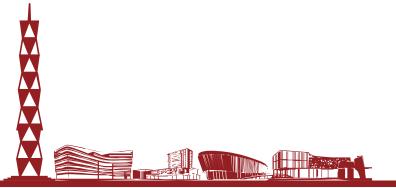


Low-loss and misalignment-tolerant fiber-to-chip edge coupler based on double-tip inverse tapers

汇报人: 石金泽



Fiber-to-Chip Coupler



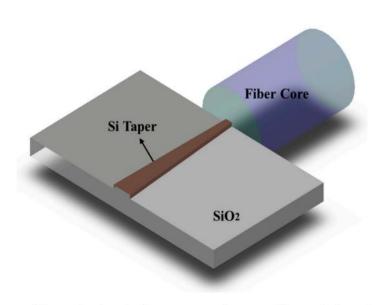


Figure 1. Schematic of optical interconnects between fiber and photonic chip.

Off-Plane Coupling

In-Plane Coupling

Advantages:

Compact Size, Testing Capability Flexible Coupling Position

Disadvantages:

Low Coupling Efficiency, Narrow Bandwidth, High-wavelength Sensitivity

Advantages:

High Coupling Efficiency, Broad Bandwidth, Polarization independence

Disadvantages:

Large Footprint, Fixed Coupling Position More Strict Requirement





Edge Coupler

上海科技大学 ShanghaiTech University

Performance:

Coupling Efficiency, Device Footprint, Operating Bandwidth, Fabrication Deviation Tolerance, and Misalignment Tolerance



Figure 3. Schematic of the **(a)** linear; **(b)** multi-sectional; **(c)** parabolic; and **(d)** exponential Si inverse tapers (top view).

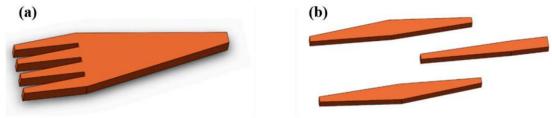
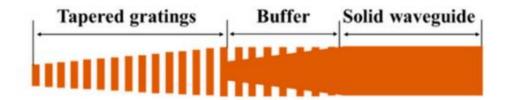


Figure 5. Schematic of Si photonic coupler based on (a) a multi-tip taper and (b) multiple tapers.

Easily Fabrication but large footprint



low conversion loss and prohibits modal transition to higher-order modes

larger misalignment tolerance, fabrication deviation tolerance



Figure 9. Schematic of **(a)** fork-shape coupler and **(b)** trident coupler assisted with subwavelength gratings structure.

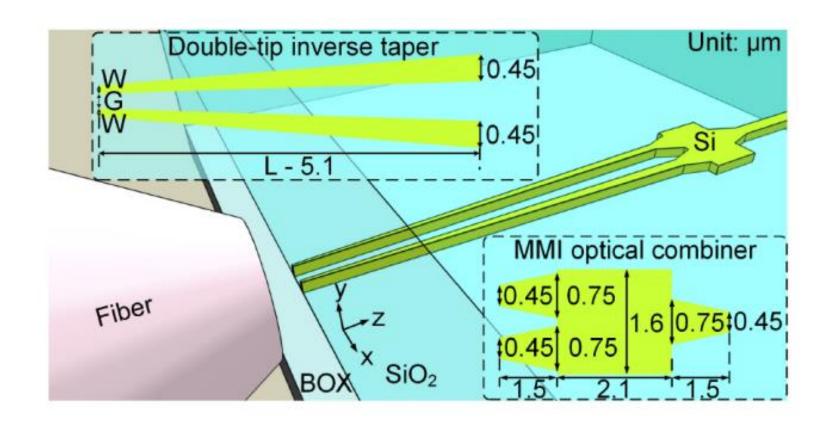
ultra-small footprint, high degree of design freedom





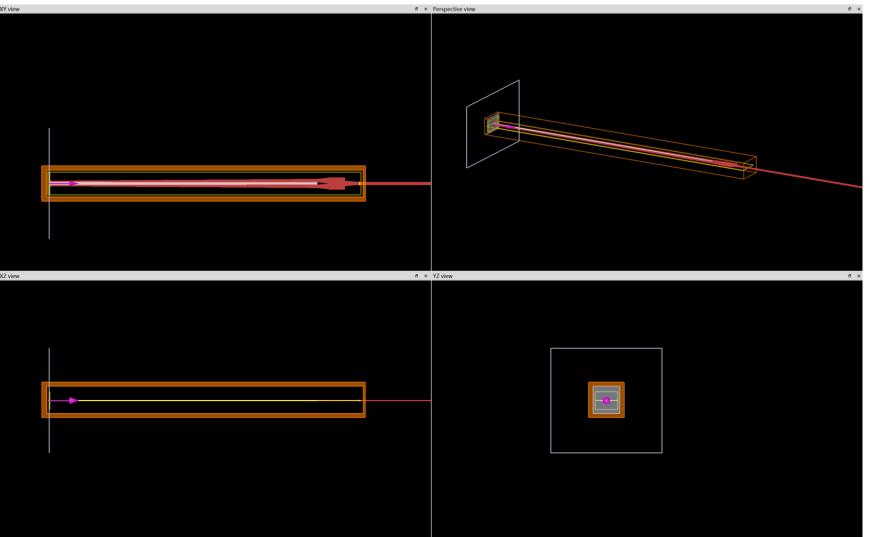
Double-tip inverse tapers + MMI





Double-tip inverse tapers + MMI



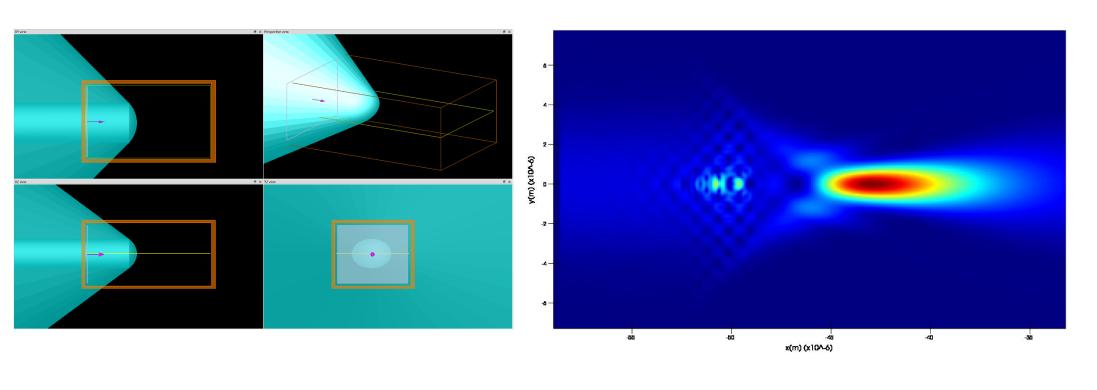






Lensed Fiber Simulation



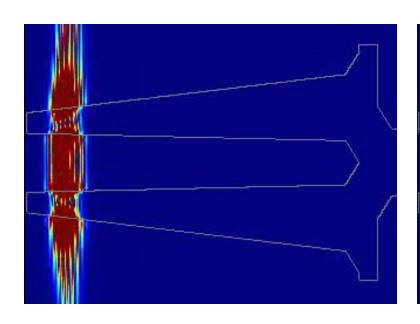


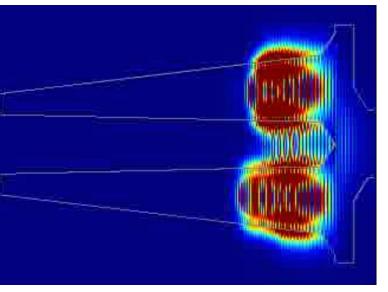


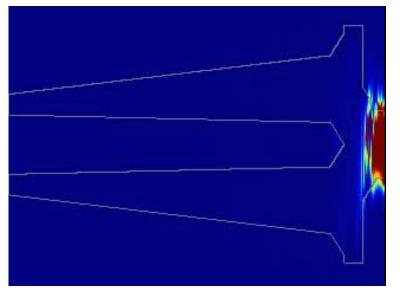


Lensed Fiber Simulation



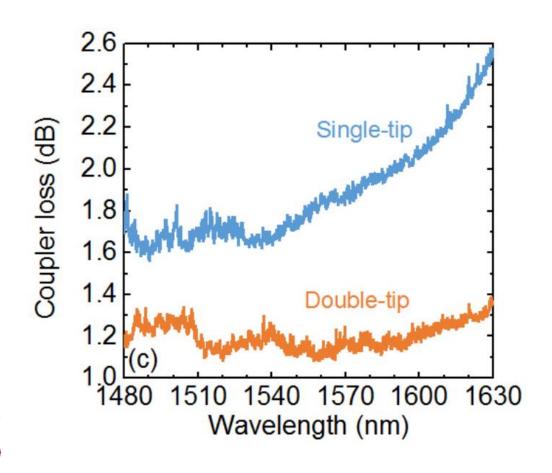


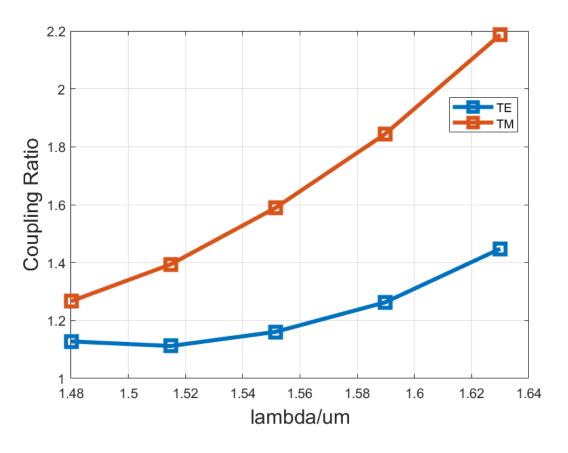




Bandwidth





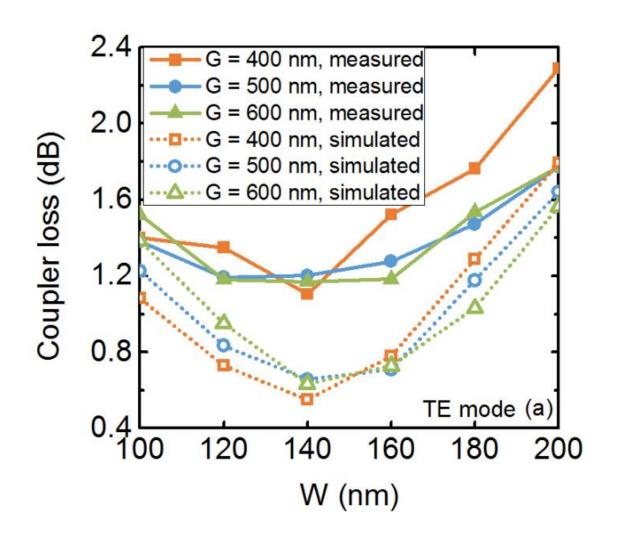


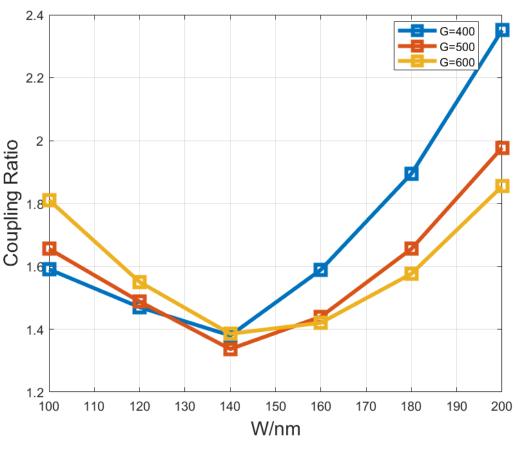




Coupling Loss for Different W and G

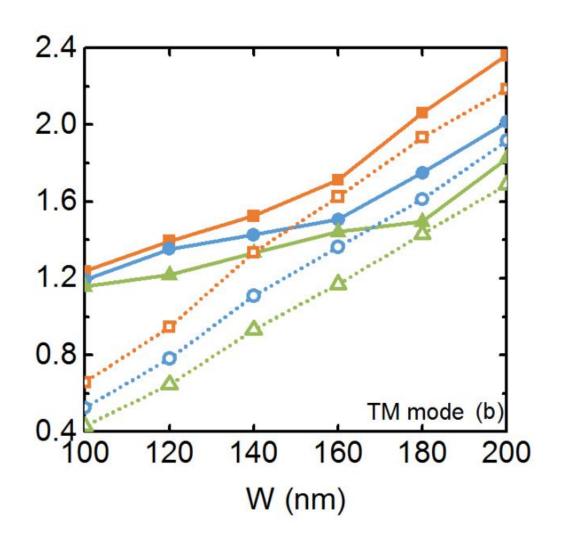


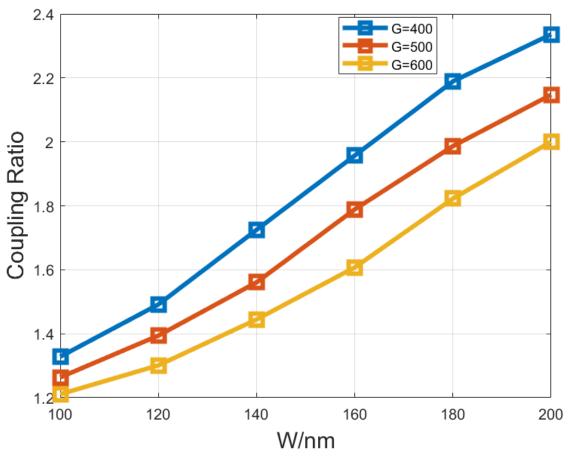




Coupling Loss for Different W and G



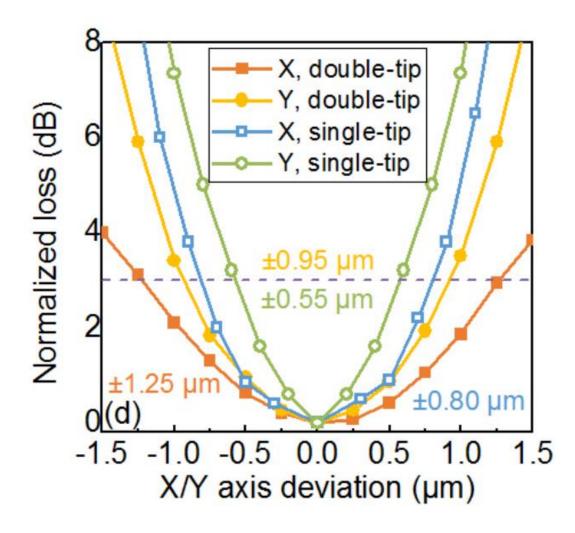


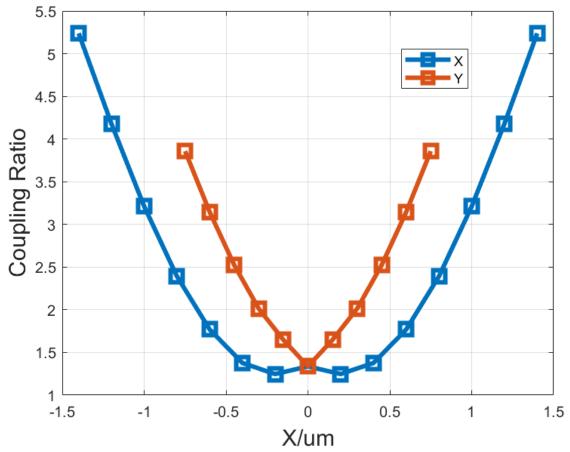




Misalignment Tolerance











Difference Analysis



