The syllabus for Exam III is Sections 3.2, 3.3, 3.6 and 4.1-4.4

- 1. Solve each of the following homogeneous linear differential equations.
 - (a) y'' + 3y' + 2y = 0
 - (b) y'' + 6y' + 13y = 0
 - (c) 8y'' + 4y' + y = 0
 - (d) 2y'' 7y' + 5y = 0
 - (e) y'' + .2y' + .01y = 0
 - (f) y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0
 - (g) y''' + 2y'' 8y' = 0
 - (h) y''' 2y'' 3y' = 0
 - (i) $y^{(4)} 5y'' + 4y = 0$
 - (j) $t^2y'' 7ty' + 15y = 0$
 - (k) $t^2y'' 12y = 0$
- 2. Find the general solution of the constant coefficient homogeneous linear differential equation with the given characteristic polynomial p(s).
 - (a) p(s) = (s-1)(s+3)(s-5)
 - (b) $p(s) = s^3 1$
 - (c) $p(s) = s^3 3s^2 + s + 5$
 - (d) $p(s) = (s^2 + 1)^3$
 - (e) p(s) has degree 4 and has roots $\sqrt{2}$ with multiplicity 2 and $2\pm 3i$ with multiplicity 1.
 - (f) p(s) has degree 5 and roots 0 with multiplicity 3 and $1 \pm \sqrt{3}$ with multiplicity 1.
- 3. Solve each of the following initial value problems. You may (and should) use the work already done in exercise 1.
 - (a) y'' + 3y' + 2y = 0, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -3.
 - (b) y'' + 6y' + 13y = 0, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -1.
 - (c) y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 2
 - (d) $4t^2y'' 7ty' + 6y = 0$, y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 2
- 4. Find a second order linear homogeneous differential equation with constant real coefficients that has the given function as a solution, or explain why there is no such equation.
 - (a) $e^{-3t} + 2e^{-t}$

- (b) $e^{-t}\cos 2t$
- (c) $e^t t^{-2}$
- 5. Find the general solution to each of the following differential equations.
 - (a) $y'' 2y' + y = t^2 1$
 - (b) $y'' 2y' + y = 4\cos t$
 - (c) $y'' 2y' + y = te^t$
- 6. Find a particular solution $y_p(t)$ of each of the following differential equations by using the method of variation of parameters. In each case, \mathcal{S} denotes a fundamental set of solutions of the associated homogeneous equation.
 - (a) $y'' + 2y' + y = t^{-1}e^{-t}$; $S = \{e^{-t}, te^{-t}\}$
 - (b) $y'' + 9y = 9 \sec 3t$; $S = \{\cos 3t, \sin 3t\}$
 - (c) $t^2y'' + 2ty' 6y = t^2$; $S = \{t^2, t^{-3}\}$
 - (d) $y'' + 4y' + 4y = t^{1/2}e^{-2t}$; $S = \{e^{-2t}, te^{-2t}\}$
- 7. Find the Laplace transform of each of the following functions:
 - (a) $f(t) = t^2 \chi_{[1,3)}$
 - (b) $g(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 \le t < 5, \\ t^2 5 & \text{if } t \ge 5. \end{cases}$
- 8. Find the inverse Laplace transform of each of the following functions
 - (a) $F(s) = \frac{se^{-2s}}{s^2 9}$
 - (b) $G(s) = \frac{e^{-s} e^{-2s}}{s^4}$
- 9. Solve the following initial value problem:
 - (a)

$$y'' + 4y' + 5y = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } 0 \le t < \pi \\ 0 & \text{if } t \ge \pi \end{cases} \quad y(0) = 0, \ y'(0) = 0.$$

(b) $y'' + 9y = h(t - 2\pi)\sin t, \quad y(0) = 1, \ y'(0) = 0.$