## case\_study Shikhar Gupta

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```
# loading data
data <- read.csv("~/housing.txt")</pre>
# functions
# NA replacement as factor level
replace_NA <- function(x) {</pre>
   y \leftarrow addNA(x)
   levels(y) <- c(levels(x), "absent")</pre>
   x <- y
}
# missing value counting
pMiss <- function(x) {
    sum(is.na(x))/length(x) * 100
# variable remove
varremove <- function(df, varlist) {</pre>
   df <- df[, !(colnames(df) %in% varlist)]</pre>
   return(df)
}
# #missing values across variables for original data
# miss_count_pre <- as.data.frame(apply(data,2,pMiss)>0)
# #visualizing distribution of missing values
# miss_col_data_pre <- data[,apply(data,2,pMiss)>0] aggr_plot
# <- aggr(miss_col_data_pre, col=c('navyblue','red'),
# numbers=TRUE, sortVars=TRUE,
# labels=names(miss_col_data_pre), cex.axis=.7, gap=3,
# ylab=c('Histogram of missing data', 'Pattern'))
####### Variable treatment and manual
# removing variables
data <- varremove(data, c("PoolQC", "MiscFeature", "Alley", "FireplaceQu",
   "Fence", "Id", "Utilities"))
data <- varremove(data, c("GarageYrBlt", "GarageArea", "GarageType",</pre>
    "GarageFinish", "GarageQual", "GarageCond"))
# treating Masonry related variables
data$MasVnrArea[which(is.na(data$MasVnrArea))] <- 0</pre>
data$MasVnrType[which(is.na(data$MasVnrType))] <- "None"</pre>
# treating bsmt related variables
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```
data_bsmt <- data %>% dplyr::select(c(BsmtQual, BsmtCond, BsmtExposure,
    BsmtFinType1, BsmtFinType2))
data <- data %>% dplyr::select(-c(BsmtQual, BsmtCond, BsmtExposure,
    BsmtFinType1, BsmtFinType2))
# dataframe with NA replaced in categorical variables where
# NA is not a missing value
data_bsmt <- data_bsmt %>% sapply(replace_NA) %>% data.frame()
data <- cbind(data, data_bsmt)</pre>
# converting month sold to factors
data$MoSold <- as.factor(data$MoSold)</pre>
# Missing value imputation using miss forest
data_imp <- missForest(data)</pre>
# error in the imputation
data_imp$00Berror
# final imputed dataframe
data <- data_imp$ximp</pre>
# creating data model
x <- model.matrix(SalePrice ~ ., data = data)</pre>
y <- data$SalePrice
# creating dataframe
df1 <- as.data.frame(cbind(y, x))</pre>
norm_diagnostic <- function(m) {</pre>
    ols_rsd_qqplot(m)
    ols_norm_test(m)
}
model1 \leftarrow lm(y \sim ., df1)
summary1 <- summary(model1)</pre>
coeff1 <- as.data.frame(summary1$coefficients)</pre>
##### RESIDUAL DIAGNOSTICS############
### Normality test######
norm diagnostic(model1)
##### Error Autocorrelation test#####
durbinWatsonTest(model1)
##### Constant variance######
ols_rvsp_plot(model1)
ncvTest(model1)
```

```
set.seed(1) #for reproducability
# creating grid for lamda
grid.lambda <- 10^seq(10, -2, length = 100)
# cross validation to get best lambda
cv.out <- cv.glmnet(x, y, alpha = 1, lambda = grid.lambda)</pre>
best.lambda <- cv.out$lambda.min</pre>
plot(cv.out)
abline(v = log(best.lambda), col = "blue", lwd = 2)
# actual lasso model with the best lambda
final.model <- glmnet(x, y, alpha = 1, lambda = best.lambda)</pre>
Coef.Lasso <- coef(final.model)</pre>
# variables removed
var_remove <- names(Coef.Lasso[which(Coef.Lasso[, 1] == 0), 1])</pre>
# new df with reduced variables
df2 <- varremove(df1, var_remove)</pre>
bc \leftarrow boxcox(y \sim ., data = df2)
bc$x[which(bc$y == max(bc$y))]
df2\$y \leftarrow log(df2\$y)
########### OLS FIT 2############
model2 \leftarrow lm(y \sim ., df2)
summary2 <- summary(model2)</pre>
coeff2 <- as.data.frame(summary2$coefficients)</pre>
##### RESIDUAL DIAGNOSTICS###########
### Normality test#######
norm_diagnostic(model2)
##### Error Autocorrelation test#####
durbinWatsonTest(model2)
##### Constant variance test######
ols_rvsp_plot(model2)
ncvTest(model2)
##### Outlier treatment##### dffits
dffits <- ols_dffits_plot(model2)</pre>
dffits$outliers
d.outlier <- dffits$outliers$Observation</pre>
# removing outlier observations: 84 observations
```

```
df3 <- df2[-d.outlier, ]
########### OLS FIT3############
model3 \leftarrow lm(y \sim ., df3)
summary3 <- summary(model3)</pre>
coeff3 <- as.data.frame(summary3$coefficients)</pre>
##### RESIDUAL DIAGNOSTICS############
### Normality test#######
norm_diagnostic(model3)
##### Constant variance test######
ols_rvsp_plot(model3)
ncvTest(model3)
# 2 variables removed after OLS
df3 <- varremove(df3, c("Condition2PosN", "Exterior2ndWd Shng"))
# rerun the above OLS again after this
# backward subset selection for variables
k <- ols_step_backward(model3, prem = 0.05, details = FALSE)
df4 <- varremove(df3, k$removed)
df5 <- varremove(df4, c("StreetPave", "LotShapeIR3", "LowQualFinSF",
    "BsmtFinType1Unf", "BsmtFinSF1"))
########### OLS FIT4############
model4 \leftarrow lm(y \sim ., df5)
summary4 <- summary(model4)</pre>
coeff4 <- as.data.frame(summary4$coefficients)</pre>
##### RESIDUAL DIAGNOSTICS############
### Normality test#######
norm_diagnostic(model4)
##### Constant variance test######
ols_rvsp_plot(model4)
ncvTest(model4)
###### Forward Selection######
1 <- ols_step_forward(model4)</pre>
plot(1)
##### Best subset selection with max of 15 predictors######
model5 <- regsubsets(y ~ ., df5, nbest = 1, nvmax = 20, method = "exhaustive",
   force.in = NULL, force.out = NULL)
summary.out <- summary(model5)</pre>
f <- as.data.frame(summary.out$outmat)</pre>
```

```
df6 <- df5 %>% dplyr::select("y", "BldgTypeDuplex", "BsmtFullBath",
    "BsmtQualEx", "Condition1Norm", "BsmtExposureGd", "FunctionalTyp",
    "Exterior1stBrkFace", "NeighborhoodStoneBr", "NeighborhoodNridgHt",
    "NeighborhoodSomerst", "MSZoningRM", "BldgTypeTwnhs", "LotArea",
    "NeighborhoodCrawfor", "GarageCars", "TotalBsmtSF", "OverallCond",
    "OverallQual", "YearBuilt", "GrLivArea", "FunctionalSev",
    "ScreenPorch", "SaleTypeNew", "KitchenQualTA", "NeighborhoodEdwards",
    "BldgTypeTwnhsE", "FoundationPConc", "Fireplaces", "KitchenQualGd",
    "YearRemodAdd")
########### OLS FIT5############
model5 \leftarrow lm(y \sim ., df6)
summary5 <- summary(model5)</pre>
coeff5 <- as.data.frame(summary5$coefficients)</pre>
coeff5_interval <- confint(model5)</pre>
##### RESIDUAL DIAGNOSTICS###########
### Normality test#######
norm_diagnostic(model5)
##### Constant variance test######
ols rvsp plot(model5)
ncvTest(model5)
##### Error correlation test######
durbinWatsonTest(model5)
#### Morty data prediction#####
mortydata <- df6[7, 2:length(df6)]
morty_predict <- predict(model5, newdata = mortydata, interval = "prediction",</pre>
    level = 0.95)
exp(morty_predict[2])
```