### **Chapter 1: Preparing the Database Environment**

- 1. Define a NoSQL database and explain its relevance in modern database management.
- 2. What are the key differences between MongoDB and traditional relational databases?
- 3. How do you identify user requirements for setting up a MongoDB database environment?
- 4. Describe the process of preparing a MongoDB environment. What tools and resources are needed?

#### **Chapter 2: Designing the Database**

- 1. What is a conceptual data model, and why is it important when designing a NoSQL database?
- 2. Explain the steps involved in designing a MongoDB schema. How do you ensure the schema meets application workload requirements?
- 3. What are collections and indexes in MongoDB? How do they impact database performance?
- 4. How would you use design patterns to optimize a MongoDB schema?

### **Chapter 3: Implementing the Database**

- 1. Describe the commands used to create, drop, and rename databases and collections in MongoDB.
- 2. What is data manipulation in MongoDB? Provide examples of inserting, updating, and deleting documents.
- 3. Explain the importance of query optimization in MongoDB. What techniques can you apply to optimize queries?

# **Chapter 4: Managing the Database**

- 1. How do you create and manage users in MongoDB? Explain the role-based access control system.
- 2. What are the best practices for securing a MongoDB database?
- 3. Describe the process of scaling a MongoDB database using sharding. How does it improve performance?
- 4. What are the key steps involved in deploying a MongoDB database on the cloud?

# **Practical Application Scenario:**

You have been hired by a transportation company to implement a MongoDB-based database system for ticket bookings. Describe how you would:

- 1. Identify the limitations of the existing manual system.
- 2. Design a suitable database schema for the company's specific needs.
- 3. Develop and deploy the MongoDB database to improve ticket booking and management efficiency.