

```
In [1]: # London Housing Dataset
# . Monthly average house price
# . Yearly number of houses sold
# . Monthly number of crimes committed
```

```
In [29]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [30]: data = pd.read_csv('London Housing Data.csv')
```

```
In [31]: data
```

```
Out[31]:
```

	date	area	average_price	code	houses_sold	no_of_crimes
0	1/1/1995	city of london	91449	E09000001	17.0	NaN
1	2/1/1995	city of london	82203	E09000001	7.0	NaN
2	3/1/1995	city of london	79121	E09000001	14.0	NaN
3	4/1/1995	city of london	77101	E09000001	7.0	NaN
4	5/1/1995	city of london	84409	E09000001	10.0	NaN
...
13544	9/1/2019	england	249942	E92000001	64605.0	NaN
13545	10/1/2019	england	249376	E92000001	68677.0	NaN
13546	11/1/2019	england	248515	E92000001	67814.0	NaN
13547	12/1/2019	england	250410	E92000001	NaN	NaN
13548	1/1/2020	england	247355	E92000001	NaN	NaN

13549 rows × 6 columns

```
In [32]: data.count()
```

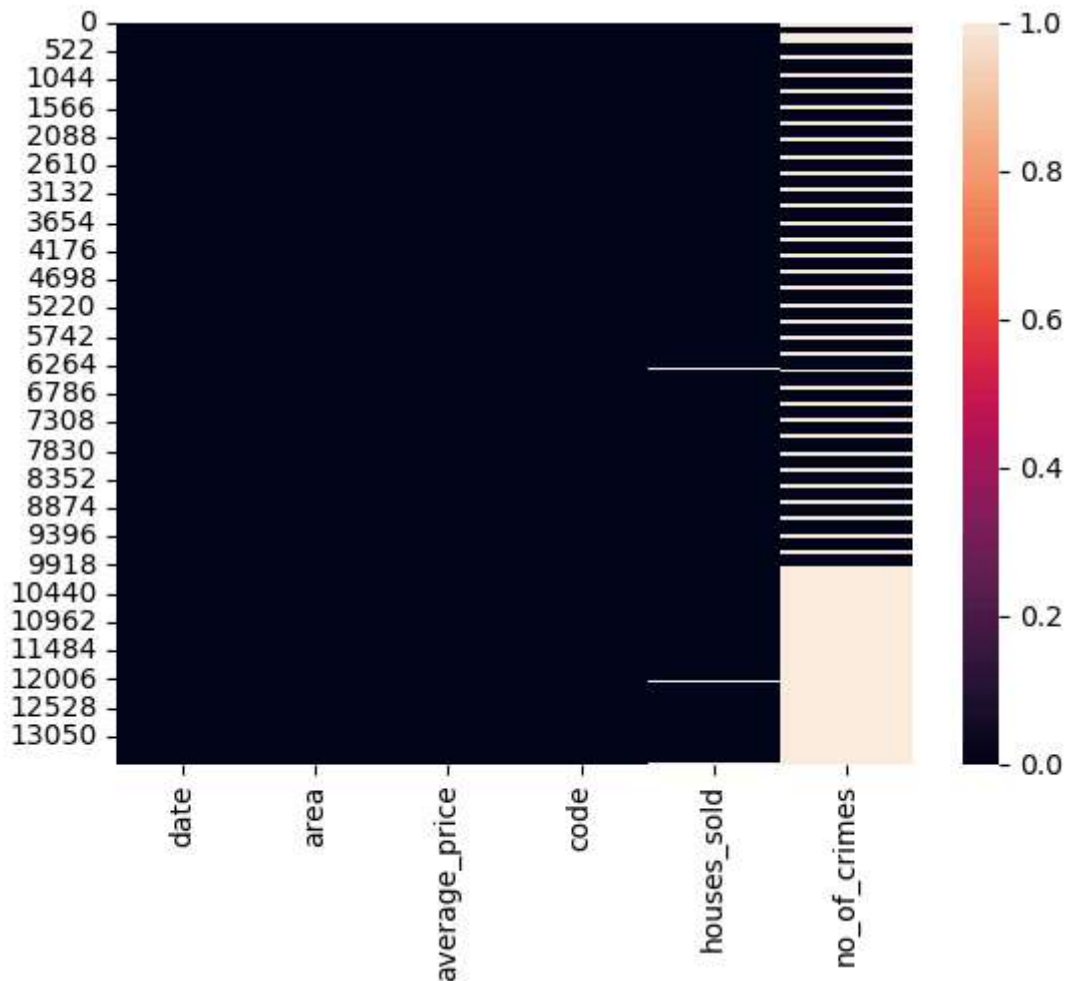
```
Out[32]: date          13549
area              13549
average_price     13549
code              13549
houses_sold       13455
no_of_crimes      7439
dtype: int64
```

```
In [33]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[33]: date          0
area              0
average_price     0
code              0
houses_sold       94
no_of_crimes     6110
dtype: int64
```

In [34]: *# to see null values in the form of heatmap*

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sns.heatmap(data.isnull())
plt.show()
```



1. Convert the datatype of 'Date' column to Date-Time format

In [35]: data.dtypes

```
Out[35]: date          object
area          object
average_price    int64
code           object
houses_sold     float64
no_of_crimes    float64
dtype: object
```

```
In [36]: #data.date = pd.to_datetime(data.date)
```

```
In [37]: data.date = pd.to_datetime(data.date)
```

```
In [38]: data.dtypes
```

```
Out[38]: date                datetime64[ns]
area                      object
average_price             int64
code                      object
houses_sold               float64
no_of_crimes              float64
dtype: object
```

2. Add a new column "year" in the dataframe, which contains years only.

```
In [39]: # data['New_Column'] = df.Date_Column.dt.year    ** dt.year extracts the year f
```

```
In [40]: data['year'] = data.date.dt.year
#data['month'] = data.date.dt.month
```

```
In [41]: data
```

```
Out[41]:
```

	date	area	average_price	code	houses_sold	no_of_crimes	year
0	1995-01-01	city of london	91449	E09000001	17.0	NaN	1995
1	1995-02-01	city of london	82203	E09000001	7.0	NaN	1995
2	1995-03-01	city of london	79121	E09000001	14.0	NaN	1995
3	1995-04-01	city of london	77101	E09000001	7.0	NaN	1995
4	1995-05-01	city of london	84409	E09000001	10.0	NaN	1995
...
13544	2019-09-01	england	249942	E92000001	64605.0	NaN	2019
13545	2019-10-01	england	249376	E92000001	68677.0	NaN	2019
13546	2019-11-01	england	248515	E92000001	67814.0	NaN	2019
13547	2019-12-01	england	250410	E92000001	NaN	NaN	2019
13548	2020-01-01	england	247355	E92000001	NaN	NaN	2020

13549 rows × 7 columns

2.1 Add a new column 'month' as 2nd column in the dataframe, which contains month only

```
In [42]: # df.insert(index, 'new_column_name', 'new_column_values')
# data.insert (1, 'month', data.date.dt.month)
```

```
In [43]: data.insert(1, 'month', data.date.dt.month)
```

```
In [44]: data.head()
```

```
Out[44]:
```

	date	month	area	average_price	code	houses_sold	no_of_crimes	year
0	1995-01-01	1	city of london	91449	E09000001	17.0	NaN	1995
1	1995-02-01	2	city of london	82203	E09000001	7.0	NaN	1995
2	1995-03-01	3	city of london	79121	E09000001	14.0	NaN	1995
3	1995-04-01	4	city of london	77101	E09000001	7.0	NaN	1995
4	1995-05-01	5	city of london	84409	E09000001	10.0	NaN	1995

3. Remove the columns 'year' and 'month' from the dataframe

```
In [46]: #data.drop(['month','year'], axis=1, inplace = True)
```

```
In [47]: data.drop( ['month','year'], axis=1, inplace = True)
```

```
In [48]: data.head()
```

```
Out[48]:
```

	date	area	average_price	code	houses_sold	no_of_crimes
0	1995-01-01	city of london	91449	E09000001	17.0	NaN
1	1995-02-01	city of london	82203	E09000001	7.0	NaN
2	1995-03-01	city of london	79121	E09000001	14.0	NaN
3	1995-04-01	city of london	77101	E09000001	7.0	NaN
4	1995-05-01	city of london	84409	E09000001	10.0	NaN

4. Show all the records where 'No. of Crimes' is 0.And , how many such records are there?

```
In [53]: data[data.no_of_crimes == 0]
```

```
Out[53]:
```

	date	area	average_price	code	houses_sold	no_of_crimes
72	2001-01-01	city of london	284262	E09000001	24.0	0.0
73	2001-02-01	city of london	198137	E09000001	37.0	0.0
74	2001-03-01	city of london	189033	E09000001	44.0	0.0
75	2001-04-01	city of london	205494	E09000001	38.0	0.0
76	2001-05-01	city of london	223459	E09000001	30.0	0.0
...
178	2009-11-01	city of london	397909	E09000001	11.0	0.0
179	2009-12-01	city of london	411955	E09000001	16.0	0.0
180	2010-01-01	city of london	464436	E09000001	20.0	0.0
181	2010-02-01	city of london	490525	E09000001	9.0	0.0
182	2010-03-01	city of london	498241	E09000001	15.0	0.0

104 rows × 6 columns

```
In [54]: len(data[data.no_of_crimes == 0])
```

```
Out[54]: 104
```

5. What is the maximum and minimum 'average_price' per year in england?

```
In [55]: data.head(2)
```

```
Out[55]:
```

	date	area	average_price	code	houses_sold	no_of_crimes
0	1995-01-01	city of london	91449	E09000001	17.0	NaN
1	1995-02-01	city of london	82203	E09000001	7.0	NaN

```
In [59]: data['year'] = data.date.dt.year
```

```
In [60]: data.head()
```

```
Out[60]:
```

	date	area	average_price	code	houses_sold	no_of_crimes	year
0	1995-01-01	city of london	91449	E09000001	17.0	NaN	1995
1	1995-02-01	city of london	82203	E09000001	7.0	NaN	1995
2	1995-03-01	city of london	79121	E09000001	14.0	NaN	1995
3	1995-04-01	city of london	77101	E09000001	7.0	NaN	1995
4	1995-05-01	city of london	84409	E09000001	10.0	NaN	1995

```
In [64]: df1 = data[data.area == 'england']
```

```
In [65]: df1
```

```
Out[65]:
```

	date	area	average_price	code	houses_sold	no_of_crimes	year
13248	1995-01-01	england	53203	E92000001	47639.0	NaN	1995
13249	1995-02-01	england	53096	E92000001	47880.0	NaN	1995
13250	1995-03-01	england	53201	E92000001	67025.0	NaN	1995
13251	1995-04-01	england	53591	E92000001	56925.0	NaN	1995
13252	1995-05-01	england	53678	E92000001	64192.0	NaN	1995
...
13544	2019-09-01	england	249942	E92000001	64605.0	NaN	2019
13545	2019-10-01	england	249376	E92000001	68677.0	NaN	2019
13546	2019-11-01	england	248515	E92000001	67814.0	NaN	2019
13547	2019-12-01	england	250410	E92000001	NaN	NaN	2019
13548	2020-01-01	england	247355	E92000001	NaN	NaN	2020

301 rows × 7 columns

```
In [66]: #df1 = data[data.area == 'england']
#df1.groupby('year').average_price.max()/min()/mean()
```

```
In [67]: df1.groupby('year').average_price.max()
```

```
Out[67]: year
1995      53901
1996      55755
1997      61564
1998      65743
1999      75071
2000      84191
2001      95992
2002     119982
2003     138985
2004     160330
2005     167244
2006     182031
2007     194764
2008     191750
2009     174136
2010     180807
2011     177335
2012     180129
2013     188544
2014     203639
2015     219582
2016     231922
2017     242628
2018     248620
2019     250410
2020     247355
Name: average_price, dtype: int64
```

```
In [68]: df1.groupby('year').average_price.min()
```

```
Out[68]: year
1995      52788
1996      52333
1997      55789
1998      61659
1999      65522
2000      75219
2001      84245
2002      96215
2003     121610
2004     139719
2005     158572
2006     166544
2007     181824
2008     165795
2009     159340
2010     174458
2011     173046
2012     174161
2013     176816
2014     188265
2015     202856
2016     220361
2017     231593
2018     240428
2019     243281
2020     247355
Name: average_price, dtype: int64
```

6. What is the Maximum and Minimum No. of Crimes recorded per area ?

```
In [69]: data.area
```

```
Out[69]: 0      city of london
1      city of london
2      city of london
3      city of london
4      city of london
...
13544      england
13545      england
13546      england
13547      england
13548      england
Name: area, Length: 13549, dtype: object
```



```
In [70]: # data.groupby('area').no_of_crimes.max()
# data.groupby('area').no_of_crimes.min().sort_values(ascending =True)
```

```
In [71]: data.groupby('area').no_of_crimes.max()
```

```
Out[71]: area
barking and dagenham    2049.0
barnet                  2893.0
bexley                  1914.0
brent                   2937.0
bromley                 2637.0
camden                  4558.0
city of london          10.0
croydon                 3263.0
ealing                  3401.0
east midlands           NaN
east of england         NaN
enfield                 2798.0
england                 NaN
greenwich               2853.0
hackney                 3466.0
hammersmith and fulham  2645.0
haringey                3199.0
harrow                  1763.0
havering                1956.0
hillingdon              2819.0
hounslow                2817.0
inner london           NaN
islington               3384.0
kensington and chelsea  2778.0
kingston upon thames    1379.0
lambeth                 4701.0
lewisham                2813.0
london                  NaN
merton                  1623.0
newham                  3668.0
north east              NaN
north west              NaN
outer london           NaN
redbridge               2560.0
richmond upon thames    1551.0
south east              NaN
south west              NaN
southwark               3821.0
sutton                  1425.0
tower hamlets           3316.0
waltham forest          2941.0
wandsworth              3051.0
west midlands           NaN
westminster             7461.0
yorks and the humber    NaN
Name: no_of_crimes, dtype: float64
```

```
In [72]: data.groupby('area').no_of_crimes.min().sort_values(ascending = True)
```

```
Out[72]: area
city of london          0.0
kingston upon thames    692.0
richmond upon thames    700.0
sutton                  787.0
merton                  819.0
bexley                  860.0
harrow                 937.0
havering               1130.0
barking and dagenham   1217.0
hammersmith and fulham 1323.0
kensington and chelsea 1347.0
bromley               1441.0
hillingdon            1445.0
redbridge             1487.0
greenwich             1513.0
hounslow             1529.0
haringey             1536.0
waltham forest        1575.0
wandsworth           1582.0
enfield              1635.0
tower hamlets         1646.0
lewisham             1675.0
barnet               1703.0
brent               1850.0
hackney             1870.0
ealing             1871.0
islington           1871.0
croydon            2031.0
camden            2079.0
newham            2130.0
southwark         2267.0
lambeth           2381.0
westminster       3504.0
east midlands      NaN
east of england    NaN
england            NaN
inner london       NaN
london             NaN
north east         NaN
north west         NaN
outer london       NaN
south east         NaN
south west         NaN
west midlands      NaN
yorks and the humber  NaN
Name: no_of_crimes, dtype: float64
```

7. Show the total count of records of each area, where average price is less than 100000.

```
In [73]: #df1 = data[data.area == 'england']  
#df1.groupby('year').average_price.max()/min()/mean()
```

```
In [74]: data[data.average_price < 100000]
```

```
Out[74]:
```

	date	area	average_price	code	houses_sold	no_of_crimes	year
0	1995-01-01	city of london	91449	E09000001	17.0	NaN	1995
1	1995-02-01	city of london	82203	E09000001	7.0	NaN	1995
2	1995-03-01	city of london	79121	E09000001	14.0	NaN	1995
3	1995-04-01	city of london	77101	E09000001	7.0	NaN	1995
4	1995-05-01	city of london	84409	E09000001	10.0	NaN	1995
...
13330	2001-11-01	england	95083	E92000001	109149.0	NaN	2001
13331	2001-12-01	england	95992	E92000001	93329.0	NaN	2001
13332	2002-01-01	england	96215	E92000001	71678.0	NaN	2002
13333	2002-02-01	england	96676	E92000001	77131.0	NaN	2002
13334	2002-03-01	england	98962	E92000001	102828.0	NaN	2002

2209 rows × 7 columns

```
In [ ]:
```