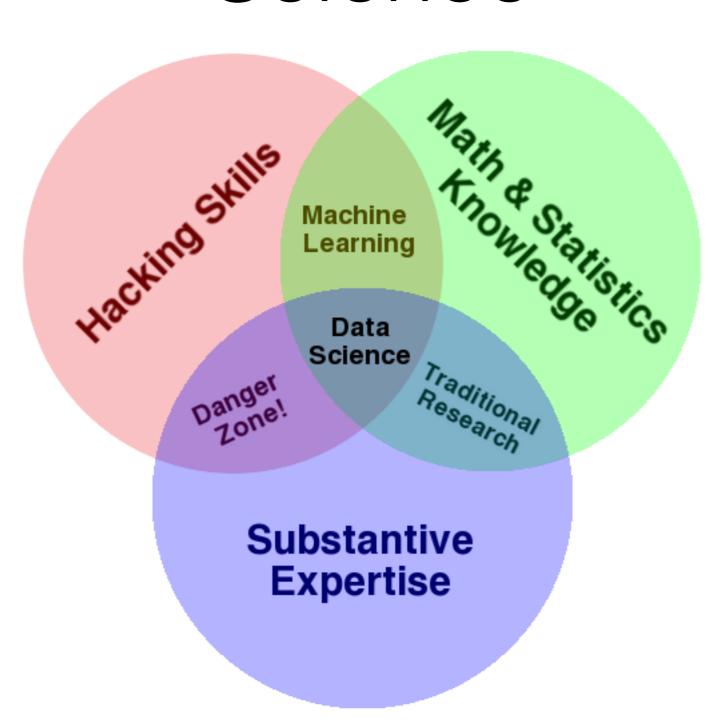
The Buzz Word Talk

Open Science, Big Data, Data Science and Bioinformatics

Bioinformatics and Data Science



Hacking Skills (aka Programming)

- Programming is useful in dealing with "Big Data"
- We have a file of SNPs that is 736 Gb. That probably wouldn't fit on any computer you have at home.
- We can't just use Excel to analyze our data









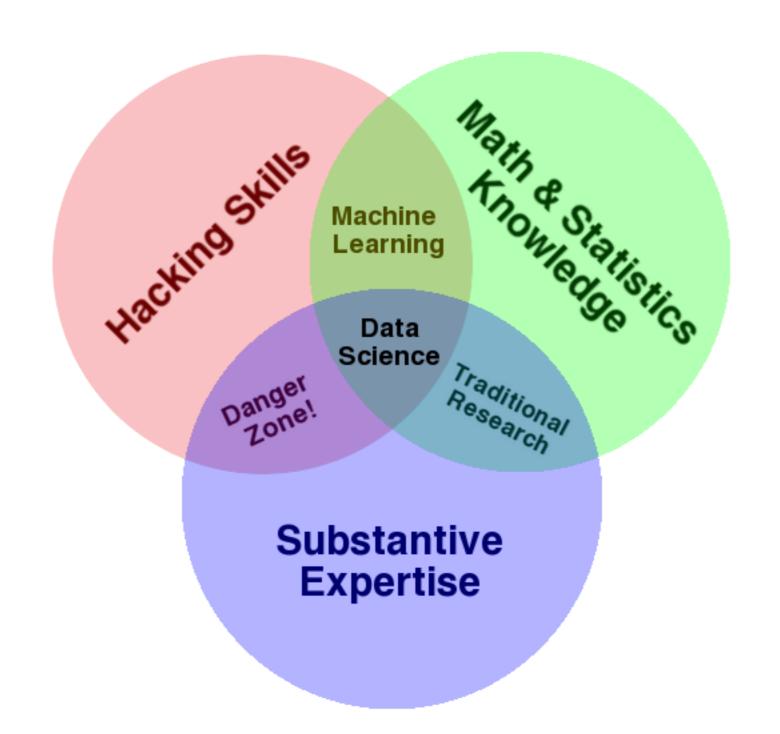


Its Just Big

- Twitter 100 Tb (?)
- Facebook 30 Pb
- Google 15,000 Pb
- Sanger Institute 22 Pb (just DNA sequencing)

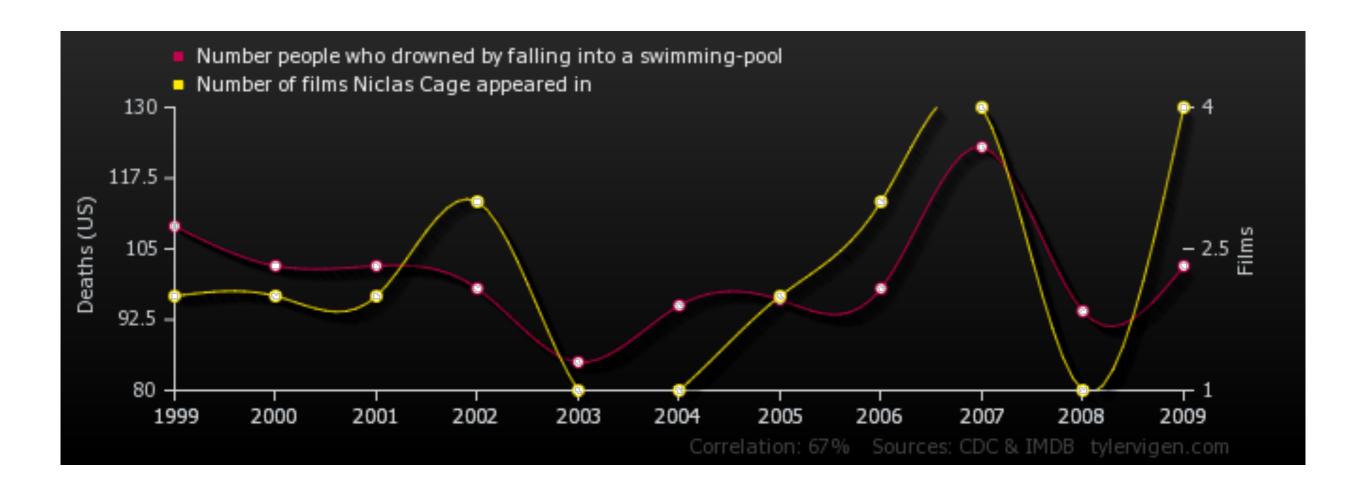
Its Really Big

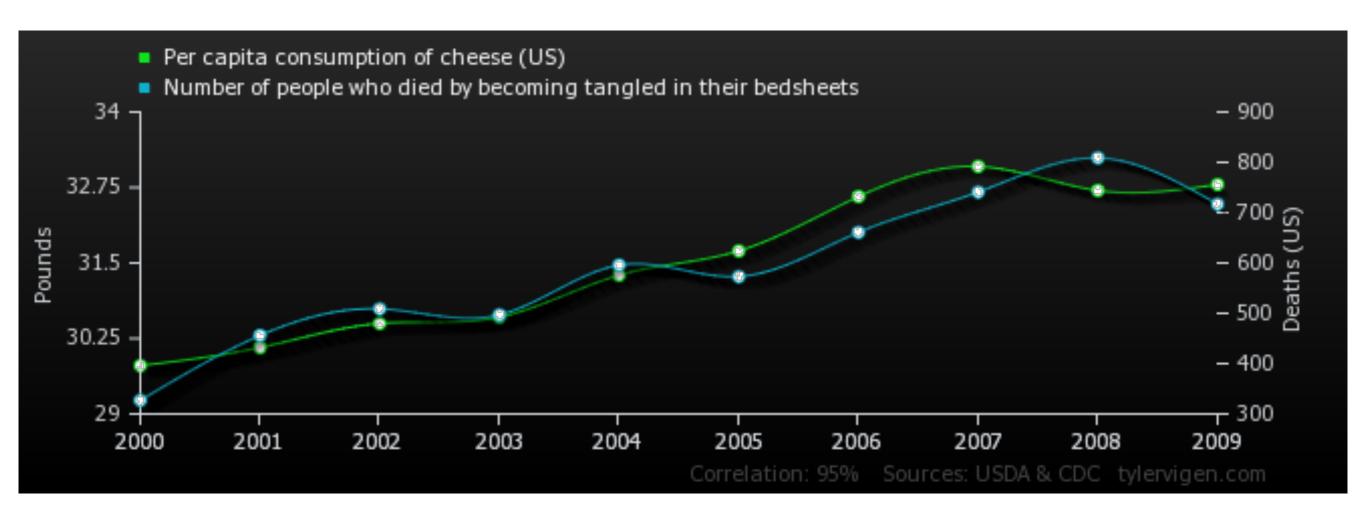
- Twitter 100x larger than a home computer
- Facebook 30,000x larger than a home computer
- Google 15,000,000x larger than a home computer
- Sanger Institute 22,000 larger than a home computer



Math and Statistics

- Without math and statistics it is easy to draw the wrong conclusions from data
- Perhaps the best example of this is "correlation does not mean causation"





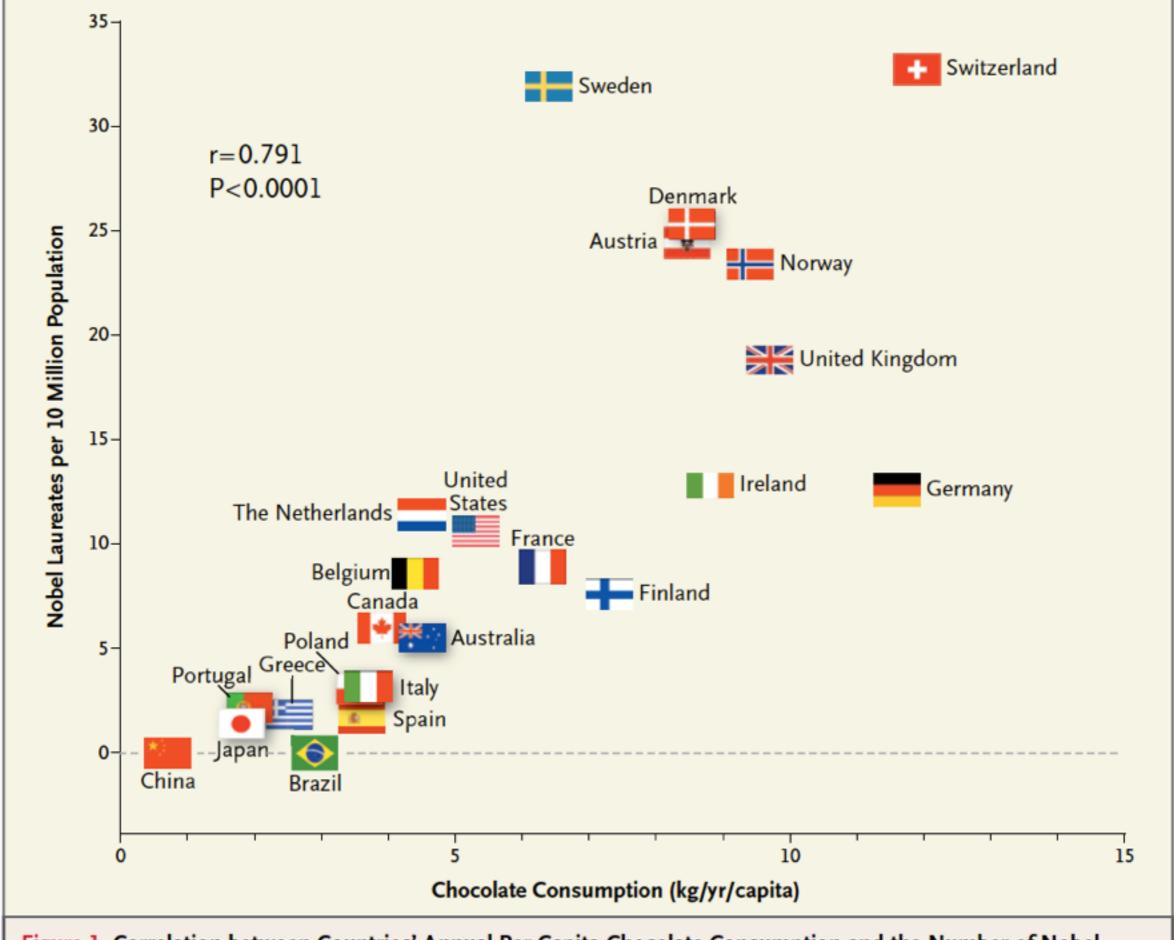
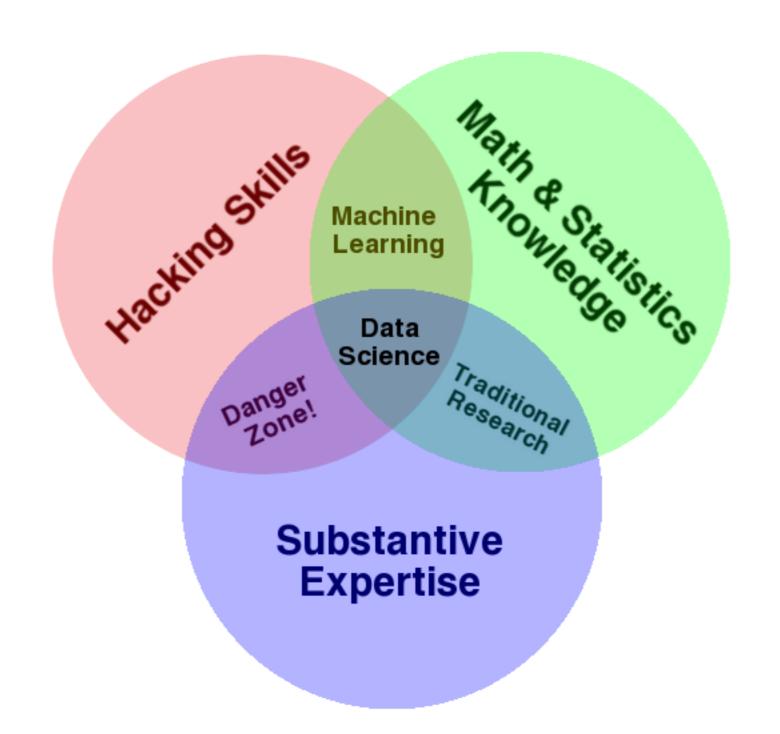
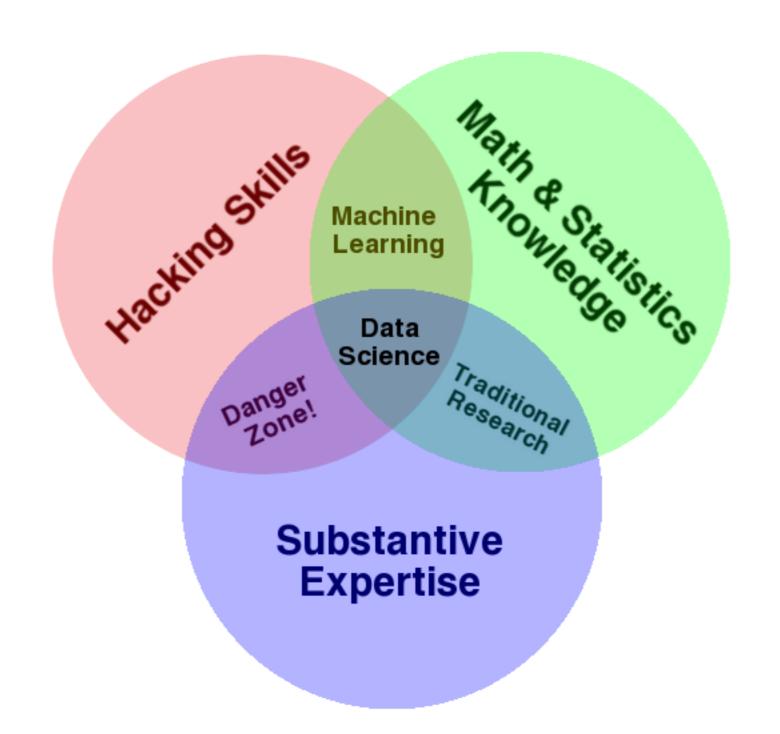


Figure 1. Correlation between Countries' Annual Per Capita Chocolate Consumption and the Number of Nobel Laureates per 10 Million Population.



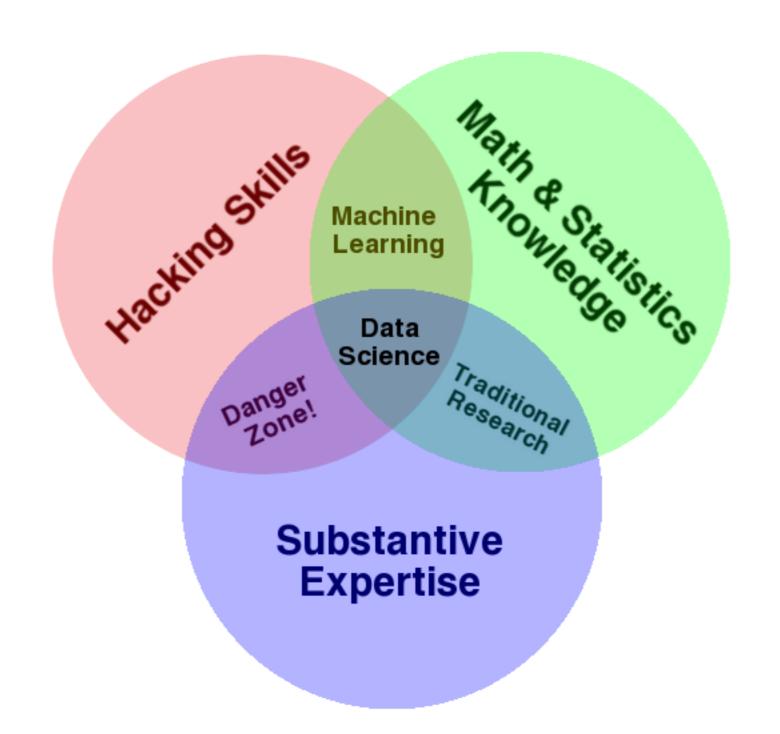
Substantive Expertise

- You need to know what the data is telling you
- Without a knowledge of biology all you really have is a fancy program and some numbers
- You need to be able to tell a story



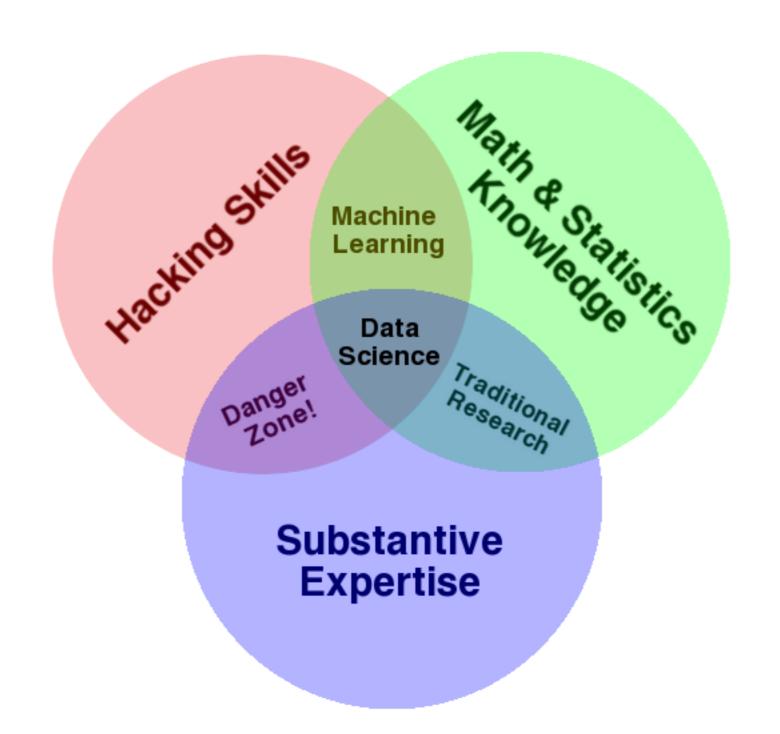
Machine Learning

- Machine learning is the intersection of programming and statistics
- It is a collection of techniques that allow computers to explore data
- Facebook's face recognition algorithms use machine learning



Traditional Research

- Bioinformatics is inherently interdisciplinary
- This makes it necessary to have a knowledge of all of the areas
- This is the difference between a bioinformatician and a biologist who spends their whole time studying one system



Bioinformatics

- When you combine biology, math and statistics with programming skills, add in a little bit of coffee you get bioinformatics
- Its not magic

Some of our tools













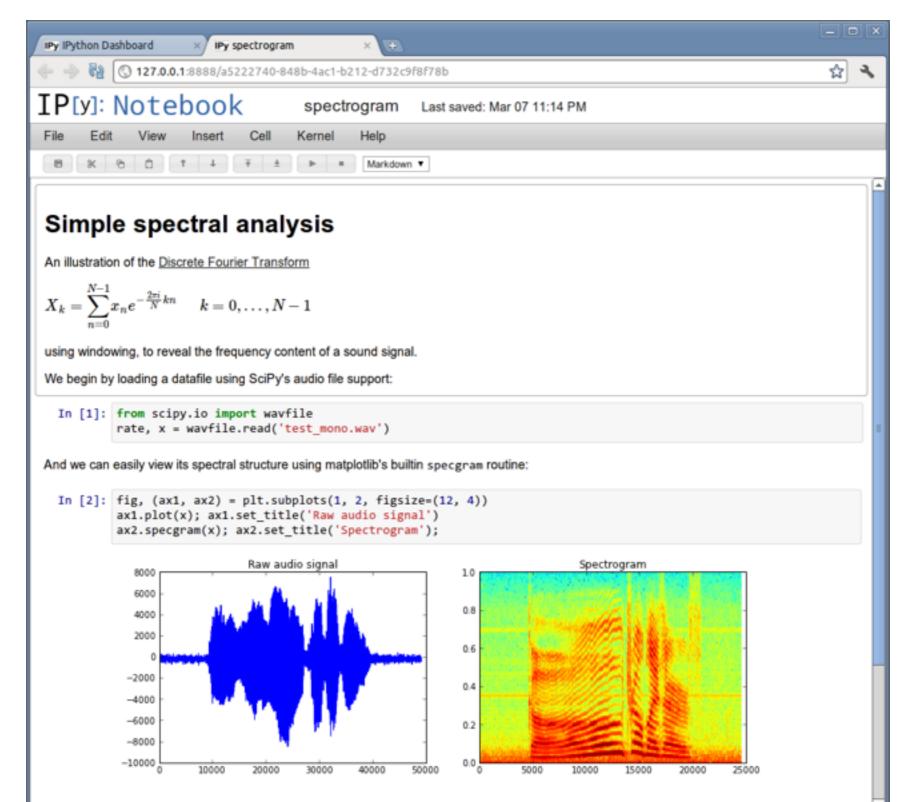
Python

- Python is a multi-purpose programming language
- We use it for data manipulation, data processing and even analysis
- Its simple to read, quick to write, and powerful

Python

- name = raw_input('What is your name?\n')
 print 'Hi, %s.' % name
- print 'Hello, world!'

IPython Notebook



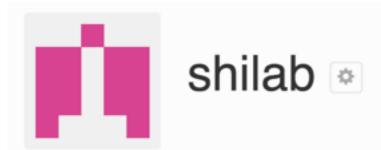
NBViewer

Initialization

```
In [4]: import pickle as pickle
        import pandas as pd
        import os as os
        from Data.Containers import Run
        from Data.Containers import get run
        from Data.Containers import Cancer
        from Initialization. InitializeCN import initialize cn
        from Initialization.InitializeReal import initialize real
        from Initialization.InitializeMut import initialize mut
        from Initialization.PreprocessMethylation import process meth
In [5]: from IPython import utils
        from IPython.display import HTML
In [6]: css file = 'profile default/static/custom/custom.css'
        base = utils.path.get ipython dir()
        styles = "<style>\n%s\n</style>" % (open(os.path.join(base, css file), 'r').read())
        display(HTML(styles))
In [7]: !curl http://gdac.broadinstitute.org/runs/code/firehose get latest.zip -o fh get.zip
        !unzip fh get.zip
                                                                        Time Current
          % Total
                    % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time
                                                               Time
                                        Dload Upload Total
                                                               Spent
                                                                        Left Speed
                                     0 8343
       100 6542 100 6542
                                                   0 --:--:- 10620
       Archive: fh get.zip
       replace firehose_get? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: ^C
```

GitHub

- GitHub is a place to keep code, and to share it with other people.
- A lot of bioinformatics software is now being published on GitHub



Filters -

Q Find a repository...

+ New repository

wrapple

Updated 4 days ago

RPipeline PRIVATE

RMarkdown Pipeline

Updated 11 days ago

seqParLASSOcode

seqParLASSOcode

Updated on Jan 19

Python ★0 ₽0

R ★0 ₽0

ovarian

Owners

People

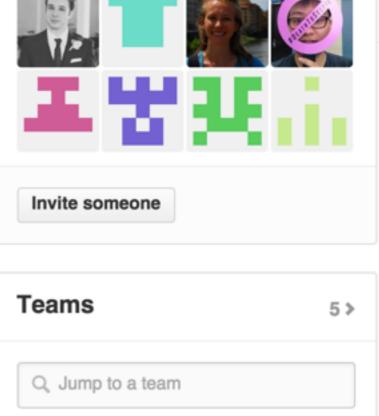
2 members · 0 repositories

2 members · 14 repositories

DisorderedProteins

2 members · 1 repository

Create new team



8 >

Matlab ★0 ₽0

★0 P0

DockerGuide

Reproducible Research and Open Science

- Doing research that can be re-done by others is one of the cornerstones of science
- However there are currently many problems with reproducibility
- 47/53 cancer research papers were deemed unreproducible by Begley and Ellis
- A 2014 paper found less than 25% of computer science papers it analyzed were reproducible

Reproducibility and Open Science

- Having your code available (GitHub)
- Having your data available (FigShare, DataDryad)
- Having your workflow available (IPython Notebook, NBViewer, OSF)
- Open access journals or pre-prints (Arxiv, PeerJ Preprints, PLOS, etc)
- There are many problems, and many people are working on solutions

Why should you care?

- If you aren't already, you will pay for a lot of this research
- We as scientists have a responsibility to the public that our work is open and available to them