

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns

df = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\User\\Downloads\\Customer Churn.csv')
df
```

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	\
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1	
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34	
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2	
3	7795-CF0CW	Male	0	No	No	45	
4	9237-HQITU	Female	0	No	No	2	
...	
7038	6840-RESVB	Male	0	Yes	Yes	24	
7039	2234-XADUH	Female	0	Yes	Yes	72	
7040	4801-JZAZL	Female	0	Yes	Yes	11	
7041	8361-LTMKD	Male	1	Yes	No	4	
7042	3186-AJIEK	Male	0	No	No	66	

	PhoneService	MultipleLines	InternetService
OnlineSecurity ... \			
0	No	No phone service	DSL
No ...			
1	Yes	No	DSL
Yes ...			
2	Yes	No	DSL
Yes ...			
3	No	No phone service	DSL
Yes ...			
4	Yes	No	Fiber optic
No ...			
...
...			
7038	Yes	Yes	DSL
Yes ...			
7039	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic
No ...			
7040	No	No phone service	DSL
Yes ...			
7041	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic
No ...			
7042	Yes	No	Fiber optic
Yes ...			

	DeviceProtection	TechSupport	StreamingTV	StreamingMovies
Contract \				
0	No	No	No	No
to-month				Month-

1	Yes	No	No	No	
One year					
2	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
3	Yes	Yes	No	No	
One year					
4	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
...	
...					
7038	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
One year					
7039	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	
One year					
7040	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
7041	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
7042	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Two year					
PaperlessBilling		PaymentMethod		MonthlyCharges	
TotalCharges \					
0	Yes	Electronic check		29.85	
29.85					
1	No	Mailed check		56.95	
1889.5					
2	Yes	Mailed check		53.85	
108.15					
3	No	Bank transfer (automatic)		42.30	
1840.75					
4	Yes	Electronic check		70.70	
151.65					
...	
...					
7038	Yes	Mailed check		84.80	
1990.5					
7039	Yes	Credit card (automatic)		103.20	
7362.9					
7040	Yes	Electronic check		29.60	
346.45					
7041	Yes	Mailed check		74.40	
306.6					
7042	Yes	Bank transfer (automatic)		105.65	
6844.5					
Churn					
0	No				
1	No				

```

2      Yes
3      No
4      Yes
...    ...
7038   No
7039   No
7040   No
7041   Yes
7042   No

```

```
[7043 rows x 21 columns]
```

```
df.head()
```

```

   customerID  gender  SeniorCitizen  Partner  Dependents  tenure
PhoneService \
0  7590-VHVEG  Female                0      Yes          No        1
No
1  5575-GNVDE   Male                0      No           No        34
Yes
2  3668-QPYBK   Male                0      No           No         2
Yes
3  7795-CF0CW   Male                0      No           No        45
No
4  9237-HQITU   Female              0      No           No         2
Yes

```

```

   MultipleLines  InternetService  OnlineSecurity  ...
DeviceProtection \
0  No phone service              DSL              No   ...
No
1                      No              DSL              Yes  ...
Yes
2                      No              DSL              Yes  ...
No
3  No phone service              DSL              Yes   ...
Yes
4                      No      Fiber optic              No   ...
No

```

```

   TechSupport  StreamingTV  StreamingMovies  Contract
PaperlessBilling \
0      No          No          No  Month-to-month
Yes
1      No          No          No    One year
No
2      No          No          No  Month-to-month
Yes
3      Yes         No          No    One year
No

```

4	No	No	No	Month-to-month
Yes				
	PaymentMethod	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges	Churn
0	Electronic check	29.85	29.85	No
1	Mailed check	56.95	1889.5	No
2	Mailed check	53.85	108.15	Yes
3	Bank transfer (automatic)	42.30	1840.75	No
4	Electronic check	70.70	151.65	Yes

[5 rows x 21 columns]

Replacing blanks with 0 as tenure is 0 and no total charges are recorded.

```
df["TotalCharges"] = df["TotalCharges"].replace(" ", "0")
df["TotalCharges"] = df["TotalCharges"].astype("float")
df
```

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	\
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1	
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34	
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2	
3	7795-CFOCW	Male	0	No	No	45	
4	9237-HQITU	Female	0	No	No	2	
...
7038	6840-RESVB	Male	0	Yes	Yes	24	
7039	2234-XADUH	Female	0	Yes	Yes	72	
7040	4801-JZAZL	Female	0	Yes	Yes	11	
7041	8361-LTMKD	Male	1	Yes	No	4	
7042	3186-AJIEK	Male	0	No	No	66	

	PhoneService	MultipleLines	InternetService
OnlineSecurity	...	\	
0	No	No phone service	DSL
No	...		
1	Yes	No	DSL
Yes	...		
2	Yes	No	DSL
Yes	...		
3	No	No phone service	DSL
Yes	...		
4	Yes	No	Fiber optic
No	...		
...
...
7038	Yes	Yes	DSL

Yes ...			
7039	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic
No ...			
7040	No	No phone service	DSL
Yes ...			
7041	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic
No ...			
7042	Yes	No	Fiber optic
Yes ...			

	DeviceProtection	TechSupport	StreamingTV	StreamingMovies	
Contract \					
0	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
1	Yes	No	No	No	
One year					
2	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
3	Yes	Yes	No	No	
One year					
4	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
...	
...					
7038	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
One year					
7039	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	
One year					
7040	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
7041	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
7042	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Two year					

	PaperlessBilling	PaymentMethod	MonthlyCharges
TotalCharges \			
0	Yes	Electronic check	29.85
29.85			
1	No	Mailed check	56.95
1889.50			
2	Yes	Mailed check	53.85
108.15			
3	No	Bank transfer (automatic)	42.30
1840.75			
4	Yes	Electronic check	70.70
151.65			
...
...			

7038	Yes	Mailed check	84.80
1990.50			
7039	Yes	Credit card (automatic)	103.20
7362.90			
7040	Yes	Electronic check	29.60
346.45			
7041	Yes	Mailed check	74.40
306.60			
7042	Yes	Bank transfer (automatic)	105.65
6844.50			

	Churn
0	No
1	No
2	Yes
3	No
4	Yes
...	...
7038	No
7039	No
7040	No
7041	Yes
7042	No

[7043 rows x 21 columns]

Data type of total charges has been changed to float from object.

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 7043 entries, 0 to 7042
```

```
Data columns (total 21 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	customerID	7043 non-null	object
1	gender	7043 non-null	object
2	SeniorCitizen	7043 non-null	int64
3	Partner	7043 non-null	object
4	Dependents	7043 non-null	object
5	tenure	7043 non-null	int64
6	PhoneService	7043 non-null	object
7	MultipleLines	7043 non-null	object
8	InternetService	7043 non-null	object
9	OnlineSecurity	7043 non-null	object
10	OnlineBackup	7043 non-null	object

```

11 DeviceProtection 7043 non-null object
12 TechSupport      7043 non-null object
13 StreamingTV      7043 non-null object
14 StreamingMovies  7043 non-null object
15 Contract         7043 non-null object
16 PaperlessBilling 7043 non-null object
17 PaymentMethod    7043 non-null object
18 MonthlyCharges   7043 non-null float64
19 TotalCharges     7043 non-null float64
20 Churn            7043 non-null object

```

```
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(17)
```

```
memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

```
df.isnull().sum().sum()
```

```
0
```

```
df.describe()
```

	SeniorCitizen	tenure	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges
count	7043.000000	7043.000000	7043.000000	7043.000000
mean	0.162147	32.371149	64.761692	2279.734304
std	0.368612	24.559481	30.090047	2266.794470
min	0.000000	0.000000	18.250000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	9.000000	35.500000	398.550000
50%	0.000000	29.000000	70.350000	1394.550000
75%	0.000000	55.000000	89.850000	3786.600000
max	1.000000	72.000000	118.750000	8684.800000

```
df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
0
```

```
df["customerID"].duplicated().sum()      #Check for customer data
because it is unique
```

```
0
```

Converting the values of column senior citizen in to 'yes' and 'no' from 0 and 1 using function conv

```

def conv(value):
    if value == 1:
        return 'Yes'
    else :

```

```

        return 'No'
df["SeniorCitizen"] = df["SeniorCitizen"].apply(conv)
df.head()

```

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	No	Yes	No	1
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	No	No	No	34
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	No	No	No	2
3	7795-CF0CW	Male	No	No	No	45
4	9237-HQITU	Female	No	No	No	2

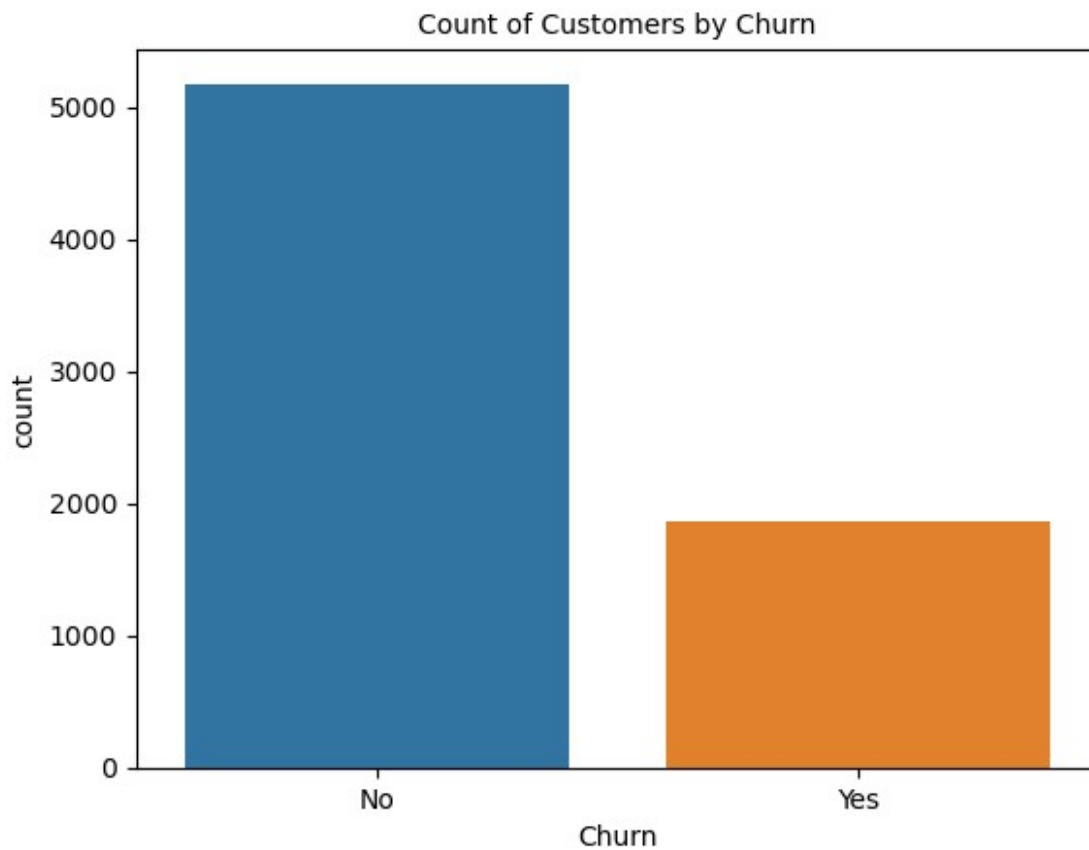
	MultipleLines	InternetService	OnlineSecurity	...
0	No phone service	DSL	No	...
1	No	DSL	Yes	...
2	No	DSL	Yes	...
3	No phone service	DSL	Yes	...
4	No	Fiber optic	No	...

	TechSupport	StreamingTV	StreamingMovies	Contract
0	No	No	No	Month-to-month
1	No	No	No	One year
2	No	No	No	Month-to-month
3	Yes	No	No	One year
4	No	No	No	Month-to-month

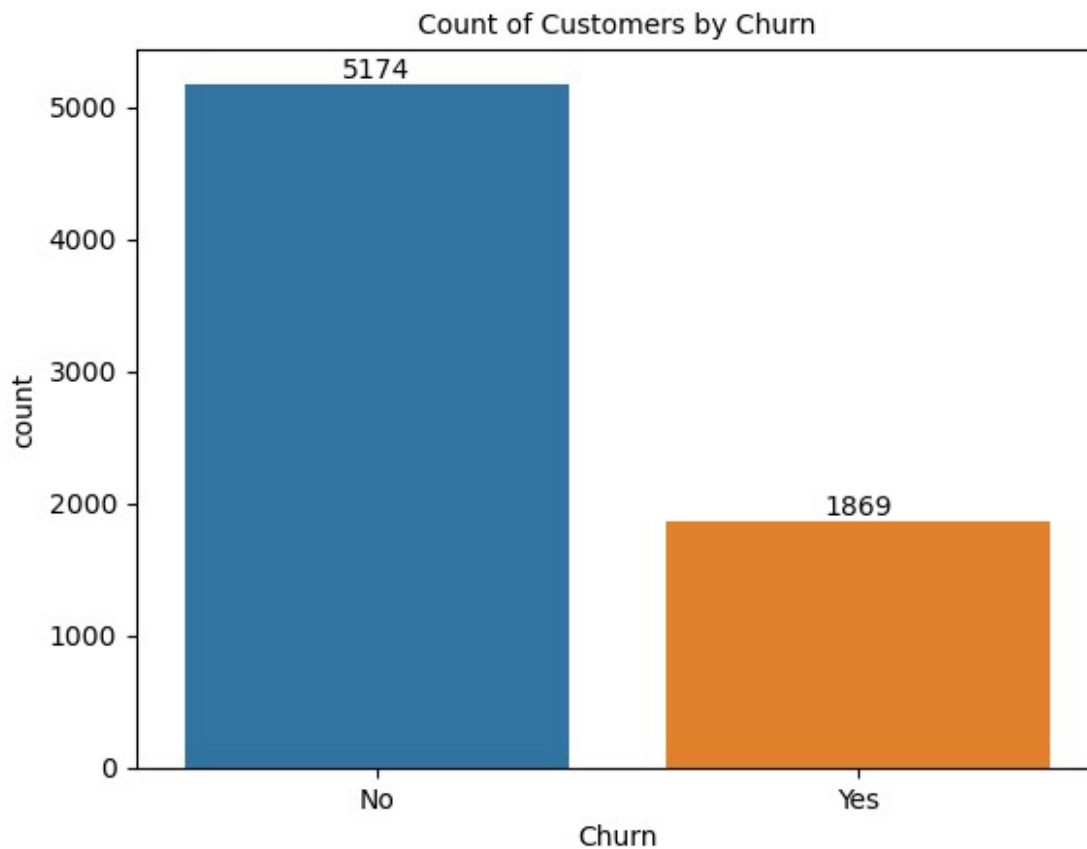
	PaymentMethod	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges	Churn
0	Electronic check	29.85	29.85	No
1	Mailed check	56.95	1889.50	No
2	Mailed check	53.85	108.15	Yes
3	Bank transfer (automatic)	42.30	1840.75	No
4	Electronic check	70.70	151.65	Yes


```
[5 rows x 21 columns]
```

```
sns.countplot(x = 'Churn', data = df)  
plt.title("Count of Customers by Churn", fontsize = 10)  
plt.show()
```



```
ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Churn', data = df)  
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])  
plt.title("Count of Customers by Churn", fontsize = 10)  
plt.show()
```

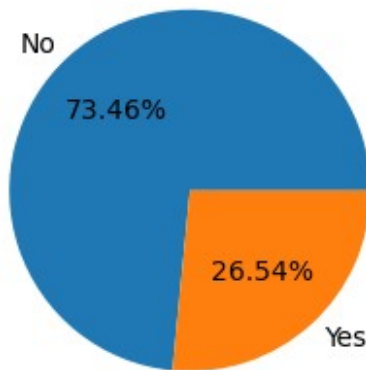


```
gb = df.groupby('Churn').agg({'Churn': 'count'})  
gb
```

	Churn
Churn	
No	5174
Yes	1869

```
plt.figure(figsize = (3,4))  
plt.pie(gb['Churn'],labels = gb.index, autopct = "%1.2f%%")  
plt.title("Percentage of Churned Customers",fontsize = 10)  
plt.show()
```

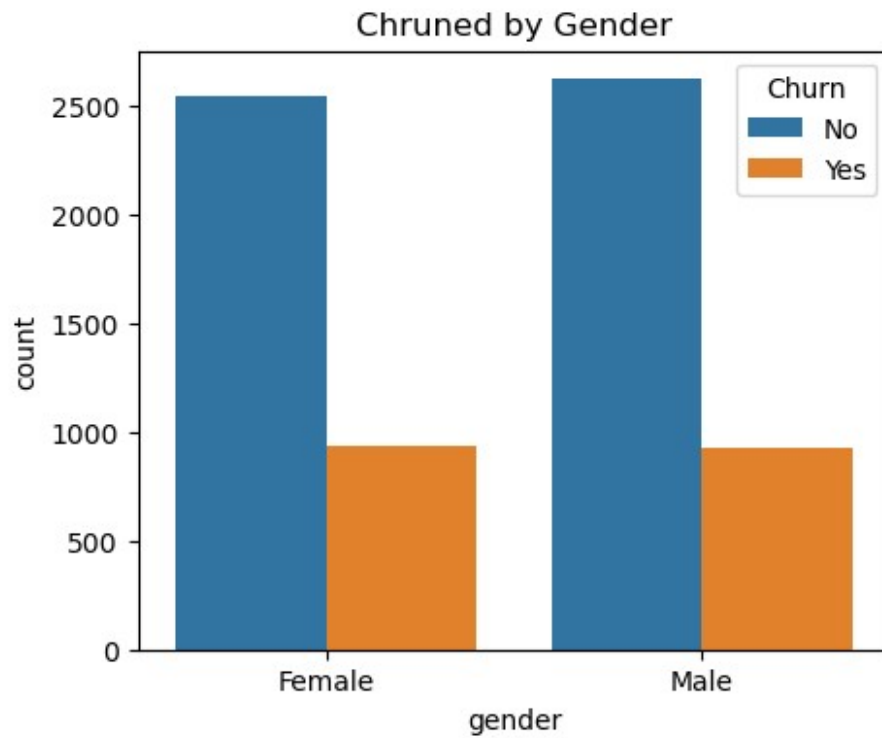
Percentage of Churned Customers



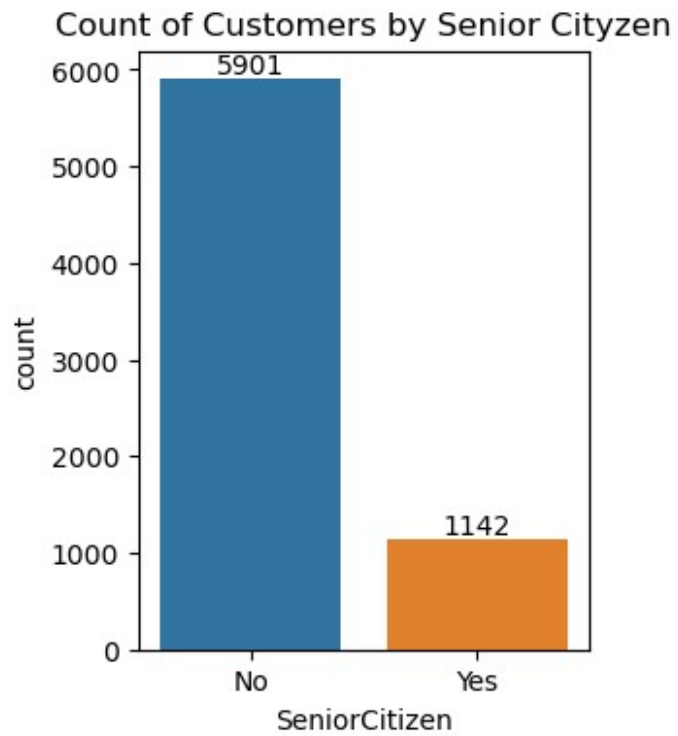
From the given Pie Chart we can conclude that 26.54% of customers have churned out.

Now let's explore the reason behind it.

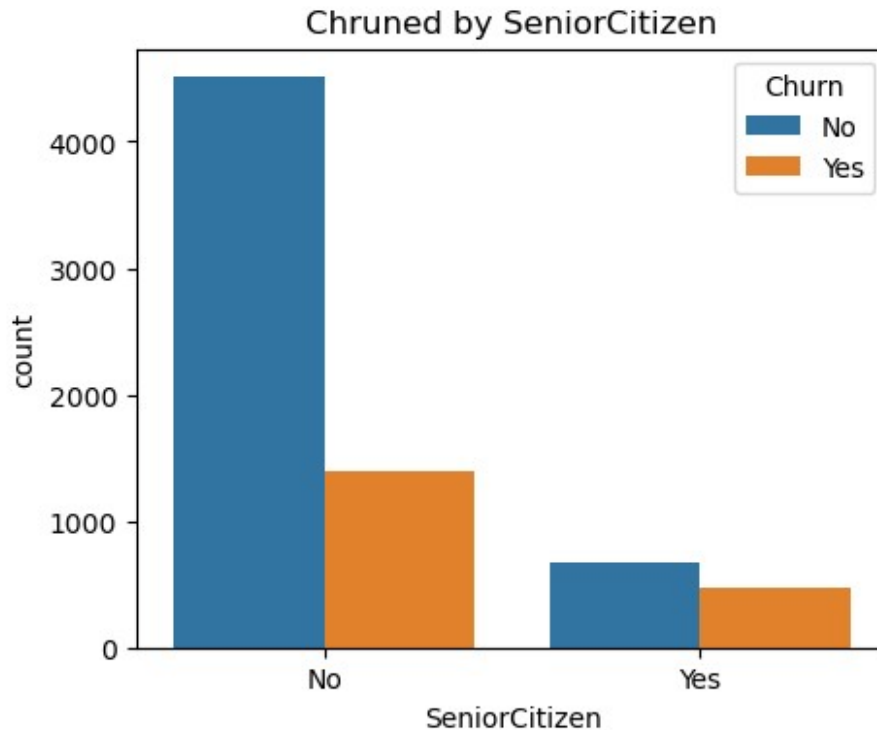
```
plt.figure(figsize = (5,4))  
sns.countplot(x = 'gender', data = df, hue = "Churn")  
plt.title("Churned by Gender")  
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize = (3,4))
ax = sns.countplot(x = "SeniorCitizen", data = df)
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.title("Count of Customers by Senior Cityzen")
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize = (5,4))
sns.countplot(x = 'SeniorCitizen', data = df, hue = "Churn")
plt.title("Chrned by SeniorCitizen")
plt.show()
```



```
grouped = df.groupby(['SeniorCitizen',
'Churn']).size().reset_index(name='count')
total = grouped.groupby('SeniorCitizen')['count'].transform('sum')
grouped['percentage'] = (grouped['count'] / total * 100).round(1)

# Pivot for stacked bar chart
pivot = grouped.pivot(index='SeniorCitizen', columns='Churn',
values='percentage').fillna(0)

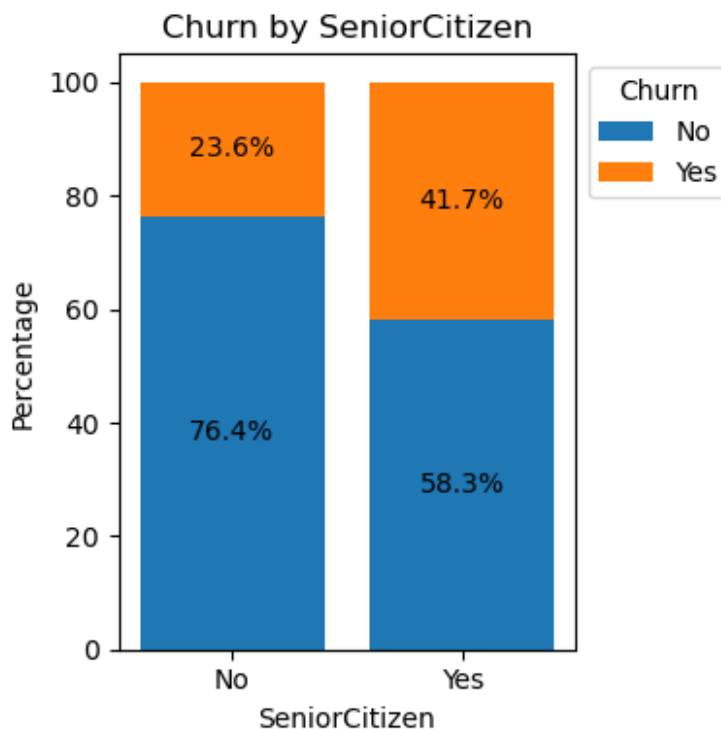
# Plot
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 4))

# Stacked bar chart
bottom = None
for churn in pivot.columns:
    ax.bar(pivot.index, pivot[churn], label=churn, bottom=bottom)
    bottom = pivot[churn] if bottom is None else bottom + pivot[churn]

# Add percentage labels
for i, senior_citizen in enumerate(pivot.index):
    cumulative = 0
    for churn in pivot.columns:
        percentage = pivot.loc[senior_citizen, churn]
        if percentage > 0:
            ax.text(i, cumulative + percentage / 2, f"{percentage}%",
ha='center', va='center', fontsize=10)
            cumulative += percentage
```

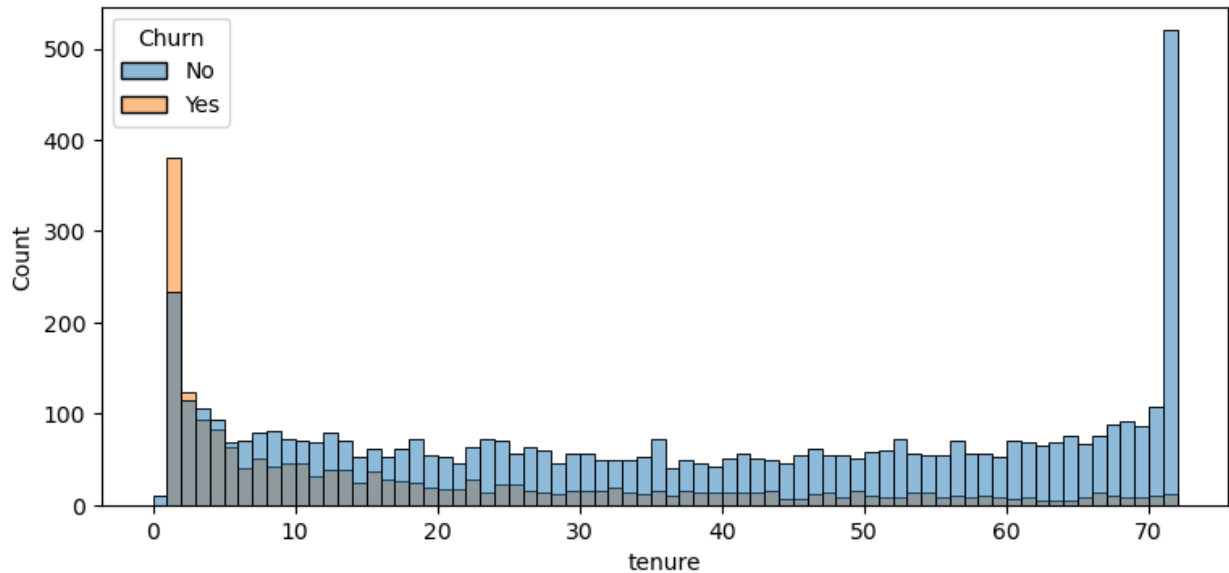
```
# Formatting
plt.title("Churn by SeniorCitizen")
plt.xlabel("SeniorCitizen")
plt.ylabel("Percentage")
plt.xticks(pivot.index, labels=pivot.index.astype(str), rotation=0)
plt.legend(title="Churn", bbox_to_anchor = (1,1))
plt.tight_layout()

# Show plot
plt.show()
```



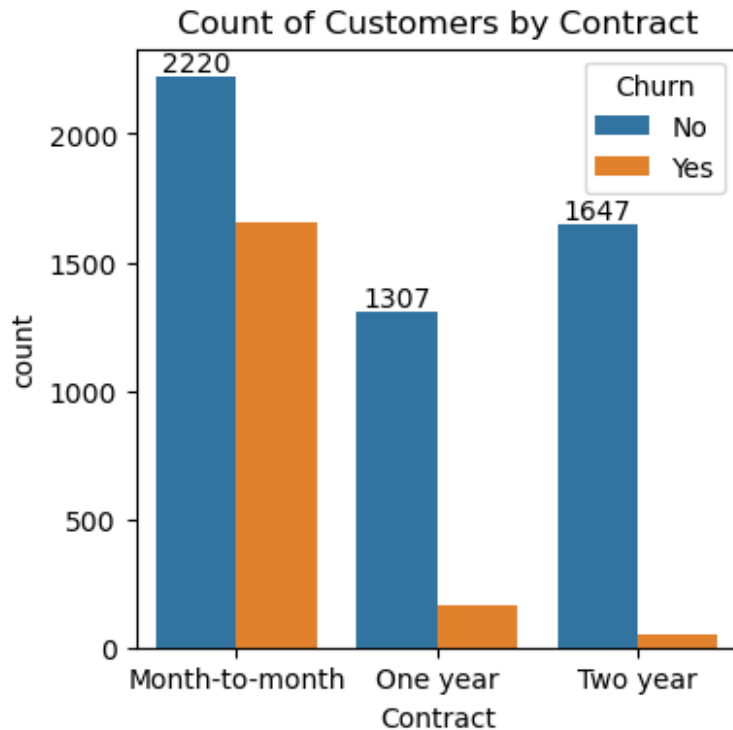
Comparatively a greater percentage of senior citizen have churned

```
plt.figure(figsize = (9,4))
sns.histplot(x = "tenure", data = df, bins = 72, hue = "Churn")
plt.show()
```



People who have used our services for long time have stayed and people who have used our services for one or two months have churned

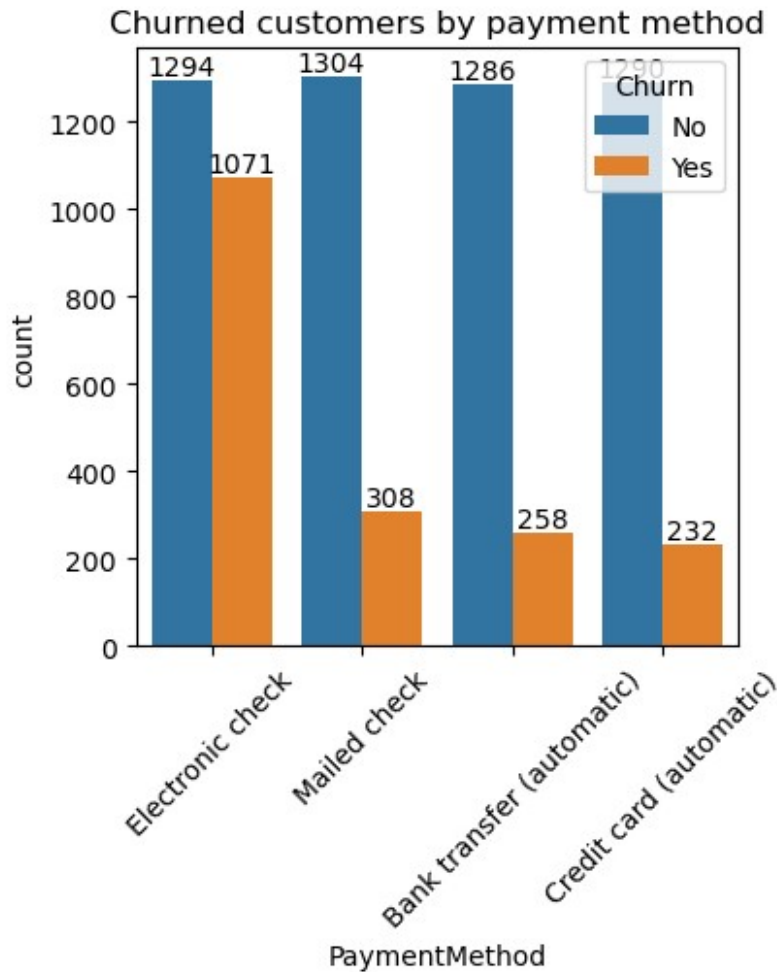
```
plt.figure(figsize = (4,4))
ax = sns.countplot(x = "Contract", data = df, hue = "Churn")
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.title("Count of Customers by Contract")
plt.show()
```

People who have month to month contract likely to churn than those who have 1 or 2 years of contract.

```
df.columns.values
array(['customerID', 'gender', 'SeniorCitizen', 'Partner',
      'Dependents',
      'tenure', 'PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',
      'OnlineSecurity', 'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection',
      'TechSupport', 'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies', 'Contract',
      'PaperlessBilling', 'PaymentMethod', 'MonthlyCharges',
      'TotalCharges', 'Churn'], dtype=object)

plt.figure(figsize=(4, 4))
ax = sns.countplot(x="PaymentMethod", data=df, hue="Churn")
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[1])
plt.title("Churned customers by payment method")
plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Corrected method name
plt.show()
```



```
# List of columns to plot
columns1 = ['PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',
            'OnlineSecurity', 'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection',
            'TechSupport', 'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies']

n_cols = 3
n_rows = (len(columns) + n_cols - 1) // n_cols #calculate the number of
rows needed
# Create subplots
fig, axes = plt.subplots(n_rows, n_cols, figsize=(15, n_rows*4)) #
Adjust figsize as needed ,3x3 grid for 9 columns
axes = axes.flatten() # Flatten axes array for easy iteration

# Generate count plots
for i, col in enumerate(columns):
    sns.countplot(x=col, data=df, ax=axes[i], hue = df["Churn"])
    axes[i].set_title(f'Count Plot: {col}')
    axes[i].set_xlabel('')
```

```
axes[i].set_ylabel('Count')
```

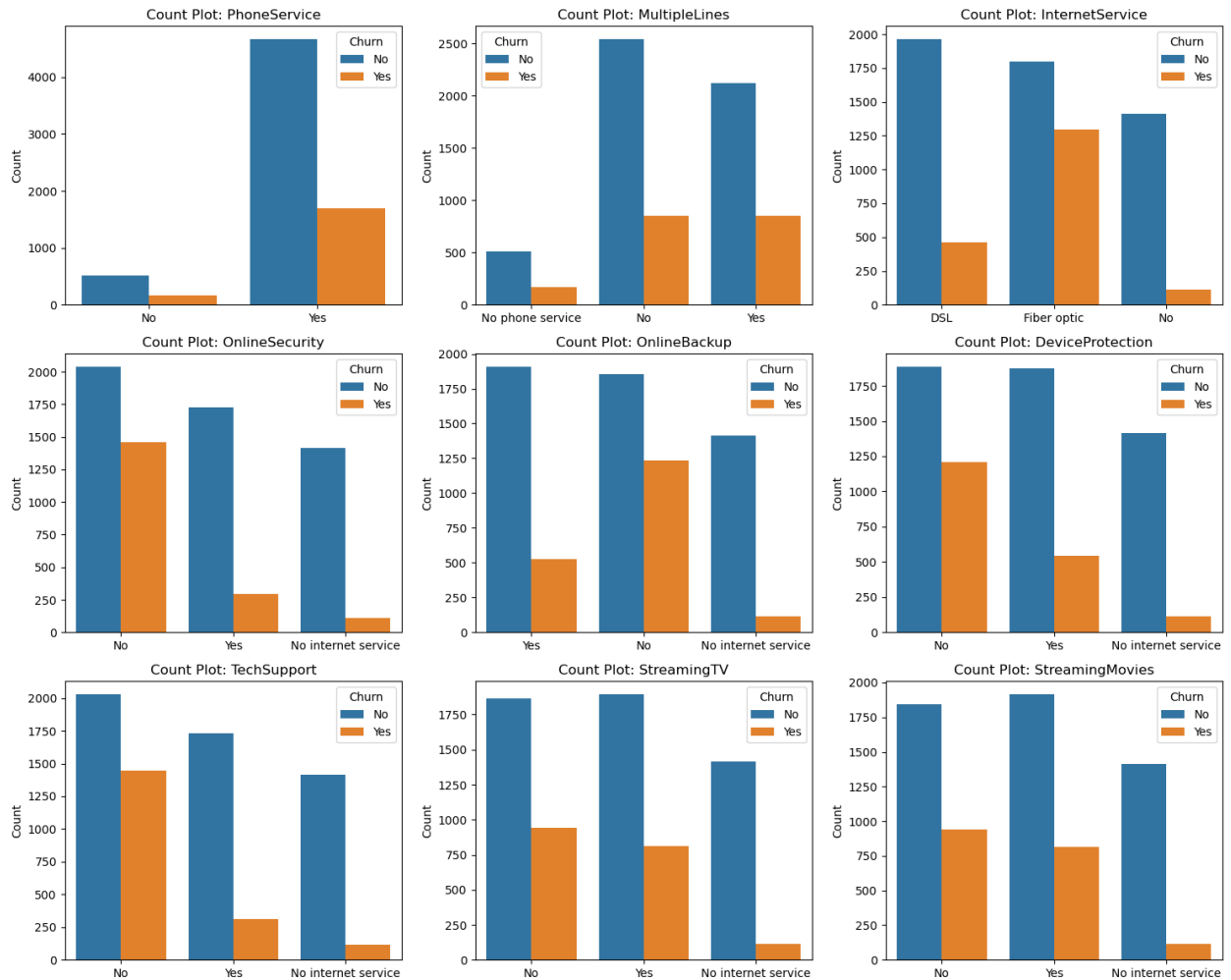
```
# Hide any unused subplots (if columns < grid slots)
```

```
for j in range(len(columns), len(axes)):
    axes[j].axis('off')
```

```
# Adjust layout
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
```

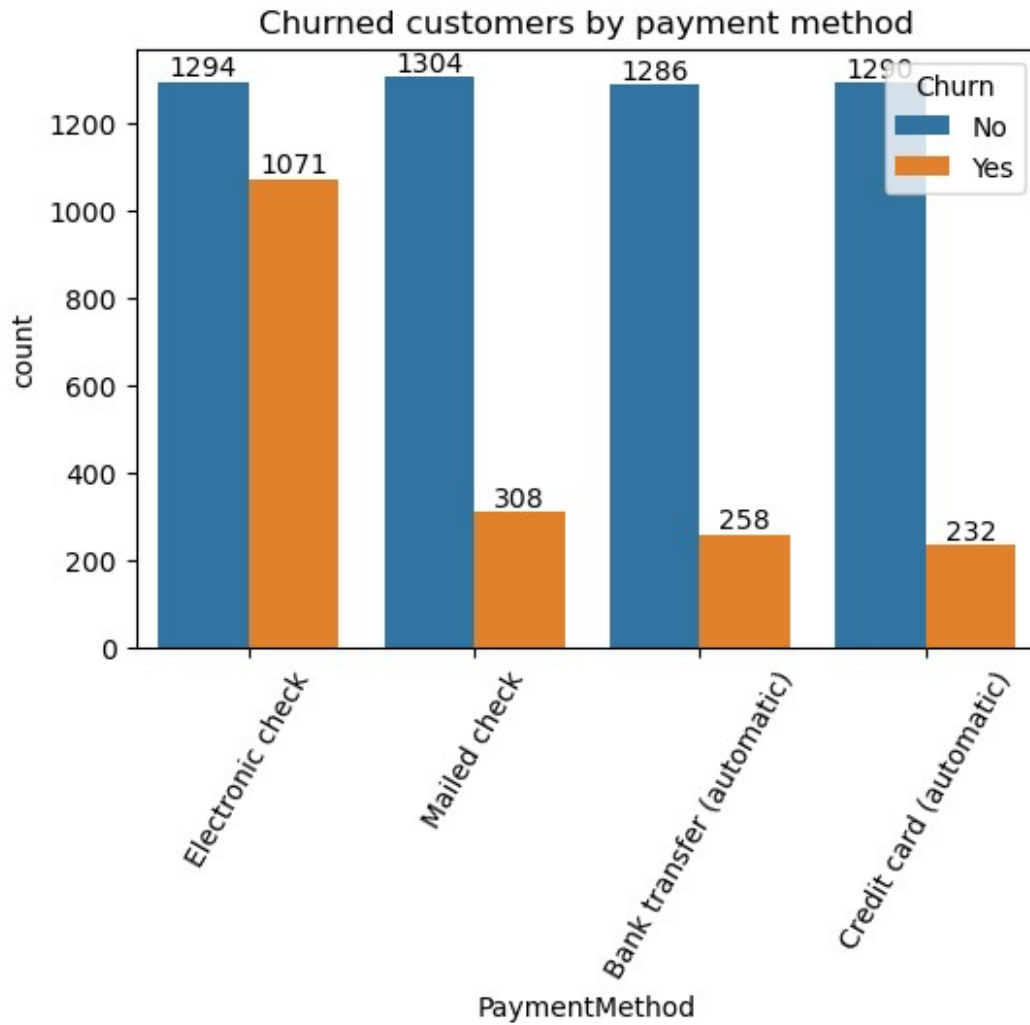
```
plt.show()
```



The majority of customer who do not churn tend to have services like phone service , internet service(DSL),and online security enabled.

for services like online backup,tech support and streaming tv churn rates are noticeably higher when these services are not used or unavailable.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
ax = sns.countplot(x="PaymentMethod", data=df, hue="Churn")
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[1])
plt.title("Churned customers by payment method")
plt.xticks(rotation=60) # Corrected method name
plt.show()
```



Customers are likely to churn when they are are using electronic check as a payment method.