UNITED COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH, NAINI, PRAYAGRAJ

Department of Computer Science and Engineering Compiler Design Assignment Unit1

Short Question:- [CO1]

- 1. Differentiate between dynamic loader and linker?
- **2.** What is assembler?
- **3.** Draw the transition diagram for identifier?
- **4.** Draw the transition diagram for relational operator?
- 5. Describe the language denoted by the following regular Expression (1+0)*.
- **6.** What is cross-compiler?
- **7.** Discuss the utility of macros?
- **8.** What do you mean by a regular expression?
- **9.** Differentiate between compiler and interpreter?
- **10.** Discuss the merits and demerits of the single pass compiler and multi-pass compiler?
- 11. Describe various compiler writing tools?
- **12.** Explain the term bootstrapping with example?
- **13.** What is role of lexical analyzer? Enumerate the issues handled by lexical analyzer?
- **14.** Differentiate between linker and loader?

Medium Question:- [CO1]

- 1. Discuss input buffering and preliminary scanning in lexical analysis?
- 2. How is a Finite automaton useful for Lexical Analysis?
- **3.** Why do we divide the compilation into phases?
- **4.** Discuss the challenges in compiler design?
- **5.** How boot strapping is done in more than one machine?
- **6.** Discuss the subset construction algorithms?
- **7.** Explain the term token, lexeme, pattern?
- **8.** Write the algorithm for moving forward pointer in "input buffering" Scheme?
- **9.** Construct a minimal DFA which accept set of all strings over {a,b} in which every 'a' should be followed by 'bb'
- 10. How is finite Automation useful for Lexical Analysis?

Long Question:- [CO1]

- Construct minimal DFA for the following regular expression
 (a|b)*a(a|b)
- 2. Construct a minimal DFA which accepts set of all strings over {a,b} in which no. of a 's are divisible by 3 and no. of b's is divisible by 3
- 3. Show the construction of NFA for the following Regular Expression (a|b)*a(a|b)(a|b)
- **4.** Construct NFA for the following RE using Thomson's construction: (0|1)*0(0|1)*
- 5. Explain the phases of the compiler in detail. Write down the output of each phase for the expression a=b+c*50.