NFS 服务配置方法参考:

- 一、NFS 服务器端相关设置和操作
- 1、NFS 服务器端 (IP 地址 192.168.0.108), 虚拟机设置网络连接为桥接模式:

```
[root@JSJXY-NFSER ~ 1# ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.8.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: ens33: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast state UP group default qlen 10
    link/ether 00:0c:29:95:19:ca brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 192.168.0.108/24 brd 192.168.0.255 scope global noprefixroute dynamic ens33
        valid_lft 5406sec preferred_lft 5406sec
    inet6 fe80::2224:7be:b91c:4a68/64 scope link noprefixroute
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

在服务器端安装软件包,并设置开机启动服务如下所示:

```
yum install rpcbind
yum install nfs-utils
systemctl start rpcbind
systemctl start nfs
systemctl enable nfs-server
systemctl enable rpcbind
```

2、在服务器端/home 目录下创建目录 share (可写) 和 nfs (只读), 权限设置如下。

```
cd /home
mkdir -m 755 nfs
mkdir share
chmod -R 777 share
```

3、添加映射用户 gy_user(uid=1001,gid=1001)

useradd gy_user

/etc/passwd 相关信息如下:

```
gy_user:x:1001:1001::/home/gy_user:/bin/bash
```

4、服务器端创建 exports 文件,内容如下所示:

vim /etc/exports

5、服务器端操作如下:

```
systemctl restart nfs
systemctl stop firewall
setenforce 0
iptables -F
rpc.mountd
```

- 二、nfs 客户端相关设置和操作
- 1、客户端的 IP 地址如下,和服务器端在同一网段(虚拟机设置网络连接为桥接模式):

```
Iroot@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI sharel# ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1800
    link/loopback 80:00:00:00:00:00 brd 90:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.8.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_Ift forever preferred_Ift forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_Ift forever preferred_Ift forever
2: ens33: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast state UP group default qlen 10
00
    link/ether_80:8c:29:89:8c:ee brd ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 192.168.0.102/24 brd 192.168.0.255 scope global noprefixroute dynamic ens33
        valid_Ift 5193sec preferred_Ift 5193sec
    inet6 fe80::7dc5:a3f7:5857:bad1/64 scope link noprefixroute
        valid_Ift forever preferred_Ift forever
```

1、客户端创建 nfs 服务器挂载点, /nfs_share/{share,nfs}两个目录, share 目录下文件可写, nfs 目录下文件只读。

[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]# mkdir -p /nfs_share/{share,nfs}

2、确认服务器的可用目录: showmount -e

yum install showmount

```
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]# showmount -e 192.168.0.108
clnt_create: RPC: Port mapper failure - Unable to receive: errno 113 (No route to host)
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]# _
```

如果出现上面的错误的解决方法,服务器端操作如下:

```
systemctl stop firewall
setenforce 0
iptables -F
rpc.mountd
```

再次确认服务器的可用目录:

```
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]# showmount -e 192.168.0.108
Export list for 192.168.0.108:
/home/share 192.168.0.0/24
/home/nfs 192.168.0.0/24
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]#
```

3、在客户端,把服务器端的共享目录挂载到本地目录 share 和 nfs。

[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI share]# mount -t nfs 192.168.0.108:/home/share /nfs_share/share/
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI share]# mount -t nfs 192.168.0.108:/home/nfs /nfs_share/nfs

三、验证如下:

1、服务器端/home/nfs 目录下有如下文件:

```
Iroot@JSJXY-NFSER nfsl# pwd
/home/nfs
Iroot@JSJXY-NFSER nfsl# ls -l
total 12
-rw-r--r-. 1 root root 133 Dec 28 11:34 file1_readonly.info
-rw-r--r-. 1 root root 151 Dec 28 11:34 file2_readonly.info
-rw-r--r-. 1 root root 151 Dec 28 11:34 file3_readonly.info
Iroot@JSJXY-NFSER nfsl#
```

在客户端杳看如下:

```
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~ ]# ls -l /nfs_share/nfs
total 12
-rw-r--r-. 1 root root 133 Dec 28 11:34 file1_readonly.info
-rw-r--r-. 1 root root 151 Dec 28 11:34 file2_readonly.info
-rw-r--r-. 1 root root 151 Dec 28 11:34 file3_readonly.info
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~ ]# _
```

2、客户端以 root 身份创建一个文件 share_file1.txt,复制到客户端/nfs share/share 目录下,在客户端显示如下:

```
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]# cat > share_file1.txt
#This is nfs share file.
The is a writable file.
Everyone can modify it in the local network.
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]# ls
anaconda-ks.cfg share_file1.txt
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]# cp share_file1.txt /nfs_share/share/
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]# ls -l /nfs_share/share
total 4
-rw-r--r--. 1 1001 1001 94 Dec 28 11:56 share_file1.txt
[root@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI ~]# _
```

服务器端显示如下:

```
Lroot@JSJXY-NFSER share | # pwd
/home/share
Lroot@JSJXY-NFSER share | # ls -|
total 4
-rw-r--r--. 1 gy_user gy_user 94 Dec 28 11:56 share_file1.txt
Lroot@JSJXY-NFSER share | # _
```

客户端改 share 目录下的文件权限,如下所示:

```
Iroot@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI share]# 1s -1
total 4
-rw-r--r-. 1 1001 1001 94 Dec 28 11:56 share_file1.txt
Iroot@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI share]# chmod 777 share_file1.txt
Iroot@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI share]# 1s -1
total 4
-rwxrwxrwx. 1 1001 1001 94 Dec 28 11:56 share_file1.txt
Iroot@JSJXY-CLIENT-LI share]#
```

服务器端查看共享目录下的文件,如下所示:

```
[root@JSJXY-NFSER share]# ls -|
total 4
-rwxrwxrwx. 1 gy_user gy_user 94 Dec 28 11:56 share_file1.txt
```