

Information Security Governance Activities: Security Engineering



- Security engineering formalizes the process for **defining the protection strategy** for the organization and its activities
- It incorporates security principles in the design, development, and operation of the software, systems, solutions, and controls used by an organization



Copyright © by EC-Council. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction is Strictly Prohibited.

Information Security Governance Activities: Security Operations



- Security operations defines an organization's capability to **detect security events** and provide a **timely response**
- The capability to detect events and provide a timely response depends on the people, processes, and technology supporting the security operations program

People



Processes



Technology



Copyright © by EC-Council. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction is Strictly Prohibited.

Notes: _____

Corporate Governance & Security Responsibilities



- Every person and every role has responsibilities related to information security. Organizations should define the information security expectations that relate to each role

Board of Directors

- Must have a clear understanding of the organization's needs in terms of the IT system's role in the overall success of the business



Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

- Must support information security initiatives, ensure funding, and hold the business's information security policies and procedures accountable to compliance



Chief Information Officer (CIO)

- Responsible for IT governance and IT service delivery, which support the business processes that drive the organization



Copyright © by EC-Council. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction is Strictly Prohibited.

Corporate Governance & Security Responsibilities (Cont'd)



Chief Risk Officer (CRO)

- Responsible for enterprise risk management, including information security and operational, financial, strategic, reputational, and strategic risks



Chief Technology Officer (CTO)

- Responsible for system administrators and provides the direct link between information security policies and the network, systems, and data

Enterprise Architect

- Has a broad and deep understanding of the organization's overall business strategy and the general IT trends and directions

Enterprise Administrators

- Play an important part in the protection of the organization's assets

Database Administrators

- Manage and maintain database repositories for proper use by authorized individuals



Copyright © by EC-Council. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction is Strictly Prohibited.

Notes: _____

