

PHP PRACTICALS:-

| Sr.NO | Practical Name | Date | Pg.No | Signature |
|-------|---|----------|-------|-----------|
| 1. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to print the value of variable using echo. | 9/8/22 | | |
| 2. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart write a PHP script to print the following pattern using nested for loop. | 16/8/22 | | |
| 3. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to that creates the following table using for loop. Add cellpadding="3px" and cellspacing="0px" to table tag. | 23/8/22 | | |
| 4. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script using nested for loop that creates a chessboard as shown below. Use table width="270px" and take 30px as cell height and width. | 6/9/22 | | |
| 5. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to convert a date from yyyy-mm-dd to dd-mm-yyyy. | 13/9/22 | | |
| 6. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP function that checks if a string is all lower case. | 20/9/22 | | |
| 7. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to check whether an entered string is palindrome or not. | 27/9/22 | | |
| 8. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to insert a new item in an array on any position. | 11/10/22 | | |
| 9. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to check that email id is valid or not. | 18/10/22 | | |
| 10. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script for extracting multiple values from array. | 25/10/22 | | |
| 11. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to converting between array and variable. | 25/10/22 | | |
| 12. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to design a Calculator. | 8/11/22 | | |
| 13. | Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to check Form Validation. | 8/11/22 | | |

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Practical No. 1.

Page No. 1

Date :

- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to print the value of variable using echo.

Algorithm :-

Step 1 - Start

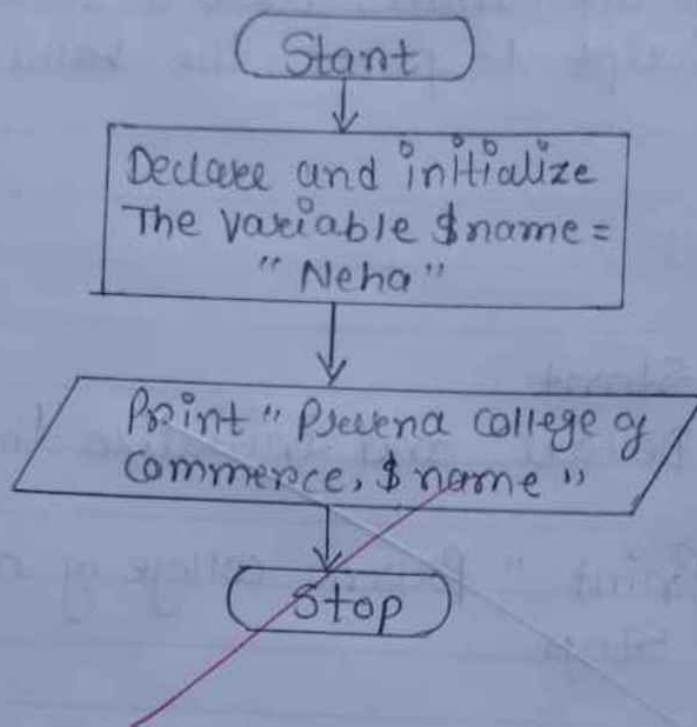
Step 2 - Declare and initialize the middle \$name = "Neha"

Step 3 - Print "Pavna college of commerce, \$name"

Step 4 - Stop

EXCELLENT

Flowchart - 1



PRACTICAL NO. 1

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to print the value of variable using echo.

```
<!doctype html>
<?php
$name="Neha";
?>
<html http://www.w3.org//1999/xhtml>
<head>
<title>A Simple PHP Document</title>
</head>
<body style="font-size:1em">
<p></p>
<strong></strong>

<?php
echo "Prerna College of Commerce, $name";
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Output:-

Prerna College of CommerceNeha

Practical No. 2.

- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to print the following pattern using Nested for loop.

```

*
* *
* * *
* * * *
* * * * *
* * * * * *

```

Algorithm :-

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - Declare i, j as integer

Step 3 - Repeat $\text{for } (i=0 \text{ to } i \leq 5)$

Yes : 1) Repeat $\text{for } (j=0 \text{ to } j \leq i)$

Yes : 1) echo "*"

2) $j++$

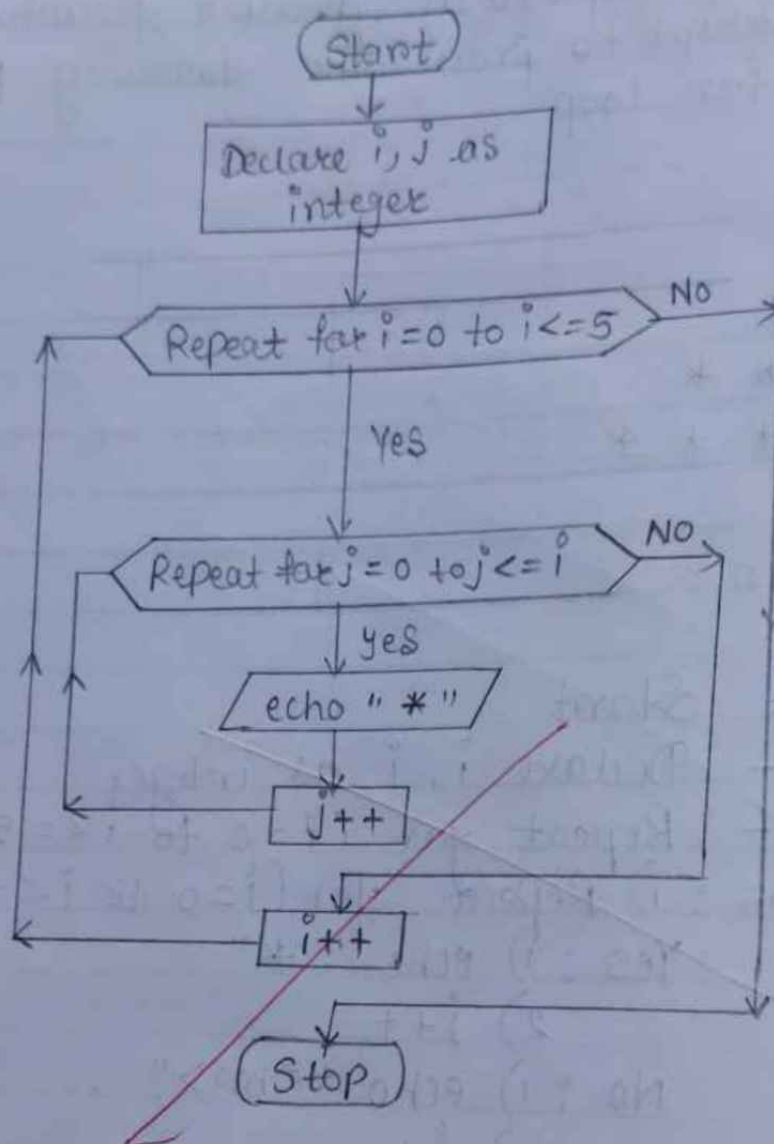
No : 1) echo "
"

2) $i++$

3) go to Step 4

Step 4 - Stop

Flowchart 2-



PRACTICAL NO. 2

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to print the following pattern using nested for loop.

```
*  
* *  
* * *  
* * * *  
* * * * *  
* * * * * *
```

```
<html>  
<head>  
<title>Nested For Loop</title>  
</head>  
<body>  
<?php  
for($i=0;$i<=5;$i++)  
{  
for($j=0;$j<=$i;$j++)  
{  
echo "* ";  
}  
echo "<br>";  
}  
?>  
</body>  
</html>
```

Output:-



Practical NO 3

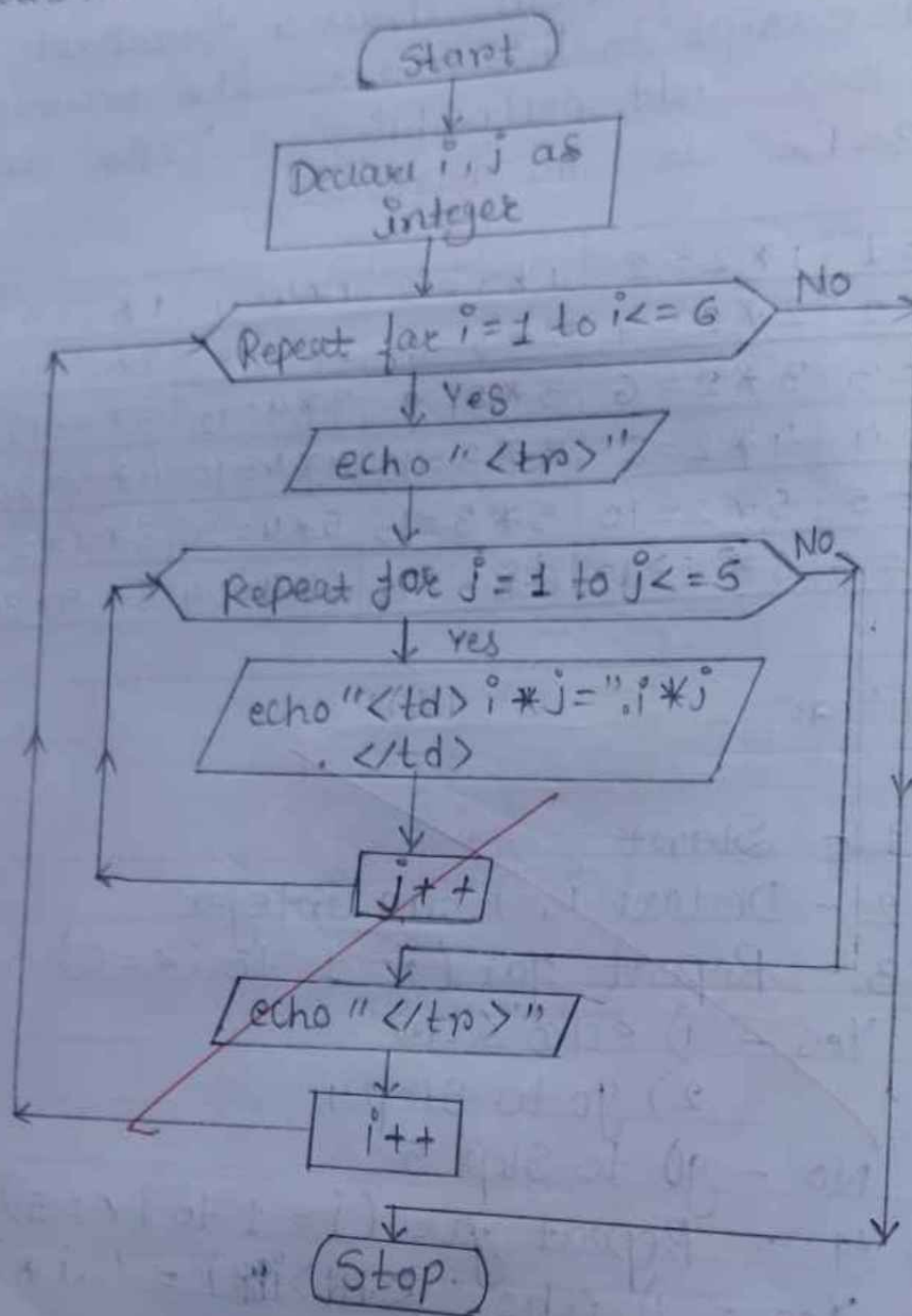
- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to that create the following table using loop. Add cellpadding = "3px" and cellspacing = "30px" to table tag.

| | | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1 * 1 = 1 | 1 * 2 = 2 | 1 * 3 = 3 | 1 * 4 = 4 | 1 * 5 = 5 |
| 2 * 1 = 2 | 2 * 2 = 4 | 2 * 3 = 6 | 2 * 4 = 8 | 2 * 5 = 10 |
| 3 * 1 = 3 | 3 * 2 = 6 | 3 * 3 = 9 | 3 * 4 = 12 | 3 * 5 = 15 |
| 4 * 1 = 4 | 4 * 2 = 8 | 4 * 3 = 12 | 4 * 4 = 16 | 4 * 5 = 20 |
| 5 * 1 = 5 | 5 * 2 = 10 | 5 * 3 = 15 | 5 * 4 = 20 | 5 * 5 = 25 |
| 6 * 1 = 6 | 6 * 2 = 12 | 6 * 3 = 18 | 6 * 4 = 24 | 6 * 5 = 30 |

Algorithm :-

- Step 1 - Start
- Step 2 - Declare i, j as integer
- Step 3 - Repeat $\text{for } (i = 1 \text{ to } i \leq 6)$
 Yes - 1) echo "<tr>"
 2) go to Step 4
 No - go to Step 5
- Step 4 - Repeat $\text{for } (j = 1 \text{ to } j \leq 5)$
 Yes - 1) echo "<td>i * j = ".i * j "</td>"
 2) j++
 No - 1) echo "
"
 2) i++
- Step 5 - Stop

Flowchart - 3



PRACTICAL NO. 3

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to that creates the following table using for loops. Add cellpadding="3px" and cellspacing="0px" to table tag.

| | | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1 * 1 = 1 | 1 * 2 = 2 | 1 * 3 = 3 | 1 * 4 = 4 | 1 * 5 = 5 |
| 2 * 1 = 2 | 2 * 2 = 4 | 2 * 3 = 6 | 2 * 4 = 8 | 2 * 5 = 10 |
| 3 * 1 = 3 | 3 * 2 = 6 | 3 * 3 = 9 | 3 * 4 = 12 | 3 * 5 = 15 |
| 4 * 1 = 4 | 4 * 2 = 8 | 4 * 3 = 12 | 4 * 4 = 16 | 4 * 5 = 20 |
| 5 * 1 = 5 | 5 * 2 = 10 | 5 * 3 = 15 | 5 * 4 = 20 | 5 * 5 = 25 |
| 6 * 1 = 6 | 6 * 2 = 12 | 6 * 3 = 18 | 6 * 4 = 24 | 6 * 5 = 30 |

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<table align="left" border="1" cellpadding="3px" cellspacing="0px">
<?php
for($i=1;$i<=6;$i++)
{
echo "<tr>";
for ($j=1;$j<=5;$j++)
{
echo "<td>$i * $j = ".$i*$j."</td>";
}
echo "</tr>";
}
?>
</table>
</body>
```

</html>

Output:-



The screenshot shows a web browser window with a table displayed on the page. The table has 5 columns and 10 rows. The data in the table is as follows:

| id | name | age | gender | city |
|----|--------|-----|--------|---------------|
| 1 | John | 25 | Male | New York |
| 2 | Jane | 30 | Female | Los Angeles |
| 3 | Mike | 35 | Male | Chicago |
| 4 | Sarah | 28 | Female | San Francisco |
| 5 | David | 32 | Male | London |
| 6 | Emily | 27 | Female | Paris |
| 7 | James | 31 | Male | Tokyo |
| 8 | Alice | 29 | Female | Beijing |
| 9 | Robert | 33 | Male | Mumbai |
| 10 | Olivia | 26 | Female | Sydney |



The screenshot shows a web browser window with a table displayed on the page. The table has 5 columns and 10 rows. The data in the table is as follows:

| id | name | age | gender | city |
|----|--------|-----|--------|---------------|
| 1 | John | 25 | Male | New York |
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| 5 | David | 32 | Male | London |
| 6 | Emily | 27 | Female | Paris |
| 7 | James | 31 | Male | Tokyo |
| 8 | Alice | 29 | Female | Beijing |
| 9 | Robert | 33 | Male | Mumbai |
| 10 | Olivia | 26 | Female | Sydney |

Practical No. 4.

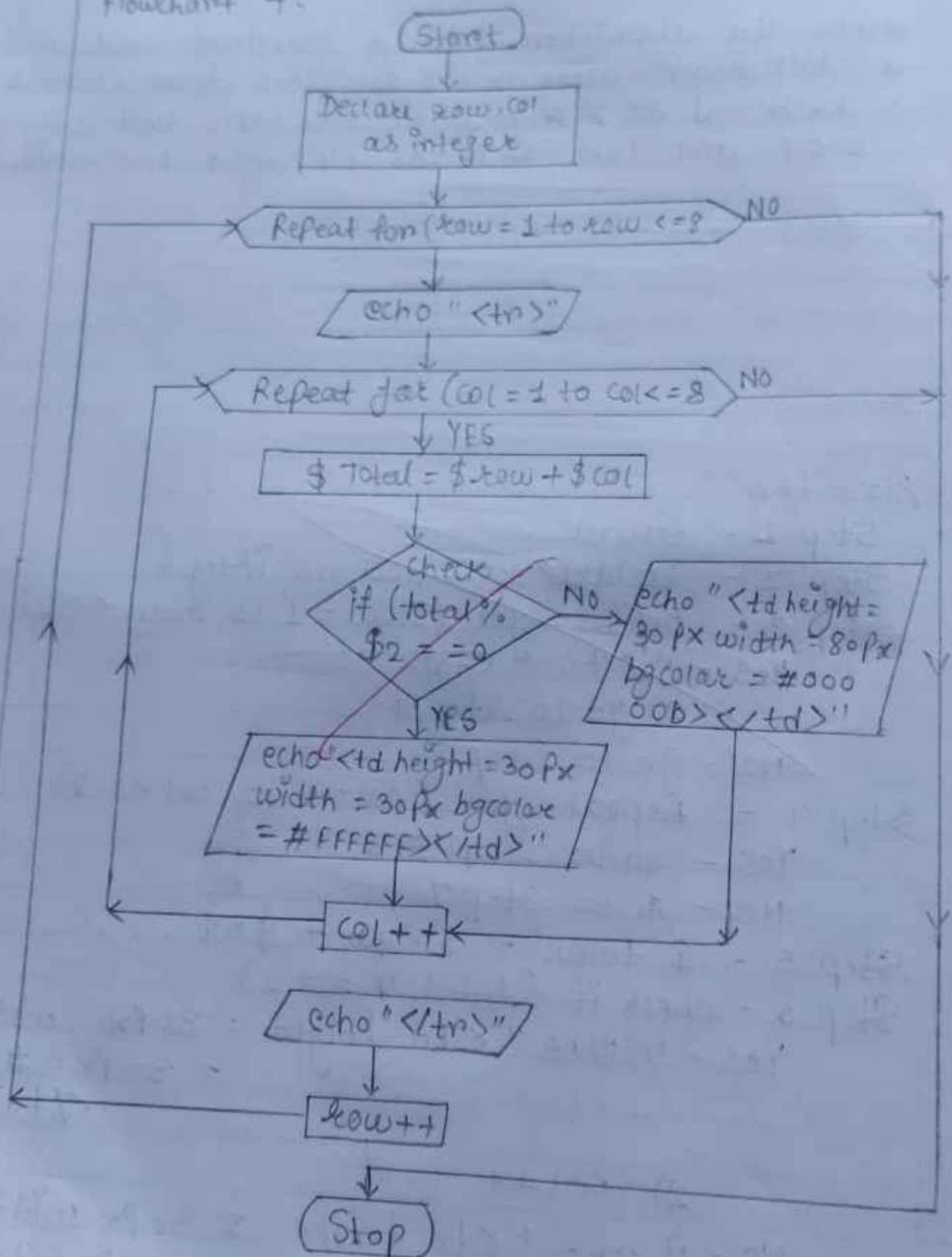
- * Write the algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script using nested for loop that creates a chessboard as shown below like table width = "2707" and take 30px as cell height and width.

Algorithm :-

- Step 1 - Start
- Step 2 - Declare row, col as integer
- Step 3 - Repeat for (row = 1 to row <= 8)
- Yes - 1) echo "<tr>"
- 2) go to Step 4
- No - go to Step 8
- Step 4 - Repeat for (col = 1 to col <= 8)
- Yes - go to Step 5, 6
- No - go to Step 7
- Step 5 - \$total = \$row + \$col
- Step 6 - check if (total % 2 == 0)
- Yes - 1) echo "<td height = 30px width = 30px = #FFFFFF></td>"
- 2) col++
- No - 1) echo "<td height = 30px width = 30px bgcolor = #000000></td>"
- 2) col++
- Step 7 - 1) echo "</tr>"
- 2) row++
- Step 8 - Stop

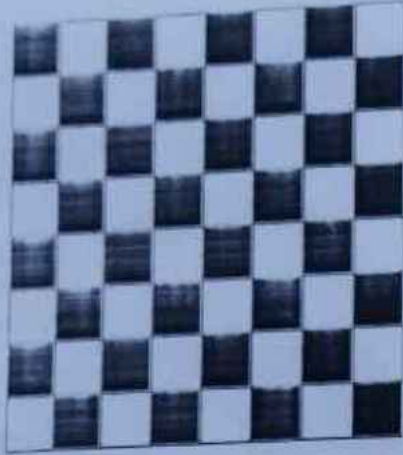
EXCELLENT

Flowchart 4.



PRACTICAL NO.. 4

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and Write a PHP script using nested for loop that creates a chess board as shown below. Use table width="270px" and take 30px as cell height and width.



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title></title>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
</head>
<body>
<h3>Chess Board using Nested For Loop</h3>
<table width="270px" cellspacing="0px" cellpadding="0px" border="1px">
<!-- cell 270px wide (8 columns x 60px) -->
<?php
    for($row=1;$row<=8;$row++)
```

```
{
echo "<tr>";
for($col=1;$col<=8;$col++)
{
$Total=$row+$col;
if($Total%2==0)
{
echo "<td height=30px width=30px bgcolor=#FFFFFF></td>";
}
else
{
echo "<td height=30px width=30px bgcolor=#000000></td>";
}
}
echo "</tr>";
}
?>

</table>

</body>
</html>
```

Output:-



Practical No. 5.

- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP Script to convert a date from YYYY-mm-dd to dd-mm-YYYY

Algorithm -

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - Declare the variable
`$date = "2012-09-12"`

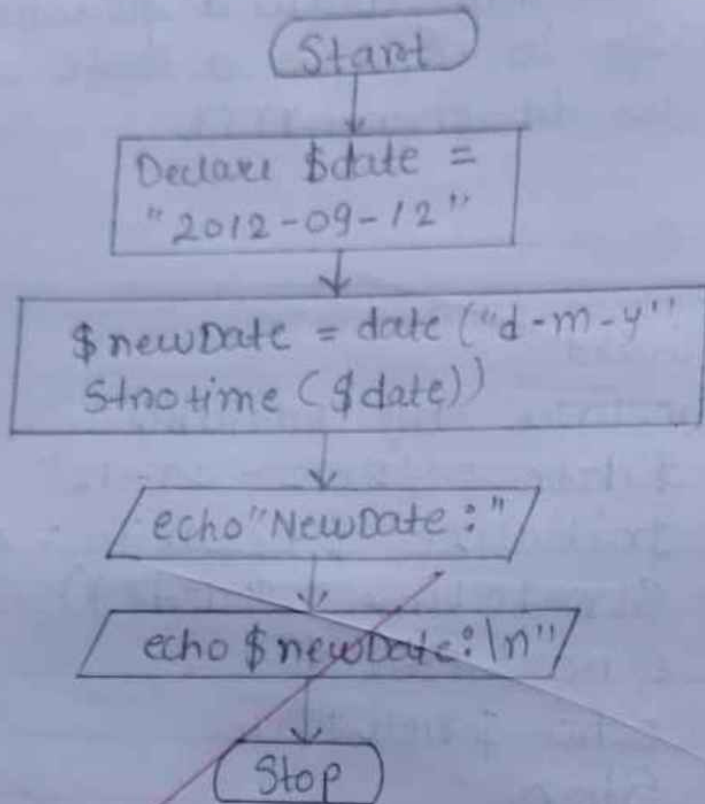
Step 3 - Initialize `$newDate = date("d-m-y",
strtotime($date))`

Step 4 - `echo "New date :"`

Step 5 - `echo $newDate`

Step 6 - Stop

Flowchart 5-



PRACTICAL NO. 5

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to convert a date from yyyy-mm-dd to dd-mm-yyyy.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<table align="left" border="1" cellpadding="3px" cellspacing="0px">
<tr>
<td><?php
$date = "2012-09-12";
$newDate = date("d-m-Y", strtotime($date));
echo "New Date:";
echo $newDate."\n";
?></td>
</tr>
</table>
</body>
</html>
```

Output:-



Practical No. 6

Page No. :

Date :

- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script function that checks if a String is all lowercase

Algorithm :-

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - Declare \$String = "String"

Step 3 - check if (ctype_lower (\$String))

Yes - 1) echo \$String . ' is all lowercase letter!
2) go to step 4

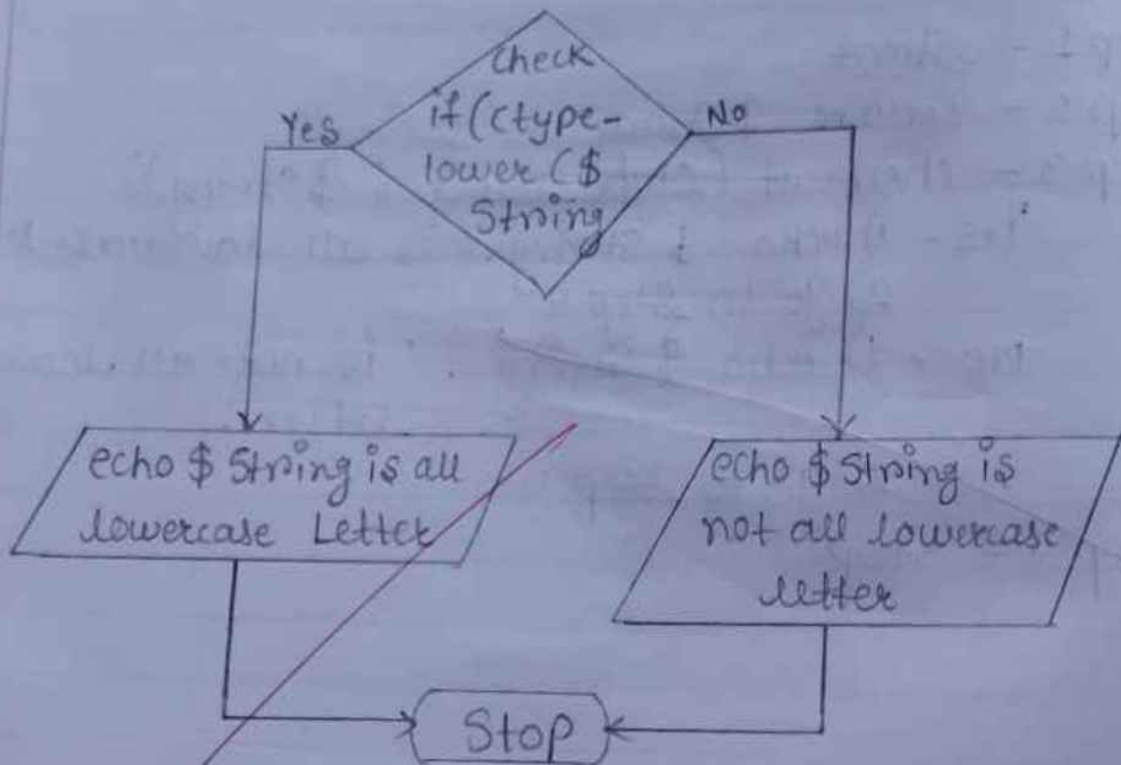
No - 1) echo \$String . ' is not all lowercase letter!
2) go to step 4

Step 4 - Stop

Flowchart G

Start

Declare a String
\$String = "String"



PRACTICAL NO. 6

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP function that checks if a string is all lowercase.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
$string = "string";

if (ctype_lower($string)) {
    echo $string.' is all lowercase letters.';
} else {
    echo $string.' is not all lowercase letters.';
}
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Output:-



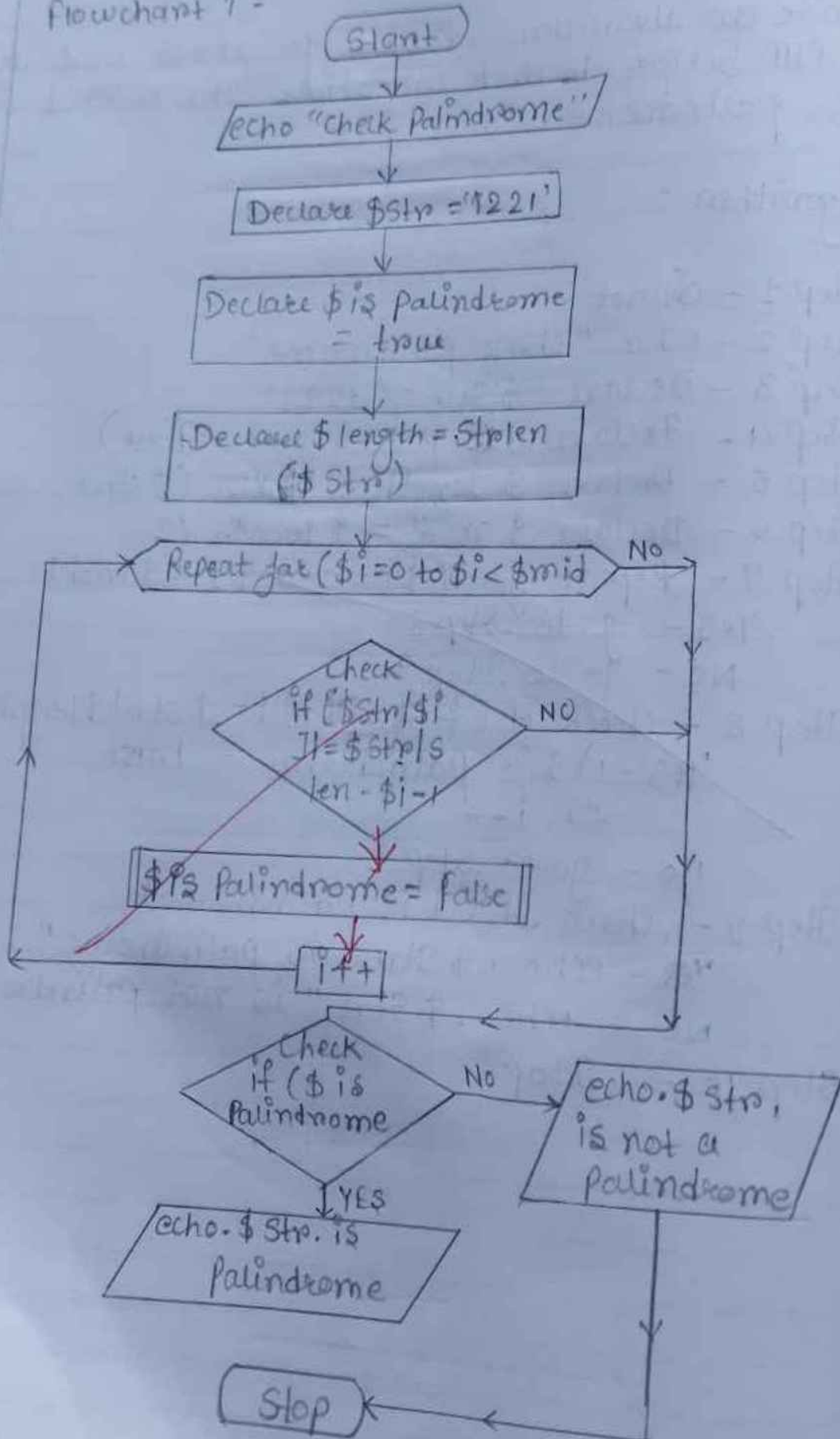
Practical No. 7

- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP Script to check wheather the entered String is palindrome

Algorithm :-

- Step 1 - Start
- Step 2 - echo "check palindrome"
- Step 3 - Declare \$str = "1221"
- Step 4 - Declare \$is palindrome = True
- Step 5 - Declare \$length = strlen(\$str)
- Step 6 - Declare \$mid = \$length / 2
- Step 7 - Repeat for (\$i = 0 to \$i < \$mid)
- Yes - go to Step 8
- No - go to Step 9
- Step 8 - check if (\$str[\$i] != \$str[\$length - \$i - 1])
- Yes - 1) \$is palindrome = false
- 2) i++
- No - go to Step 9
- Step 9 - Check if (\$is palindrome)
- Yes - echo . \$str " is palindrome "
- No - echo . \$str " is not palindrome "
- Step 10 - Stop.

Flowchart 7 -



PRACTICAL NO. 7

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to check whether an entered string is palindrome or not.

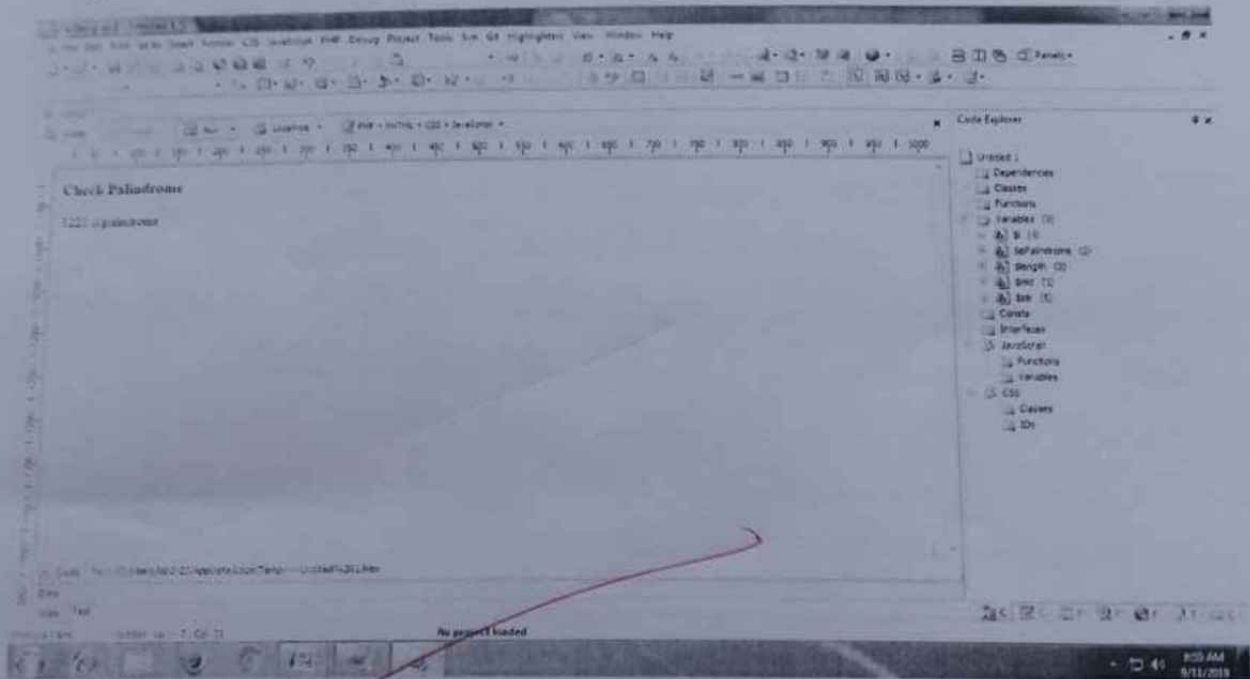
```
<html>
<body>
<?php
echo '<h3> Check Palindrome </h3>';

$str = '1221';
$isPalindrome = true;
$length = strlen($str);
$mid = $length/2;
for ($i = 0; $i < $mid; $i++) {
    if ($str[$i] != $str[$length - $i - 1]) {
        $isPalindrome = false;
        break;
    }
}

if ($isPalindrome)
{
    echo '<div>' . $str . ' is palindrome</div>';
}
else
{
    echo '<div>' . $str . ' is not palindrome</div>';
}
```


?>
</body>
</html>

Output:-



Practical No. 8.

* Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP Script to insert a new item in an array on any position.

Algorithm :-

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - Declare \$original = array("1","2","3","4","5")

Step 3 - echo "original array"

Step 4 - Repeat foreach (\$original as \$x)

Yes - 1) echo "\$x"

No - 2) go to Step 5

Step 5 - Set \$inserted = '\$'

Step 6 - call function array_splice(\$original, 3, 0, \$inserted)

Step 7 - echo "After inserting '\$' the array is :"

Step 8 - Repeat foreach (\$original as \$x)

Yes - 1) echo "\$x"

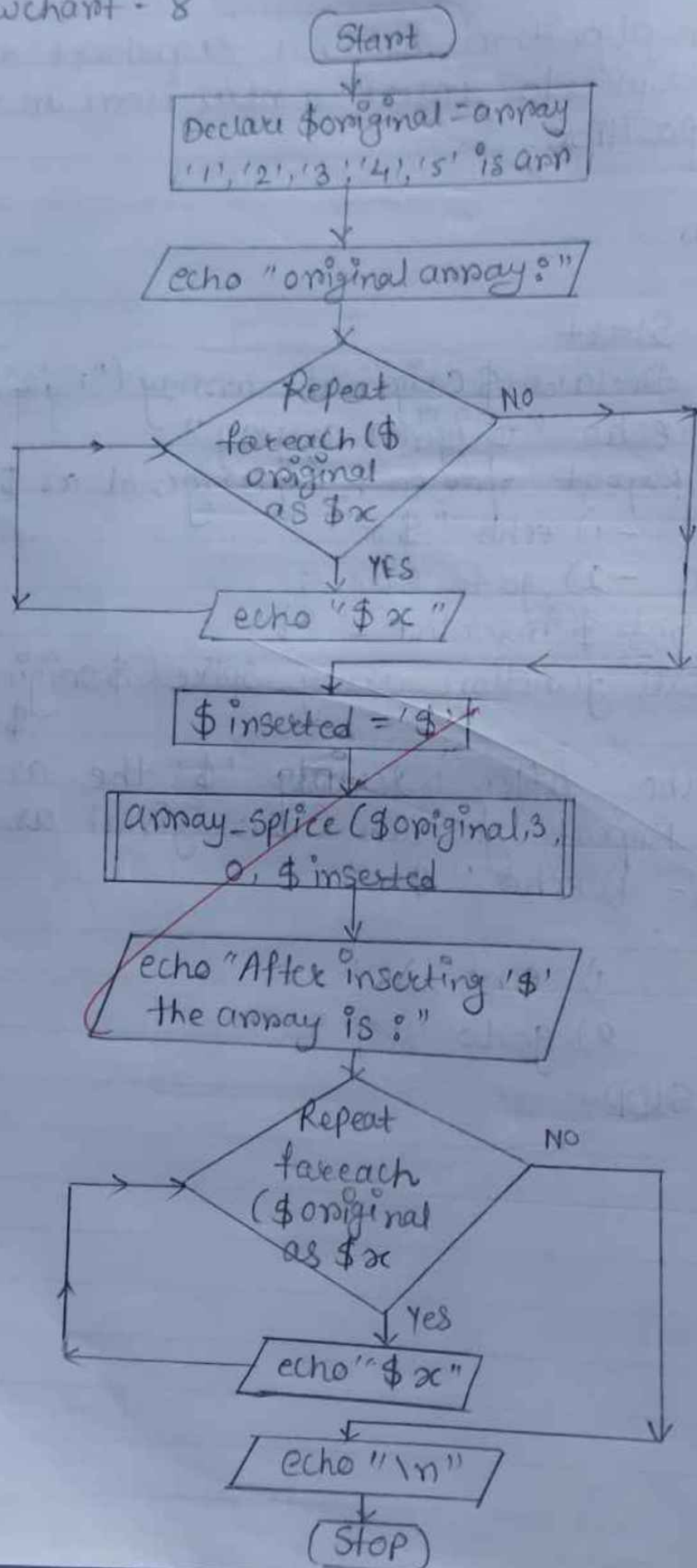
No :

1) echo "\n"

2) go to step 9

Step 9 - Stop.

Flowchart - 8



PRACTICAL NO. 8

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to insert a new item in an array on any position.

```
<html>
<head>
<title> Element at any position in array </title>
</head>
<body>
<?php
$original = array( '1','2','3','4','5' );
echo 'Original array : '. "\n";
foreach ( $original as $x )
{
    echo "$x ";
}
$inserted = '$';
array_splice( $original, 3, 0, $inserted );
echo " \n After inserting '$' the array is : ". "\n";
foreach ( $original as $x )
{
    echo "$x ";
}
echo "\n"
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Output:-



A screenshot of a Java Swing window titled "JFrame". The window contains a text area with the text "Hello World!". The window has a standard Mac OS X title bar with red, yellow, and green buttons. The text area is a simple rectangular box with a thin border.



Practical No. 9

- * Write the algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to check that email id valid or not.

Algorithm :-

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - check if ($\$_POST['email'] \neq ''$)

Yes - 1) Pass the variable using $\$_POST$

$\$email = \$_POST['email']$

2) function domain_exists($\$email$, $\$record$)
= 'MX'

3) Test ($\$user$, $\$domain$) = explode('@', $\$email$)

4) check wheather domain name exist
or not return checkdnsm($\$domain$,
 $\$record$)

5) check if (domain_exists($\$email$))

Yes :- 1) echo ('This MX record exist,
I will accept this email as
valid')

2) go to Step 3

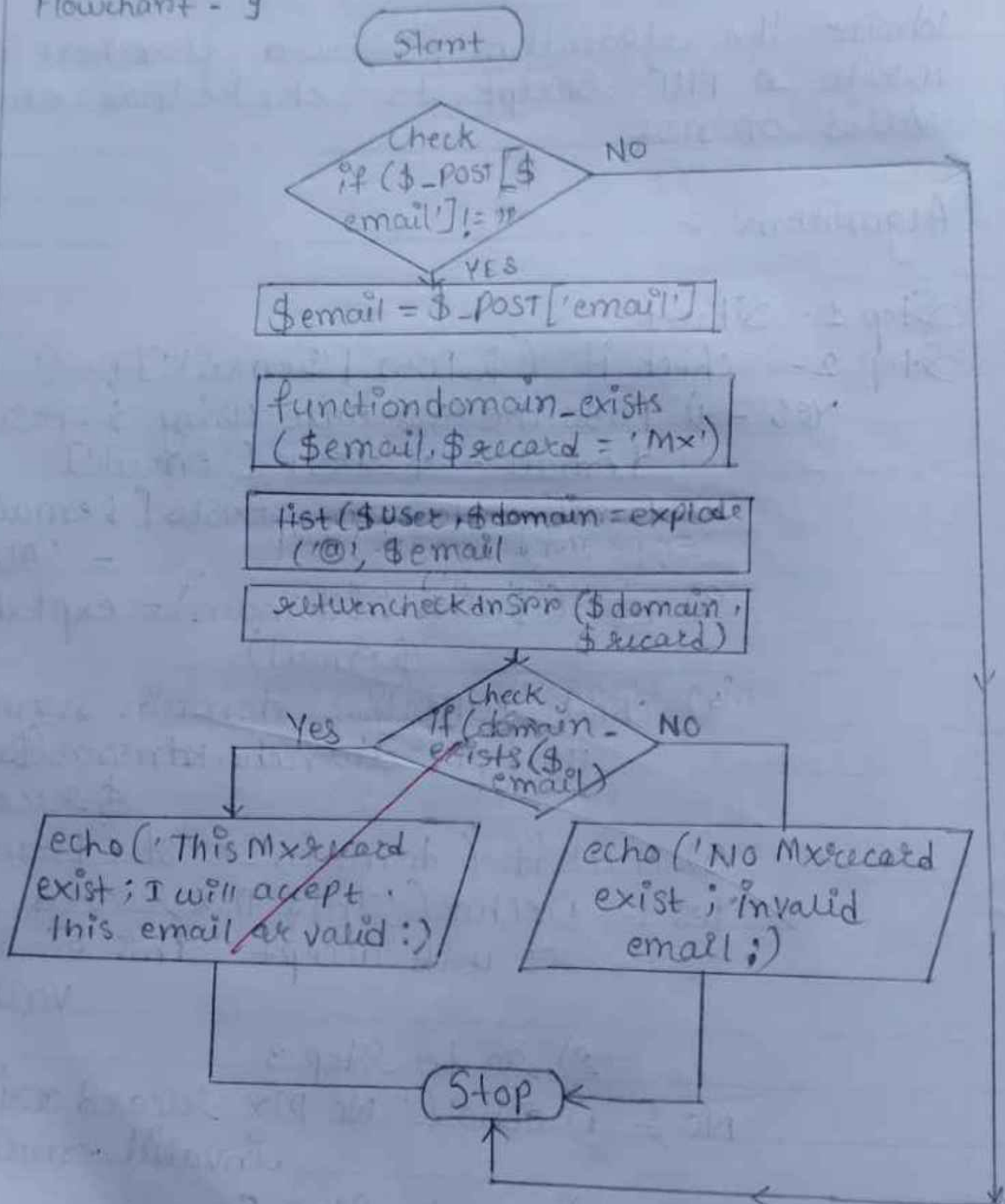
No :- 1) echo ('No MX record exist;
Invalid email.')

2) go to Step 3

No :- go to Step 3

Step 3 :- Stop.

Flowchart - 9



PRACTICAL NO. 9

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to check that email id is valid or not.

```
<?php
if($_POST['Semail'] != "")
{
    // The email to validate
    $email = $_POST['email'];
    // An optional sender
    function domain_exists($email, $record = 'MX')
    {
        list($user, $domain) = explode('@', $email);
        return checkdnsrr($domain, $record);
    }
    if(domain_exists($email))
    {
        echo('This MX records exists; I will accept this email as valid.');
    }
    else
    {
        echo('No MX record exists; Invalid email.');
    }
}

?>

<form method="POST">
```

```
<input type="text" name="email">  
<input type="submit" value="submit">  
</form>
```

Output:-



Practical No. 10

- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP Script for extracting multiple values from array.

Algorithm :-

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - Declare and initialize the variables

`$a = "original"`

Step 3 - Declare array

`$my_array = array("a" => "Cat", "b" => "Dog", "c" => "Horse")`

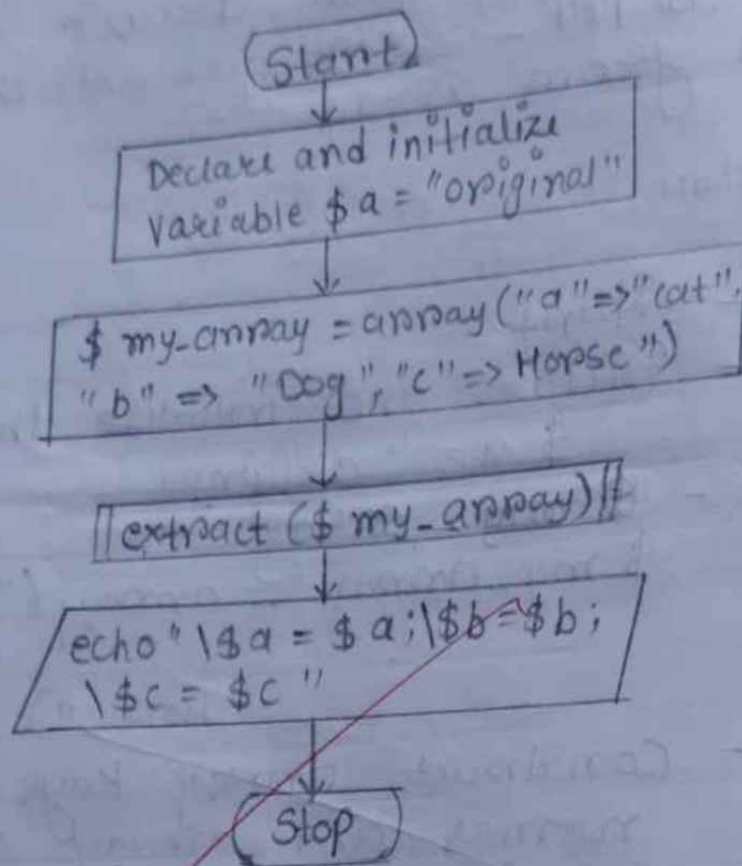
Step 4 - Construct array keys into variable names and array values into variables using extract() call function.

`extract($my_array)`

Step 5 - `echo "\$a = $a ; \$b = $b ; \$c = $c",`

Step 6 - Stop

Flowchart - 10



PRACTICAL NO. 10

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script for extracting multiple values from array.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<?php
$a = "Original";
$my_array = array("a" => "Cat", "b" => "Dog", "c" => "Horse");
extract($my_array);
echo "\$a = $a; \$b = $b; \$c = $c";
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Practical NO. 11

- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP Script to converting between array and Variable.

Algorithm :-

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - Declare and initialize an array
`$cars = array("Volvo", "BMW", "Toyota")`

Step 3 - count array length
`$arrlength = count($cars)`

Step 4 - Repeat ~~for~~ (`$x = 0` to `$x < $arrlength`)

Yes - 1) echo `$cars[$x]`.

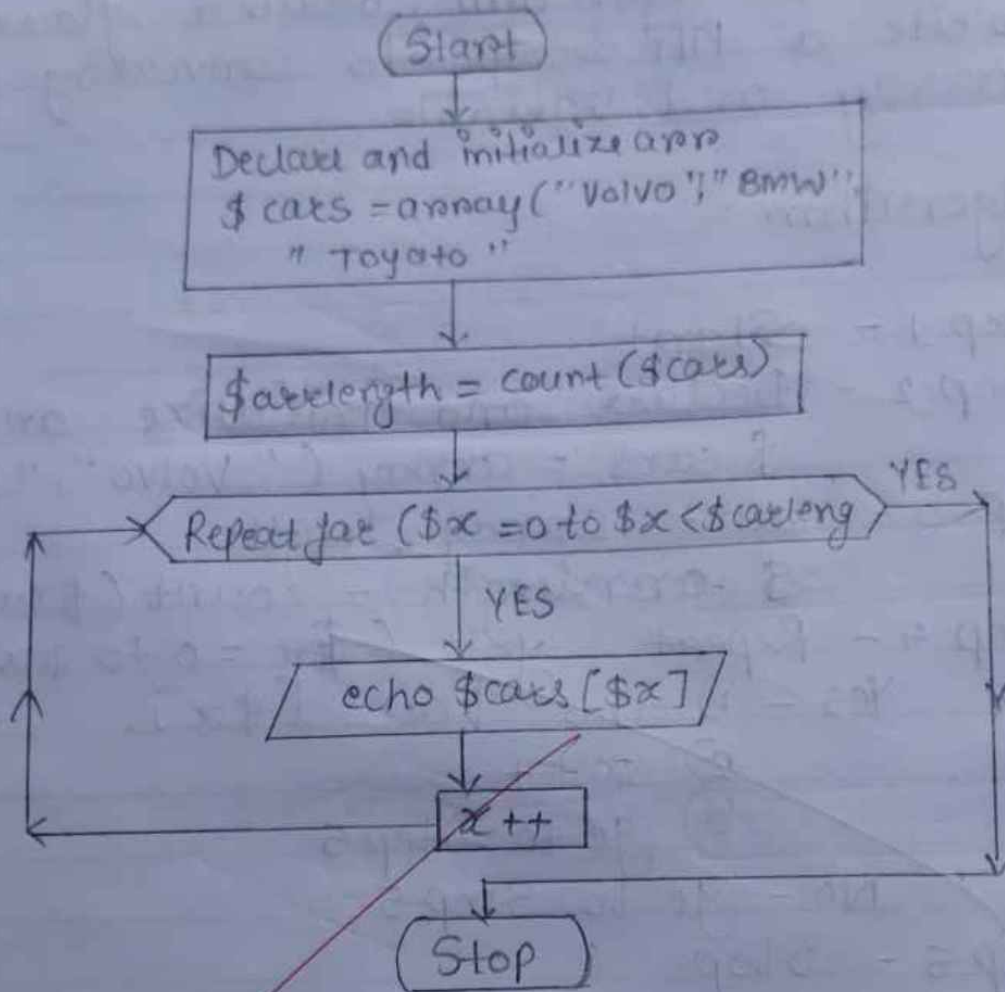
2) `x++`

3) go to Step 5

No - go to Step 5

Step 5 - Stop.

Flowchart - 11 -



PRACTICAL NO. 11

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to Converting between array and variable.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<?php
Scars = array("Volvo", "BMW", "Toyota");
Sarrlength = count(Scars);

for($x = 0; $x < Sarrlength; $x++) {
    echo Scars[$x];
    echo "<br>";
}
?>

</body>
</html>
```

Output

Volvo
BMW
Toyota

Practical No. 12

- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP Script to design a calculator.

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - check if (isset(\$_POST['sub']))

Yes - 1) \$txt1 = \$_POST['n1']

\$txt2 = \$_POST['n2']

\$oprnd = \$_POST['sub']

2) Check if (\$oprnd == "+")

Yes - \$res = \$txt1 + \$txt2

No - Check if (\$oprnd == "-")

Yes - \$res = \$txt1 - \$txt2

No - Check if (\$oprnd == "*")

Yes - \$res = \$txt1 * \$txt2

No - Check if (\$oprnd == "/")

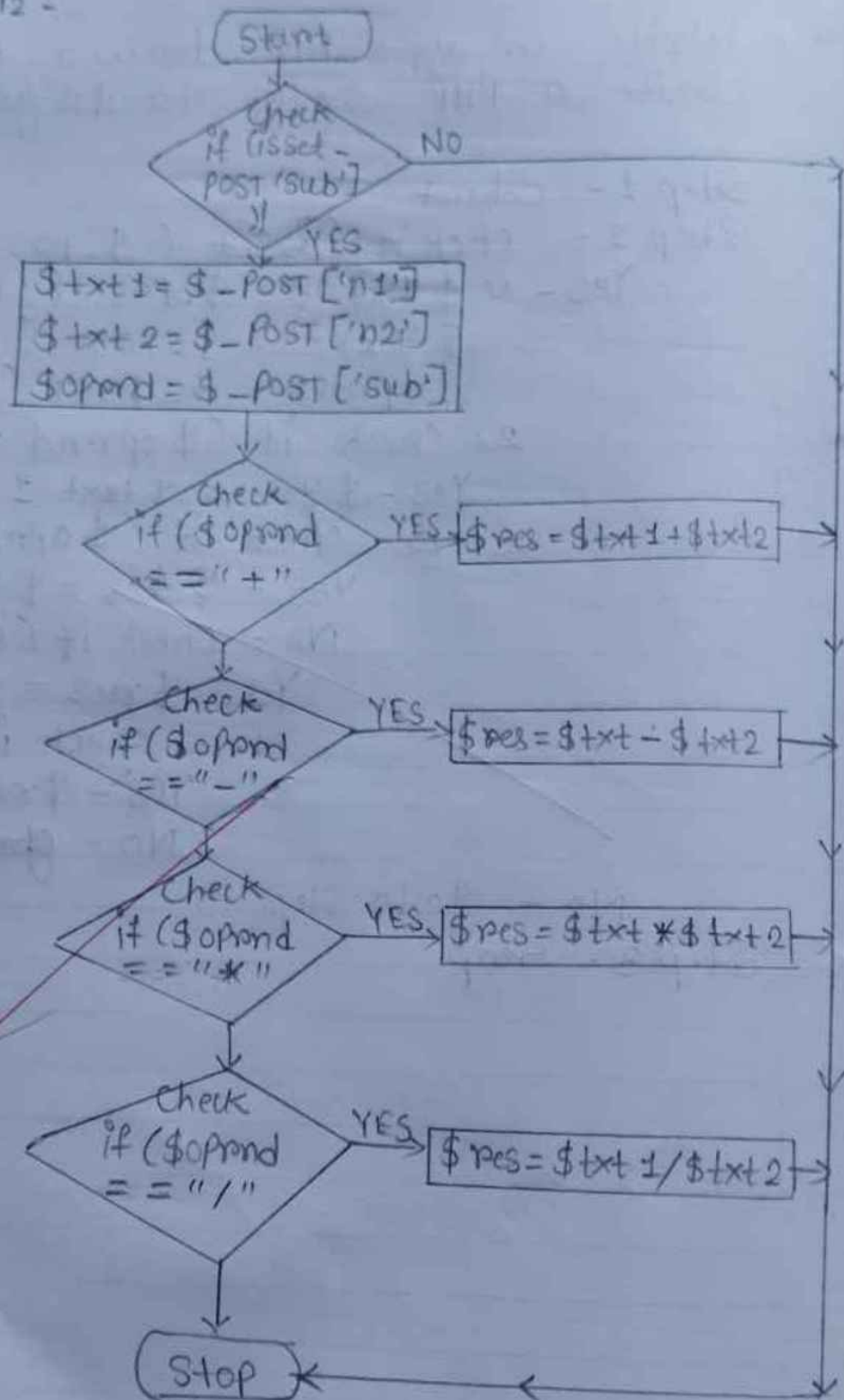
Yes - \$res = \$txt1 / \$txt2

No - go to Step 3

No - go to Step 3

Step 3 - Stop

Flowchart 12 -



PRACTICAL NO. 12

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to design a Calculator.

```
<?php
```

```
if(isset($_POST['sub']))
```

```
{
```

```
    $txt1=$_POST['n1'];
```

```
    $txt2=$_POST['n2'];
```

```
    $oprnd=$_POST['sub'];
```

```
    if($oprnd=="+")
```

```
        $res=$txt1+$txt2;
```

```
    else if($oprnd=="-")
```

```
        $res=$txt1-$txt2;
```

```
    else if($oprnd=="x")
```

```
        $res=$txt1*$txt2;
```

```
    else if($oprnd=="/")
```

```
        $res=$txt1/$txt2;
```

```
}
```

```
?>
```

```

<form method="post" action="">
Calculator
<br>
No1:<input name="n1" value="<?php echo $txt1; ?>">
<br>
No2:<input name="n2" value="<?php echo $txt2; ?>">
<br>
Res:<input name="res" value="<?php echo $res; ?>">
<br>
<input type="submit" name="sub" value="+">
<input type="submit" name="sub" value="-">
<input type="submit" name="sub" value="x">
<input type="submit" name="sub" value="/">
</form>

```

Output:-

Calculator

| | |
|------|---|
| No1: | 4 |
| No2: | 2 |
| Res: | 2 |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| + | - | x | / |
|---|---|---|---|

PRACTICAL NO: 13

Calculator

No1:<input name="n1" value="<?php echo \$txt1; ?>">

No2:<input name="n2" value="<?php echo \$txt2; ?>">

Res:<input name="res" value="<?php echo \$res; ?>">

<input type="submit" name="sub" value="+">

<input type="submit" name="sub" value="-">

<input type="submit" name="sub" value="x">

<input type="submit" name="sub" value="/">

</form>

Output:-

Calculator

No1: 4

No2: 2

Res: 2

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| + | - | x | / |
|---|---|---|---|

PRACTICAL NO: 13

Practical No.13

- * Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to check form validation.

Algorithm -

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - Declare and initialize the variable with empty values.

```
$name = $email = $gender = $comment =  
$website = ""
```

Step 3 - Check if (`$_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "POST"`)

Yes - 1) `$name = Test_input($_POST["name"])`
`$email = Test_input($_POST["email"])`
`$website = Test_input($_POST["website"])`
`$comment = Test_input($_POST["comment"])`
`$Gender = Test_input($_POST["gender"])`

2) go to step 4

No - go to step 4

Step 4 - Define user input data through the test_input() function.

```
function Test_input($data)  
{  
    $data = Trim($data)  
    $data = Stripslashes($data)  
    $data = htmlspecialchars($data)  
    return $data  
}
```

Step 5 - `echo htmlspecialchars($_SERVER["PHP_SELF"])`

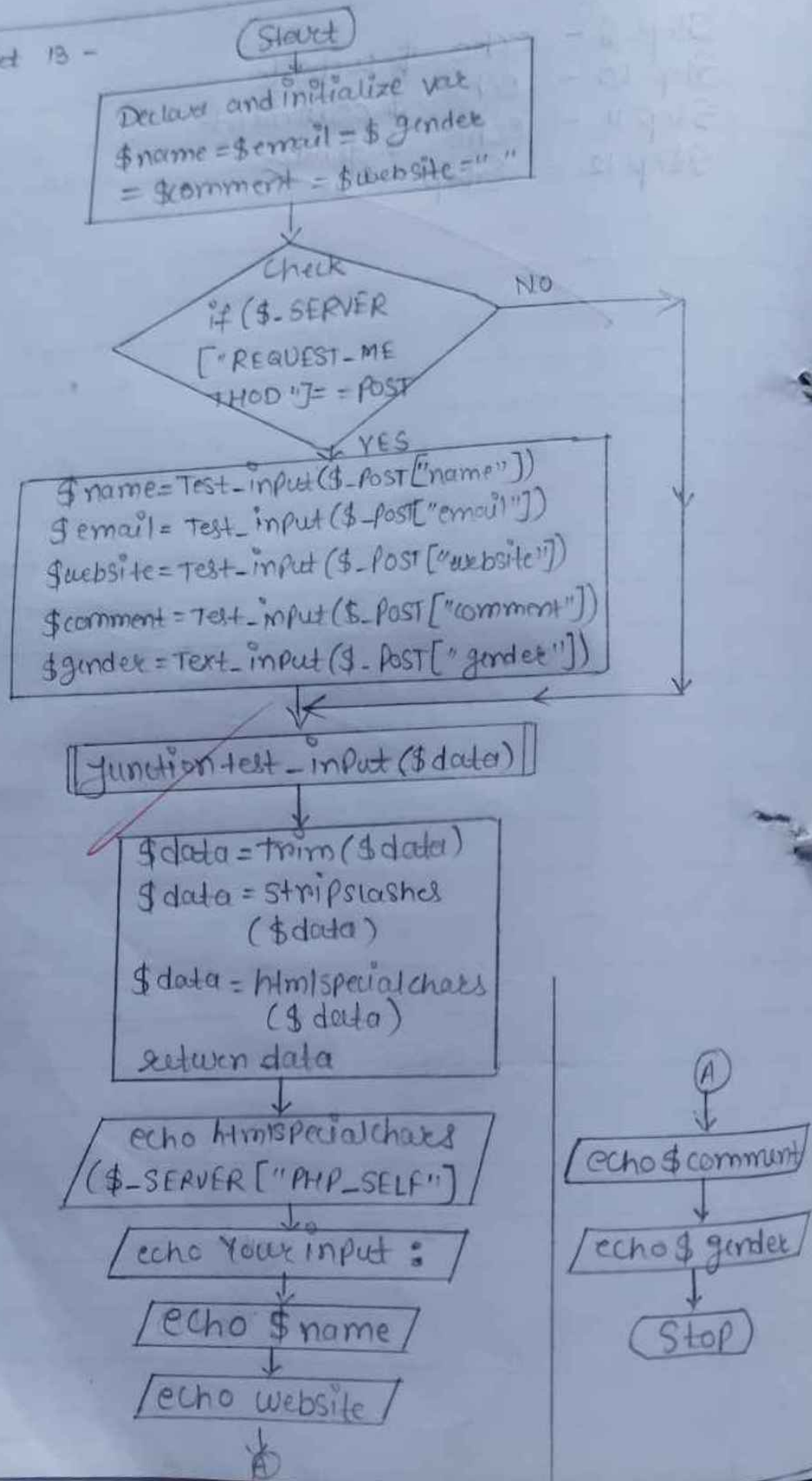
Step 6 - `echo "Your Input :"`

Step 7 - `echo $name`

Step 8 - `echo $email`

Step 9 - echo \$ website
Step 10 - echo \$ comment
Step 11 - echo \$ gender
Step 12 - Stop

Flowchart 13 -



2PRACTICAL NO: 13

Write an algorithm, draw a flowchart and write a PHP script to check Form Validation.

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head>
</head>
<body>

<?php
// define variables and set to empty values
$name = $email = $gender = $comment = $website = "";

if($_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "POST") {
    $name = test_input($_POST["name"]);
    $email = test_input($_POST["email"]);
    $website = test_input($_POST["website"]);
    $comment = test_input($_POST["comment"]);
    $gender = test_input($_POST["gender"]);
}

function test_input($data) {
    $data = trim($data);
    $data = stripslashes($data);
    $data = htmlspecialchars($data);
    return $data;
}
?>

<h2>PHP Form Validation Example</h2>
<form method="post" action="<?php echo htmlspecialchars($_SERVER["PHP_S
ELF"]);?>">
    Name: <input type="text" name="name">
    <br><br>
    E-mail: <input type="text" name="email">
```

```
<br><br>
Website: <input type="text" name="website">
<br><br>
Comment: <textarea name="comment" rows="5" cols="40"></textarea>
<br><br>
Gender:
<input type="radio" name="gender" value="female">Female
<input type="radio" name="gender" value="male">Male
<input type="radio" name="gender" value="other">Other
<br><br>
<input type="submit" name="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
```

```
<?php
echo "<h2>Your Input:</h2>";
echo $name;
echo "<br>";
echo $email;
echo "<br>";
echo $website;
echo "<br>";
echo $comment;
echo "<br>";
echo $gender;
?>
```

```
</body>
</html>
```

PHP Form Validation Example

Name

E-mail

Website

Comments

Gender

Female

Male

Other

Submit

Your Input:

Successful
15/11/2022