TRAINING > ANDROID BASICS IN KOTLIN > INTERNET > COROUTINES

Coroutines \square Let's do a quick test! You must answer at least 7 questions correctly to pass this quiz.



Return to pathway	
Fill-in-the-blanks Enter one or more words to complete the sentence.	
The main thread, sometimes called the UI thread	i, is responsible for updating the
screen in an Android app.	
⊘ Correct!	
2. Which of the following are some of the pitfalls of dire	actly using threads in your
code?	outy doing unroado in your
Choose as many answers as you see fit.	
Race conditions Correct!	
✓ Inconsistent output ✓ Correct!	
✓ Unresponsive UI	
Thread is deprecated	
3. Which of the following is true about coroutines?	
Once started, a coroutine cannot be canceled.	
A coroutine always runs on the main thread.	
A coroutine may or may not execute. Correct!	
Coroutines avoid the need to create new threads, by running every task	on the same thread.
True or False: If a function already calls a suspend fut to be marked as a suspend function itself.	nction, then it does not need
↑ True	
● False	
5. Which of the following are suspend functions?. Choose as many answers as you see fit.	
async()	
✓ The lambda passed into async()	
runBlocking()	
✓ The lambda passed into runBlocking() ✓ Correct!	
6. Which of the following are false about async() and	<pre>runBlocking()?</pre>
O Both functions take a CoroutineScope (a suspend function) as a para	meter.
Both functions return a Deferred	
You'll typically not use runBlocking in Android app code.	
When using async, you need to use await() to access the returned value	2 .
7. True or False: In most apps, you would create corouting	nes using the global scope
True	3.0000 000 00
● False	
(a) 14100 (b) 14100 (c) 14	



