

## Coordinate Geometry Revision

1. Given the points A(2,3) and B( 8,11)

Determine the following

- i) The length of the line segment [AB]
- ii) The coordinate of the midpoint of [AB]
- iii) The slope of [AB]
- iv) The equation of [AB]
- v) The equation of a line which is parallel to [AB]
- vi) The equation of a line which is perpendicular to [AB]

2. Given the line  $l_1: 2x + y = 8$  and  $l_2: x - 2y = -1$

Determine the coordinate of the intercepts of  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  and draw the lines on a set of coordinate axes.

Identify the point of intersection and verify algebraically ( Simultaneous equations )

3. Plot the points P(2,2), Q(8,10) and R( 0,4). Verify that the triangle PQR is right angled and isosceles.

4. Plot the point A(2,1) B(-2,3) C(1,-2)

- i) Find the midpoint of [AB]
- ii) Find the slope of [AB]
- iii) Find the equation of a line,  $l_3$  which is perpendicular to [AB] and contains its midpoint.
- iv) Find the midpoint of [AC]
- v) Find the slope of [AC]
- vi) Find the equation of a line,  $l_4$  which is perpendicular to [AC] and contains its midpoint
- vii) Find the point of intersection of  $l_3$  and  $l_4$