## Computer Architectures -- part 2/2

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## **Question 1**

Considering the MIPS64 architecture presented in the following:

- Integer ALU: 1 clock cycle
- Data memory: 1 clock cycle
- FP multiplier unit: pipelined 8 stages
- FP arithmetic unit: pipelined 4 stages
- FP divider unit: not pipelined unit that requires 10 clock cycles
- branch delay slot: 1 clock cycle, and the branch delay slot is not enable
- forwarding is enabled
- it is possible to complete instruction EXE stage in an out-of-order fashion.
- o and using the following code fragment, show the timing of the presented loop-based program and compute how many cycles does this program take to execute?

	.data
V1:	.double "100 values"
V2:	.double "100 values"
V3:	.double "100 values"
V4:	.double "100 zeros"
V5:	.double "100 zeros"

.text

main:	daddui r1,r0,0
	daddui r2,r0,100
loop:	1.d f1,v1(r1)
	1.d f2,v2(r1)
	1.d f3,v3(r1)
	mul.d f4,f1,f2
	s.d f4,v4(r1)
	add.d f5,f1,f2
	mul.d f2,f1,f3
	add.d f1,f5,f2
	s.d f1,v5(r1)
	daddui r1,r1,8
	daddi r2,r2,-1
	bnez r2,loop
	Halt

comments	Clock cycles
r1← pointer	
r2 <= 100	
$f1 \ll v1[i]$	
$f2 \ll v2[i]$	
f3 <= v3[i]	
$f4 \leftarrow v1[i]*v2[i]$	
v4[i] ← f4	
$f5 \leftarrow v1[i]+v2[i]$	
$f2 \leftarrow v1[i]*v3[i]$	
$f1 \leftarrow v1[i] + v2[i] + v1[i] * v3[i]$	
$v5[i] \leftarrow f1$	
$r1 \leftarrow r1 + 8$	
r2 ← r2 - 1	

Total

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## **Ouestion 2**

Considering the same loop-based program, and assuming the following processor architecture for a superscalar MIPS64 processor implemented with multiple-issue and speculation:

- issue 2 instructions per clock cycle
- jump instructions require 1 issue
- handle 2 instructions commit per clock cycle
- timing facts for the following separate functional units:
  - i. 1 Memory address 1 clock cycle
  - ii. 1 Integer ALU 1 clock cycle
  - iii. 1 Jump unit 1 clock cycle
  - iv. 1 FP multiplier unit, which is pipelined: 8 stages
  - v. 1 FP divider unit, which is not pipelined: 10 clock cycles
  - vi. 1 FP Arithmetic unit, which is pipelined: 4 stages
- Branch prediction is always correct
- There are no cache misses
- There are 2 CDB (Common Data Bus).
- o Complete the table reported below showing the processor behavior for the 2 initial iterations.

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# iteration		Issue	EXE	MEM	CDB x2	COMMIT x2
1	l.d f1,v1(r1)					
1	l.d f2,v2(r1)					
1	l.d f3,v3(r1)					
1	mul.d f4,f1,f2					
1	s.d f4,v4(r1)					
1	add.d f5,f1,f2					
1	mul.d f2,f1,f3					
1	add.d f1,f5,f2					
1	s.d f1,v5(r1)					
1	daddui r1,r1,8					
1	daddi r2,r2,-1					
1	bnez r2,loop					
2	l.d f1,v1(r1)					
2	l.d f2,v2(r1)					
2	l.d f3,v3(r1)					
2	mul.d f4,f1,f2					
2	s.d f4,v4(r1)					
2	add.d f5,f1,f2					
2	mul.d f2,f1,f3					
2	add.d f1,f5,f2					
2	s.d f1,v5(r1)					
2	daddui r1,r1,8					
2	daddi r2,r2,-1					
2	bnez r2,loop					