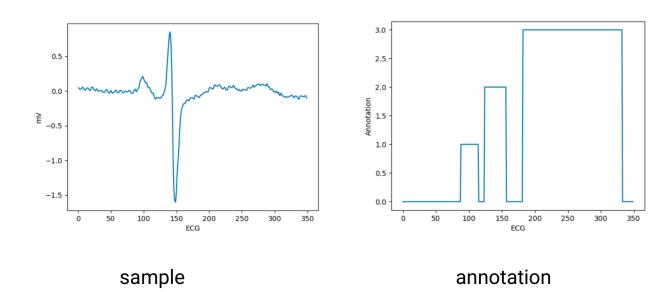
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Homework#3: Detection and Identification of Electrocardiogram Signals using Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN)

Wednesday, June 23, 2021

In this assignment, we predict the secondary sequences (annotations) from their primary sequences (samples) .each sample sequence contains continuous data and it's annotation sequence consist of discrete value 0 to 3.



first we read data from sample files and their corresponding annotation files. then we have to extract patterns from each sample and it's annotation based on the window size. for example if we have

sample: 1.5, 2.5, 3.5

annotation: 0, 1, 1

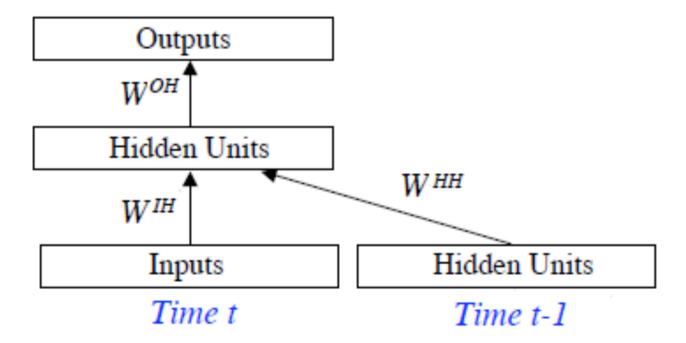
pattern with window 3:

1.5, 0, 2.5, 1, 3.5 and label 1

we extract all patterns for all input data. we use first 80% patterns of each data patterns for training and 20% rest for test.

for representing output, i used one 4 bit hot encoding since we have discrete values between 0 to 3.

first we train our network with Elman network



In Elman networks, input of hidden layer is input and value of previous state of hidden layer. output calculated as before. for simplification i truncated unfolded network to just one time step. to implement this part i used ElmanSimpleRecurrent from pyneurgen.recurrent library. we define number of neurons in each layer. (i choose w to be number of hidden layer because its half of the input size) and create an elman network. then we set learning rate and activation function type(i use sigmoid). then we give out training data and test data to model, we set

our arbitrary epoch number. and we learn and test the model. here is the result for w = 5, 11, 21

epoch: 0 MSE: 0.0340570942463748 epoch: 1 MSE: 0.0275189141479150 epoch: 2 MSE: 0.0270267797794185 epoch: 3 MSE: 0.0269956955508889 epoch: 4 MSE: 0.0269320385038898

accuracy test of elman rnn is: 70.67% and mse is: 0.08736 with window size:

21 and epoch number: 5

Runtime of the program is 7:53:49

epoch: 0 MSE: 0.03540374857094246 epoch: 1 MSE: 0.02691507518914147 epoch: 2 MSE: 0.02692677977941854 epoch: 3 MSE: 0.02699569555088897 epoch: 4 MSE: 0.02693203850388988

accuracy test of elman rnn is: 91.23% and mse is: 0.08709 with window size: 11

and epoch number: 5

Runtime of the program is 5:03:51

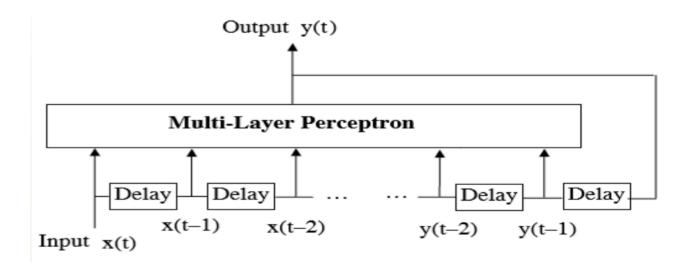
epoch: 0 MSE: 0.0310678942463901 epoch: 1 MSE: 0.0265108914147431 epoch: 2 MSE: 0.0268012607796779 epoch: 3 MSE: 0.0259956955508889 epoch: 4 MSE: 0.0258320385038988

accuracy test of elman rnn is: 92.52% and mse is: 0.08603 with window size: 5

and epoch number: 5

Runtime of the program is 4:24:31

In narx networks, input of hidden layer is input and value of previous state of output layer with desired delay. output calculated as before. to implement this part i used NARXRecurrent from pyneurgen.recurrent library. we define number of neurons in each layer. (i choose w to be number of hidden layer because its half of the input size) and create a narx network. then we set learning rate and activation function type(i use sigmoid). then we give out training data and test data to model, we set our arbitrary epoch number. and we learn and test the model. here is the result for w = 5, 11, 21



epoch: 0 MSE: 0.0290367047604096 epoch: 1 MSE: 0.0285128848418794 epoch: 2 MSE: 0.0280424175156491 epoch: 3 MSE: 0.0279064707103217 epoch: 4 MSE: 0.0278872798865026

accuracy test of narx rnn is: 78.01% and mse is: 0.08376 with window size: 21

and epoch number: 5

Runtime of the program is 7:04:49

epoch: 0 MSE: 0.02940546264473656 epoch: 1 MSE: 0.02895610085030078 epoch: 2 MSE: 0.02892437119496215 epoch: 3 MSE: 0.02891964449601236 epoch: 4 MSE: 0.02798060194090055

accuracy test of narx rnn is: 93.64% and mse is: 0.08245 with window size: 11

and epoch number: 5

Runtime of the program is 6:53:51

epoch: 0 MSE: 0.0290650126885621 epoch: 1 MSE: 0.0285684990941583 epoch: 2 MSE: 0.0280864348855667 epoch: 3 MSE: 0.0279855681593699 epoch: 4 MSE: 0.0278509352251721

accuracy test of narx rnn is: 94.02% and mse is: 0.07980 with window size: 5

and epoch number: 5

Runtime of the program is 5:51:31