Al Assisted Coding

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BATCH:04

ASSIGNMENT:13.2

```
TASK 1: Task: Provide AI with the following redundant code and ask it to
refactor
Python Code
def calculate_area(shape, x, y=0):
if shape == "rectangle":
return x * y
elif shape == "square":
return x * x
elif shape == "circle":
return 3.14 * x * x
PROMPT:
Task: Provide AI with the following redundant code and ask it to
refactor
Python Code
def calculate_area(shape, x, y=0):
if shape == "rectangle":
return x * y
```

elif shape == "square":

elif shape == "circle":

return 3.14 * x * x

return x * x

CODE& OUTPUT:

```
import math
      def calculate area(shape, x, y=0):
           shape = shape.lower()
          area functions = {
               "rectangle": lambda x, y: x * y,
               "square": lambda x, _: x * x,
               "circle": lambda x, : math.pi * x * x,
           if shape not in area functions:
 11
               raise ValueError("Unsupported shape")
 12
           return area functions[shape](x, y)
      # Example calls with output
      print("Rectangle area:", calculate area("rectangle", 5, 3))
 17
      print("Square area:", calculate area("square", 4))
      print("Circle area:", calculate area("circle", 7))
 20
PROBLEMS (1)
             OUTPUT
                      DEBUG CONSOLE
                                    TERMINAL
                                               PORTS
PS C:\Users\kurapati pruthvi\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code> & "C:\Users\
hon\Python313\python.exe" "c:/Users/kurapati pruthvi/OneDrive/Documents/AI 7 9.py"
PS C:\Users\kurapati pruthvi\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code> & "C:\Users\
hon\Python313\python.exe" "c:/Users/kurapati pruthvi/OneDrive/Documents/AI 7 9.py"
Rectangle area: 15
Square area: 16
Circle area: 153.93804002589985
PS C:\Users\kurapati pruthvi\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code>
```

- **1.Function Definition:** Defines a function <u>calculate_area</u> that takes the shape name and dimensions as input.
- **2.Shape Handling:** Converts the shape name to lowercase and defines a dictionary of lambda functions for calculating areas of different shapes.
- **3.Area Calculation:** If the shape is supported, it retrieves the corresponding lambda function and calculates the area using the provided dimensions.
- **4.Error Handling:** If the shape is not supported, it raises a <u>ValueError</u>.
- **5.Example Usage:** Calls the function with different shapes and dimensions, printing the calculated areas.

```
TASK2: Legacy function without proper error handling
Python Code
def read_file(filename):
f = open(filename, "r")
data = f.read()
.close()
return data
PROMPT:
Legacy function without proper error handling
Python Code
def read_file(filename):
f = open(filename, "r")
data = f.read()
.close()
return data
```

CODE AND OUTPUT:

```
C: > Users > kurapati pruthvi > OneDrive > Documents > 🏺 Al_7_2.py > ...
       def read file safe(filename):
           try:
               # The 'with' statement handles opening and automatically closing the file
              with open(filename, "r") as f:
                   data = f.read()
               return data
          except FileNotFoundError:
               # Handle the case where the file does not exist
               print(f"ERROR: The file '{filename}' was not found.")
               return None # Return None or raise a custom exception
          except IOError as e:
               # Handle general I/O errors (e.g., permission issues, reading errors)
               print(f"ERROR: An I/O error occurred while reading '{filename}': {e}")
               return None
      # Create a dummy file for testing
      with open("test file.txt", "w") as f:
           f.write("Hello, Legacy World!")
 18
      content = read file safe("test file.txt")
      if content is not None:
          print(f"\n--- SUCCESS ---")
          print(f"File content: {content}")
      # 2. File not found case
      print("\n--- ERROR: File Not Found ---")
      content missing = read file safe("non existent file.txt")
      print(f"Result for missing file: {content missing}")
      # 3. Handling potential permission issues (conceptual example)
      # In a real-world scenario, you might get an IOError if you try
      # to read a file without the necessary permissions.
      print("\n--- ERROR: General I/O (Conceptual) ---")
      # the function would print the I/O error message.
      content io error = read file safe("locked file.dat")
      print(f"Result for IO error test: {content io error}")
      import os
      os.remove("test_file.txt")
```

OUTPUT:

```
File content: Hello, Legacy World!

--- ERROR: File Not Found ---
ERROR: The file 'non_existent_file.txt' was not found.
Result for missing file: None

--- ERROR: General I/O (Conceptual) ---
ERROR: The file 'locked_file.dat' was not found.
Result for IO error test: None
PS C:\Users\kurapati pruthvi\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code> []
```

OBSERVATION:

<u>1.read_file_safe</u>: Defines a function to safely read files, handling errors.

2.Success: Creates, writes to, and reads "test_file.txt", printing the content.

3.File Not Found: Attempts to read "non_existent_file.txt", printing an error.

4.IOError (Conceptual): Attempts to read "locked_file.dat", demonstrating potential I/O error handling.

5.Cleanup: Deletes "test_file.txt"

Task3: Provide this legacy class to AI for readability and modularity improvements:

Python Code class Student:

def __init__(self, n, a, m1, m2, m3):

self.n = n

self.a = a

self.m1 = m1

self.m2 = m2

self.m3 = m3

def details(self):

print("Name:", self.n, "Age:", self.a)

return self.m1+self.m2+self.m3

def total(self):

comprehension

PROMPT: Provide this legacy class to AI for readability and modularity improvements:

```
Python Code
class Student:
def __init__(self, n, a, m1, m2, m3):
self.n = n
self.a = a
self.m1 = m1
self.m2 = m2
self.m3 = m3
def details(self):
print("Name:", self.n, "Age:", self.a)
def total(self):
return self.m1+self.m2+self.m3
```

CODE &OUTPUT:

```
C: > Users > kurapati pruthvi > OneDrive > Documents > 🌻 Al_7.3.py > ધ Student > 🗘 get_average
      class Student:
           def init (self, name: str, age: int, marks: list[int]):
               self.name = name
               self.age = age
               self.marks = marks # A list of marks (e.g., [85, 90, 92])
           def get details(self) -> str:
               return f"Name: {self.name}, Age: {self.age}"
           def get total marks(self) -> int:
               return sum(self.marks)
           def get average(self) -> float:
               return sum(self.marks) / len(self.marks)
 11
 12
          def str (self) -> str:
               return self.get details()
      # Z Example usage
      if name == "__main__":
           # Create a student object with name, age, and list of 3 marks
           student1 = Student("Alice", 17, [85, 90, 92])
           # Display student details and calculated information
           print(student1.get details())
           print("Total Marks:", student1.get total marks())
           print("Average Marks:", student1.get average())
PROBLEMS (1)
             OUTPUT
                     DEBUG CONSOLE
                                     TERMINAL
PS C:\Users\kurapati pruthvi\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code> & "C:\User
hon\Python313\python.exe" "c:/Users/kurapati pruthvi/OneDrive/Documents/AI 7.3.py
PS C:\Users\kurapati pruthvi\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code> & "C:\User
hon\Python313\python.exe" "c:/Users/kurapati pruthvi/OneDrive/Documents/AI 7.3.py
Name: Alice, Age: 17
Total Marks: 267
Average Marks: 89.0
PS C:\Users\kurapati pruthvi\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code> & "C:\User
hon\Python313\python.exe" "c:/Users/kurapati pruthvi/OneDrive/Documents/AI 7.3.py
Name: Alice, Age: 17
Total Marks: 267
Average Marks: 89.0
PS C:\Users\kurapati pruthvi\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code>
```

OBSERVATION:

1.Class Definition: Defines a <u>Student</u> class to represent student data.

1. <u>init</u> (Constructor): Initializes a <u>Student</u> object with

a <u>name</u> (string), <u>age</u> (integer), and <u>marks</u> (list of integers).

2.get details **Method:** Returns a formatted string containing the student's name and age.

3.get total marks Method: Calculates and returns the sum of the student's marks.

4.get average Method: Calculates and returns the average of the student's marks.

5.Example Usage: Creates a <u>Student</u> object, then calls the methods to display the student's details, total marks, and average marks.

6.Class Definition: Defines a <u>Student</u> class to represent student data.

7.Class Definition: Defines a <u>Student</u> class to represent student data.

```
Task4: Refactor this inefficient loop with AI help
Python Code
nums = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
squares = []
for i in nums:
squares.append(i * i)
```

PROMPT:

Task: Refactor this inefficient loop with AI help
Python Code
nums = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
squares = []
for i in nums:
squares.append(i * i)
Expected Output: AI suggested a list comprehension

```
CODE:
```

```
1  nums = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
2  squares = [i * i for i in nums]
3  print(squares)
4
```

OUTPUT:

```
hon\Python313\python.exe" "c:/Users/kurapati pruthvi/OneDrive/Documents/AI-7.4
[1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100]
PS C:\Users\kurapati pruthvi\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code>
```

OBSERVATION:

- 1.nums = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]: Creates a list named <u>nums</u> containing the integers from 1 to 10.
- 2.squares = [i * i for i in nums]: This is a list comprehension. It creates a new list called squares.
- 3.for i in nums: The list comprehension iterates through each element i in the nums list.
- 4.i * i: For each element i, it calculates the square of i (i.e., i multiplied by itself).
- **5.List Creation**: The results of these calculations are collected into a new list called <u>squares</u>.
- 6.print(squares): Prints the squares list to the console. The output will be [1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100].