

# POKHARA UNIVERSITY

Level: Bachelor      Semester: Fall      Year : 2018  
 Programme: BE      Full Marks: 100  
 Course: Engineering Mathematics II      Pass Marks: 45  
 Time : 3hrs.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

**Attempt all the questions.**

1. a) Find the image of the point (1,2,3) in the plane  $2x-y+z+3=0$ . 8

**OR**

Find the shortest distance between the lines

$ax + by + cz + d = 0 = a_1x + b_1y + c_1z + d$ , and  $z$ -axis.

- b) Find the equation of sphere, its centre and radius which has the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ ,  $x - 2y + 2z = 5$  as a great circle. 7
2. a) Write down the criteria for a function  $f(x, y)$  of two variables  $x$  and  $y$  to have maximum or minimum values at a point. 8  
 If the sum of the dimension of a rectangular swimming pool is given. Prove that the amount of water in the pool is maximum when it is cube.
- b) State and prove Euler's theorem for homogeneous function of two variables. If  $v = \log\left(\frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}\right)$  Prove that  $x \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 1$ . 7

3. a) Evaluate  $\int_0^4 \int_y^4 \frac{x dx dy}{x^2 + y^2}$  by changing the order of integration. 8

- b) Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region in the  $xy$ -plane that is bounded by the parabola  $y = 4 - x^2$  and line  $y = 3x$  while the top of the solid is bounded by the plane  $z = x + 4$ . 7

4. a) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{x} \sin 2y = x^3 \cos^2 y$  7

- b) Solve.  $y'' + 9y = \sec 3x$ ; (method of variation of parameter) 8

5. a) Solve the differential equation :  $(1 + x^2)y'' + xy' - y = 0$ , by using power series methods. 7

**OR**

Define Bessel Equation and Bessel function of order  $n$ . Also show that

$$\frac{d}{dx} [x^{-n} J_n(x)] = -x^{-n} J_{n+1}(x).$$

- b) Solve the initial value problem:  $y'' - 4y' + 3y = 10e^{-2x}$  where  $y(0) = 1$  and  $y'(0) = 3$ . 8

6. a) Define convolution theorem for inverse Laplace Transform and use it 8

to find  $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s^2 + w^2)^2}\right)$

- b) Using Laplace Transform solve the initial value problem  $y'' - 4y' + 3y = e^{-t}$   $y(0) = y'(0) = 1$  7

7. Write short notes : 2.5×4

- a) Find the equation of the plane through  $(-1, 1, -1)$  and  $(6, 2, 1)$  and normal to the plane  $2x + y + z = 5$ .

- b) Solve  $e^{x-y} dx + e^{y-x} dy = 0$ .

- c) If  $f(x, y, z) = \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{z} + \frac{z}{x}$ , then show that  $x \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = 0$ .

- d) Find  $f(t)$  if  $F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 36}$