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CHAPTER – 22

INFIX, POSTFIX, PREFIX

PRECEDENCE OBSERVATIONS

Since **precedence** plays such an important role in transforming **infix** to **postfix**, let us assume the existence of a function *prcd* (*op1*, *op2*), where *op1* and *op2* are characters representing operators. This function returns **TRUE** if *op1* has **precedence** over *op2* when *op1* appears to the left of *op2* in an **infix** expression without parentheses. *prcd* (*op1*, *op2*) returns **FALSE** otherwise. *prcd* ('*', '+') and *prcd* ('+', '+') are **TRUE**, whereas *prcd* ('+', '*') is **FALSE**.

Note that at each point of the simulation, an **operator** on the **stack** has a lower **precedence** than all the **operators** above it. This is because the initial **empty stack** trivially satisfies this condition, and an **operator** is **pushed** onto the **stack** only if the **operator** currently on **top** of the **stack** has a lower **precedence** than the incoming **operator**.

When an opening parenthesis is read, it must be pushed on the **stack**. This can be done by establishing the convention that *prcd* (*op*, '(') equals **FALSE**, for any operator symbol *op* other than a right parenthesis. In addition, *prcd* ('(', *op*) should be **FALSE** for any operator symbol *op*. This ensures that an **operator** symbol appearing after a left parenthesis is pushed onto the **stack**.

When a closing parenthesis is read, all **operators** up to the first opening parenthesis must be **popped** from the **stack** into the **postfix string**. This can be achieved by defining *prcd* (*op*, ')') as **TRUE** for all operators *op* other than a left parenthesis. When these **operators** have been **popped** off the **stack** and the opening parenthesis is uncovered, special action must be taken. The opening parenthesis must be **popped** off the **stack** and the closing parenthesis is discarded rather than placed in the **postfix string** or

on the **stack**. Defining *prcd* (‘(’, ‘)’) to **FALSE**, ensures that upon reaching an opening parenthesis, the loop is skipped, so that the opening parenthesis is not inserted into the **postfix string**. The closing parenthesis should not be **pushed** onto the **stack**.

EVALUATING A PREFIX EXPRESSION

Algorithm to evaluate prefix expression:

operandstk = the empty stack;

prevoperand = *false*;

/ Need to read the multiple digits in the right order after prefix conversion. Need to convert the multiple digits to numeric values.*/*

while (not end of input) */* reading from end to beginning */*

{

 symb = next input character;

if (symb is an operand)

 {

push (operandstk, symb);

 } */* if symb is an operand */*

else */* symb is an operator */*

 {

 operator = symb;

 operand1 = *pop* (operandstk);

 operand2 = *pop* (operandstk);

 value = *oper* (operator, operand1, operand2);

push (operandstk, value);

 } */* else symb is an operator */*

} */* end of not end of input while loop */*

Process the operandstk for leftovers

return (*pop* (operandstk));

CONVERTING AN INFIX EXPRESSION TO PREFIX

Algorithm to convert infix string without parentheses into a prefix:

/ need to reverse the string sometimes. prcd may need to be reversed for left and right params */*

opstk = the empty operator stack

while (not end of input buffer *reading from back*)

{

/ symbol can be space too */*

symb = next input character;

if (symb is an operand)

add symb to the prefix string;

else

{

popandtest (opstk, topsymb, underflow);

while (!underflow && *prcd* (stacktop (opstk), symb))

{

add topsymb to the prefix string;

popandtest (opstk, topsymb, underflow);

} */* end of not empty while loop */*

if (!underflow)

push (opstk, symb);

if (underflow or hit open parenthesis)

push (opstk, symb);

else

topsymb = *pop* (opstk);

} */* end of else operator */*

} */* end of not end of input while loop */*

/ output any remaining operators */*

while (!*empty* (opstk))

{

topsymb = *pop* (opstk);

add topsymb to the prefix string;

} */*end of while not empty */*