Return on Equity:

1) Both companies' ROE score is high enough compared to the market average.
2) ROE of TOC has been consistently higher than that of Infosys over the past ten years, and it indicates that TCS is generating more profits from the investment of shareholders.
3) Presently, TCS and Infosys have ROE of 0.644 and 0.417, respectively.

Price to Earning Ratio:

1) P/E Ratio of TCs has been higher than the market average (i.e., 20) over the past ten years and currently stands at 31.53 (slightly less than that of Infosys). Its stocks are expensive and hence not preferred by investors; at the same time, it suggests high expectations for future growth.
2) Infosys showed a significant increase in P/E Ratio from 2020; currently, it stands at 34.80, slightly better than TCS, indicating the company's volatile performance. Also, investors are willing to pay a higher share price today because of growth expectations in the future.

Debt to Equity Ratio:

1) DE Ratio of both companies lies in the range of good DE ratio (i.e., between 0.3 and 0.6); currently, TCS and Infosys have 0.4911 and 0.3604, respectively. TCS is more capable of paying off the debt, and, at the same time is difficult for it to borrow more.
2) From a pure risk perspective, debt ratios of 0.4 or lower are considered better, so Infosys is better.

Current Ratio:

1) The current ratio of both companies has been higher than the market average, and it has declined since 2017; currently, it is 2.1 and 2.48 for Infosys and TCS, respectively.
2) It indicates that both companies are free from short-term obligations problems.

Cash Flow:

1) Both companies show positive, consistent growth/trends in terms of Cash Flow (both free and operational cash flow)
2) Both the Free and Operation Cash Flow of TCS has been higher compared to Infosys over 15 years, so TCS has more cash available to pay dividends, make acquisitions, or pay down debt. Also, the company is generating more cash from its operations.

Net Income | Revenue | EPS:

1) TCS and Infosys have shown consistent Net Income (Profitability) growth since 2006, with an average increment of approximately 20% and 16.5%, respectively, in the past four years.
2) There is a consistent increase in the Total Revenue in both companies, and again figure and higher for TCS.
3) TCS's net income and EPS are almost double that of Infosys over past 5 years.

EBITA CARG:

1) EBITA CARG for both companies are positive and comparable, indicating good profitability.

Closing Price | Volume: (Yet to add more details)

1) In the first week of January 2023,
    a. Volume of Infosys is increasing, whereas the closing price shows a dip, which means that investors are selling off their shares.
    b. Both the Closing Price and Volume of TCS are increasing, indicating an increment in demand among investors, and it is an excellent opportunity to buy.
2) From Jan 2020, both companies show positive trends up to the last week of march and then drop to the last week of September 2022.
3) Generally, the closing prices of TCS are double that of Infosys.

Results: TCS is better than Infosys for investing but expensive.