# foldamers Documentation *Release 0.0.1*

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This documentation is generated automatically using Sphinx, which reads all docstring-formatted comments from Python functions in the 'foldamers' repository. (See foldamers/doc for Sphinx source files.)

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## **COARSE GRAINED MODEL UTILITIES**

This page details the functions and classes in src/cg\_model/cgmodel.py

## 1.1 Coarse grained model objects and tools

Shown below is a detailed description of the functions in the 'cgmodel' module.

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## COARSE GRAINED MODEL PARAMETER ANALYSIS UTILITIES

This page details the modules, functions, and classes in src/parameter\_analysis

## 2.1 Parameter sampling protocols

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## THERMODYNAMIC ANALYSIS TOOLS FOR COARSE GRAINED MODELING

This page details the functions and classes in src/thermo

## 3.1 Heat capacity example with pymbar

Shown below are functions/tools used in order to calculate the heat capacity with pymbar.

#### UTILITIES FOR THE 'FOLDAMERS' PACKAGE

This page details the functions and classes in src/util.

### 4.1 Input/Output options (src/utilities/iotools.py)

Shown below is a detailed description of the input/output options for the foldamers package.

iotools.write\_pdbfile(CGModel, filename)

Writes the positions in 'CGModel' to the file 'filename'.

CGModel: Coarse grained model class object

filename: Path to the file where we will write PDB coordinates.

### 4.2 Utilities and random functions (src/utilities/util.py)

```
util.append_position(positions, new_coordinates)
```

Updates a set of input coordinates with 'new\_coordinate' in the cartesian coordinate direction indexted by 'direction'.

new\_coordinates: Cartesian coordinates for a particle (np.array(float \* unit (length = 3)))

direction: Cartesian direction index for particle placement, where: x=0,y=1,z=2. (integer)

trial\_coordinates: Existing cartesian coordinates for the particle we are updating. ( np.array( float \* unit ( length = 3 ) ) Optional, length = 1 Option

trial\_coordinates: Updated coordinates for the particle.

util.assign\_backbone\_beads (positions, monomer\_start, backbone\_length, sidechain\_length, sidechain\_positions, bond length)

Assign random position for a backbone bead

positions: Positions for all beads in the coarse-grained model. (np.array(num\_beads x 3))

```
monomer_start: Index of the bead to which we will bond this new backbone bead. (integer
     backbone_length: Number of beads in the backbone portion of each (individual) monomer
     (integer), default = 1
     sidechain_length: Number of beads in the sidechain portion of each (individual) monomer
     (integer), default = 1
     sidechain_positions: List of integers defining the backbone bead indices upon which we will
     place the sidechains, default = [0] (Place a sidechain on the backbone bead with index "0"
     (first backbone bead) in each (individual) monomer
     bond_length: Bond length for all beads that are bonded, (float * simtk.unit.distance) default
     = 1.0 * unit.angstrom
     positions: Positions for all beads in the coarse-grained model. (np.array(num_beads x 3))
util.assign_position(positions, bond_length, parent_index=-1)
     Assign random position for a bead
     positions: Positions for all beads in the coarse-grained model. (np.array(num_beads x 3))
     bond_length: Bond length for all beads that are bonded, (float * simtk.unit.distance) default
     = 1.0 * unit.angstrom
     positions: Positions for all beads in the coarse-grained model. (np.array(num_beads x 3))
util.assiqn_sidechain_beads(positions, sidechain_length, bond_length)
     Assign random position for all sidechain beads
     positions: Positions for all beads in the coarse-grained model. (np.array(num_beads x 3))
     sidechain_length: Number of beads in the sidechain portion of each (individual) monomer
     (integer), default = 1
     bond_length: Bond length for all beads that are bonded, (float * simtk.unit.distance) default
     = 1.0 * unit.angstrom
     positions: Positions for all beads in the coarse-grained model. (np.array(num_beads x 3))
util.attempt_move(parent_coordinates, bond_length)
     Given a set of cartesian coordinates, assign a new particle a distance of 'bond_length' away
     in a random direction.
     parent coordinates: Positions for a single particle, away from which we will place a new
     particle a distance of 'bond_length' away. (np.array(float * unit.angstrom (length = 3)))
     bond_length: Bond length for all beads that are bonded, (float * simtk.unit.distance) default
     = 1.0 * unit.angstrom
     trial coordinates: Positions for a new trial particle (np.array(float * unit.angstrom (length
     = 3))
```

#### util.collisions (distances, bond\_length)

Determine whether there are any collisions between non-bonded particles, where a "collision" is defined as a distance shorter than the user-provided 'bond\_length'.

distances: List of the distances between all nonbonded particles. ( list ( float \* simtk.unit.distance ( length = # nonbonded\_interactions ) ) )

bond\_length: Bond length for all beads that are bonded, ( float \* simtk.unit.distance ) default = 1.0 \* unit.angstrom

collision: Logical variable stating whether or not the model has bead collisions. default = False

#### util.distance(positions\_1, positions\_2)

Construct a matrix of the distances between all particles.

```
positions_1: Positions for a particle (np.array(length = 3))
```

positions\_2: Positions for a particle (np.array(length = 3))

distance (float \* unit)

#### util.distance\_matrix(positions)

Construct a matrix of the distances between all particles.

```
positions: Positions for an array of particles. (np.array(num_particles x 3))
```

distance\_matrix: Matrix containing the distances between all beads. ( np.array( num\_particles x 3 ) )

#### util.first bead(positions)

Determine if we have any particles in 'positions'

positions: Positions for all beads in the coarse-grained model. ( np.array( float \* unit ( shape = num\_beads x 3 ) ) )

first\_bead: Logical variable stating if this is the first particle.

#### util.get\_move(trial\_coordinates, move\_direction, distance, bond\_length, finish\_bond=False)

Given a 'move\_direction', a current distance, and a target 'bond\_length' (Index denoting x,y,z Cartesian direction), update the coordinates for the particle.

trial\_coordinates: positions for a particle (np.array(float \* unit.angstrom (length = 3)))

move\_direction: Cartesian direction in which we will attempt a particle placement, where: x=0, y=1, z=2. (integer)

distance: Current distance from parent particle (float \* simtk.unit.distance)

bond\_length: Target bond\_length for particle placement. (float \* simtk.unit.distance)

finish\_bond: Logical variable determining how we will update the coordinates for this particle.

```
move: Updated positions for the particle (np.array(float * unit.angstrom (length = 3)))
util.non_bonded_distances (new_coordinates, existing_coordinates)
     Calculate the distances between a trial particle ('new_coordinates') and all existing particles
     ('existing_coordinates').
     new coordinates: Positions for a single trial particle (np.array(float * unit.angstrom (length
     = 3)))
     existing_coordinates: Positions for a single trial particle (np.array(float * unit.angstrom (
     shape = num particles x 3)))
     distances: List of the distances between all nonbonded particles.
                                                                              ( list ( float *
     simtk.unit.distance ( length = # nonbonded_interactions ) ) )
util.random_positions(polymer_length,
                                                  backbone length,
                                                                       sidechain length,
                               sidechain_positions, bond_length, sigma)
     Assign random positions for all beads in a coarse-grained polymer.
     polymer_length: Number of monomer units (integer), default = 8
     backbone_length: Number of beads in the backbone portion of each (individual) monomer
     (integer), default = 1
     sidechain_length: Number of beads in the sidechain portion of each (individual) monomer
     (integer), default = 1
     sidechain_positions: List of integers defining the backbone bead indices upon which we will
     place the sidechains, default = [0] (Place a sidechain on the backbone bead with index "0"
     (first backbone bead) in each (individual) monomer
     bond_length: Bond length for all beads that are bonded, (float * simtk.unit.distance) default
     = 1.0 * unit.angstrom
     sigma: Non-bonded bead Lennard-Jones interaction distances, (float * simtk.unit.distance)
     default = 8.4 * unit.angstrom
     bb_bond_length: Bond length for all bonded backbone beads, (float * simtk.unit.distance)
     default = 1.0 * unit.angstrom
     bs_bond_length: Bond length for all backbone-sidechain bonds, (float * simtk.unit.distance
     ) default = 1.0 * unit.angstrom
     ss bond length: Bond length for all beads within a sidechain, (float * simtk.unit.distance)
     default = 1.0 * unit.angstrom
     positions: Positions for all beads in the coarse-grained model. (np.array(num beads x 3))
util.random_sign(number)
     Returns 'number' with a random sign.
     number: float
     number
```

#### util.single\_bead(positions)

Determine if we have one particle in positions

positions: Positions for all beads in the coarse-grained model. (np.array(float \* unit (shape = num\_beads x 3)))

single\_bead: Logical variable stating if this is the first particle.

#### util.unit\_sqrt (simtk\_quantity)

Returns the square root of a simtk 'Quantity'.

simtk\_quantity: A 'Quantity' object, as defined in simtk. (float \* unit )

answer: Square root of a simtk\_quantity.

#### util.update\_trial\_coordinates (move, trial\_coordinates=None)

Updates 'trial\_coordinates by adding the coordinates in 'move'.

move: Cartesian coordinates for a new particle placement ( np.array( float \* unit ( length = 3 ) ) )

trial\_coordinates: Existing cartesian coordinates for the particle we are updating. (np.array(float \* unit (length = 3))) Optional, default = None

new\_coordinates: Updated coordinates for the particle.

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