



**MS-101 (MAKERSPACE)**

**Spring 2025**

**IIT Bombay**

**LAB (1) - VISUALIZATION**

**20 Points**

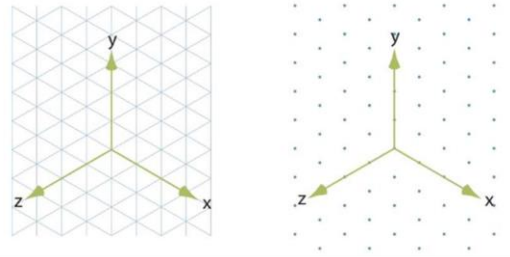
**NAME:**

**RLL NO:**

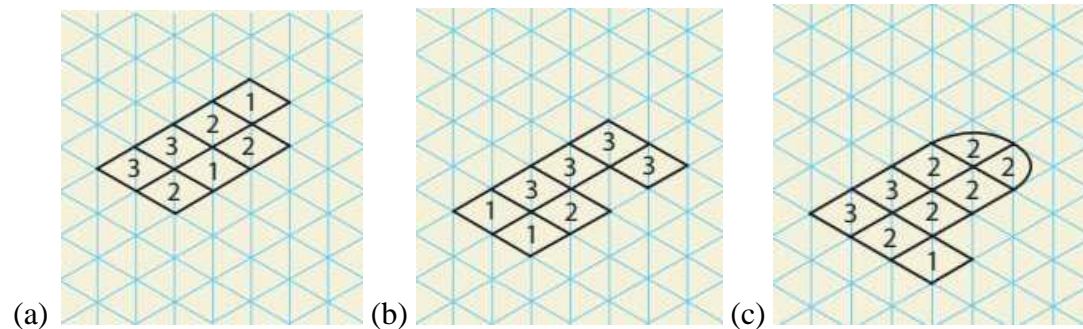
**DEPARTMENT:**

**BATCH:**

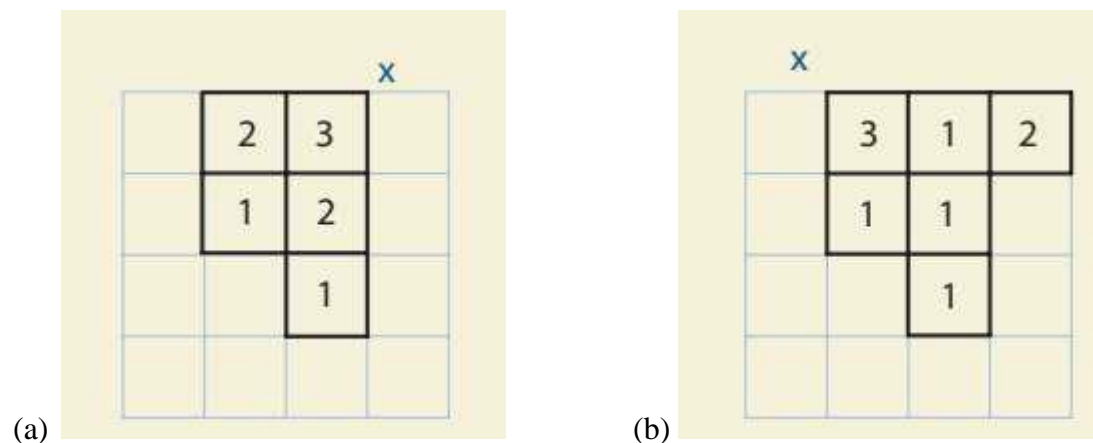
**Important:** Use the right-handed coordinate system, as shown here, for all solutions.



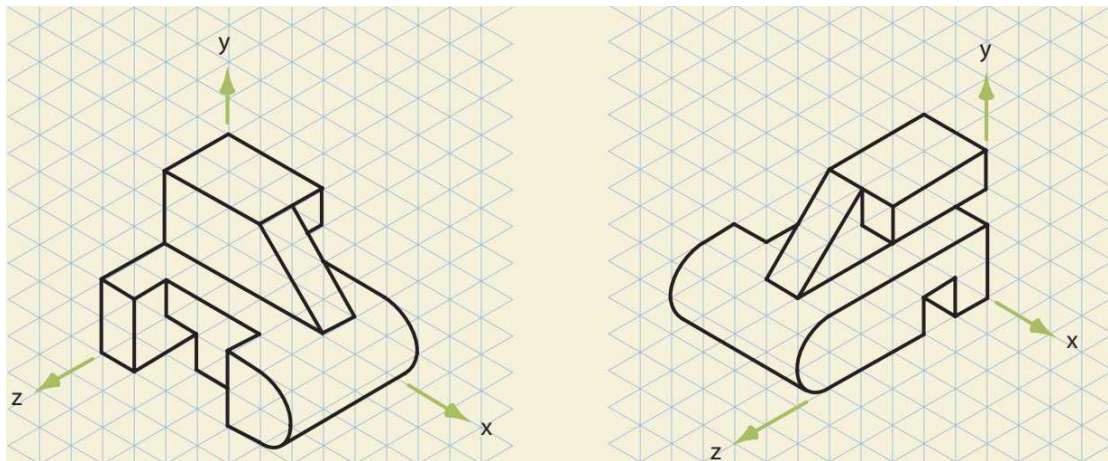
1. [2 points] On isometric grid paper, create isometric sketches of the following objects.
  - (a) A  $6 \times 6 \times 3$  block with a through hole of diameter 4 centered on the  $6 \times 6$  side.
  - (b) A cylinder of diameter 4 and length 6 with its longitudinal axis parallel to the y-axis.
2. [3 points] On isometric grid paper, create isometric sketches from the following coded plans. (Note: the numbers indicate the height of the blocks)



3. [3 points] On isometric grid paper, sketch the indicated corner view (marked with an X) as per the given coded plans.

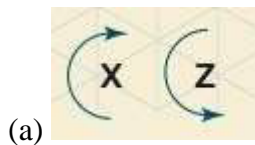


4. [4 points] The object shown (left) is rotated by  $-90$  degrees about the y-axis to obtain the rotated view (right). Such a rotation reveals more details about the object. Note that only the object rotates, while the coordinate axes remain fixed.

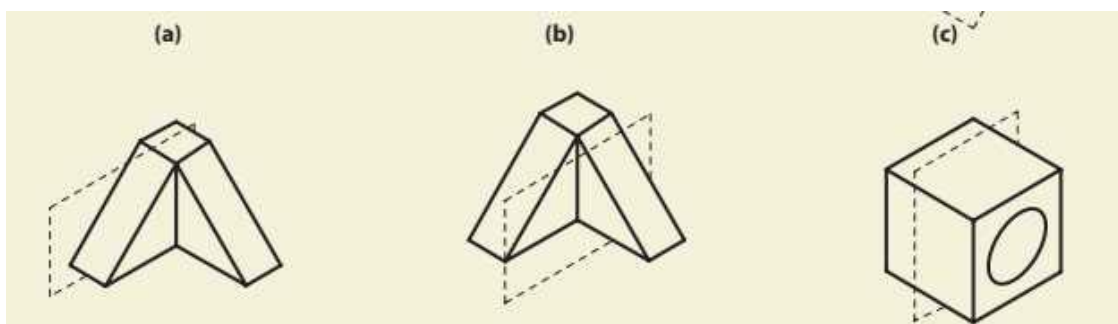


Similarly, rotate the object sequentially in increments of  $90$  degrees about the axes indicated.

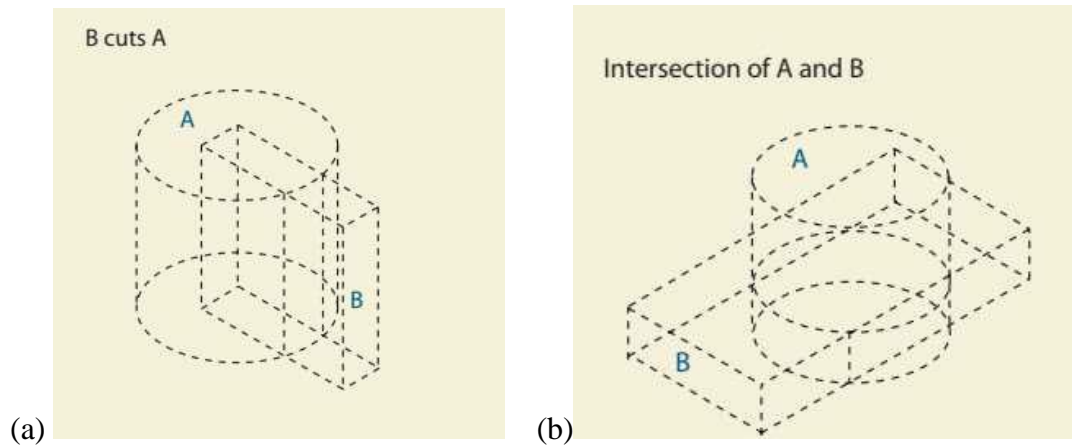
**Arrows indicate the direction of rotation. Sketch the results of each rotation for both sections (a & b) on isometric grid paper.**



5. [3 points] Sketch the cross-section obtained between the intersection of the object and the corresponding cutting plane shown. **Draw on top of the object image itself.**



6. [2 points] Sketch (on top of the given figures) the result of combining the following objects by the indicated method.



7. [3 points] Triangular volume A, triangular volume B, and rectangular volume C are shown intersecting in space. On the dashed outline drawings, darken and add edges to show all visible edges of the final volume created by the indicated Boolean operations.

