

ToolWindow Usage Analysis Report

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1 Objective

Research Question: Is there a statistically significant difference in tool window session duration between manual and automatic opening methods?

Dataset: Event logs with 3,503 raw events tracking tool window activity (user ID, timestamp, event type, opening method).

Hypothesis:

- H_0 : No difference in duration between manual and auto groups
- H_1 : Significant difference exists between groups

2 Methodology: Data Cleaning & Anomaly Detection

2.1 The Challenge: Messy Real-World Data

Raw event logs contained significant data quality issues:

- Orphaned events (close without open, open without close)
- Duplicate opens, out-of-order timestamps
- Missing or invalid type values
- Unrealistic durations (> 12 hour threshold)

2.2 Our Approach: Smart Episode Reconstruction

Key Innovation: User-level state machine for open/close event matching.

Algorithm:

1. **Load & Validate:** Multithreaded CSV import to SQLite (producer-consumer pattern)
2. **Sort by User:** Group events by `user_id` and order chronologically
3. **State Machine Matching:**
 - Track current "open" state per user
 - Match each "close" with corresponding "open"
 - Detect anomalies: duplicate opens, missing pairs, timestamp violations
4. **Bifurcation:**
 - **Clean episodes** \rightarrow `clean` table (valid open-close pairs)
 - **Anomalies** \rightarrow `anomaly` table (with reason: `missing_open`, `duplicate_open`, `>duration`, etc.)
5. **Duration Calculation:** $\text{duration} = \frac{\text{close_ts} - \text{open_ts}}{60000}$ (minutes)

Result: From 3,503 raw events \rightarrow 1,574 clean episodes (617 manual, 957 auto)

2.3 Statistical Testing

Mann-Whitney U Test: Non-parametric comparison (no normality assumption, robust to outliers)

Cliff's Delta: Effect size measurement

$$\delta = \frac{\#\{x > y\} - \#\{x < y\}}{n_1 \cdot n_2}$$

where $\#\{x > y\}$ = number of pairs where manual > auto, n_1, n_2 = sample sizes

Interpretation: $|\delta| \geq 0.47$ = large effect

3 Results

3.1 Data Processing Summary

- Raw events: 3,503 → Clean episodes: 1,574
- Anomalies filtered: 352 — demonstrates importance of cleaning methodology
- Manual episodes: 617 — Auto episodes: 957

3.2 Descriptive Statistics

Metric	Manual	Auto
Count	617	957
Median (min)	0.20	2.67
Mean (min)	10.52	27.85
Q1 - Q3 (min)	0.04 - 2.22	0.53 - 15.23
Std Dev (min)	50.17	79.18

Table 1: Duration Statistics by Opening Type

3.3 Statistical Significance

Test	Result
Mann-Whitney U	151,898.50
p-value	< 0.001 (highly significant)
Cliff's Delta	−0.4855 (large effect)
Conclusion	Reject H_0

Table 2: Statistical Test Results

Interpretation: Manual durations are significantly and substantially lower than auto durations.

3.4 Visualizations

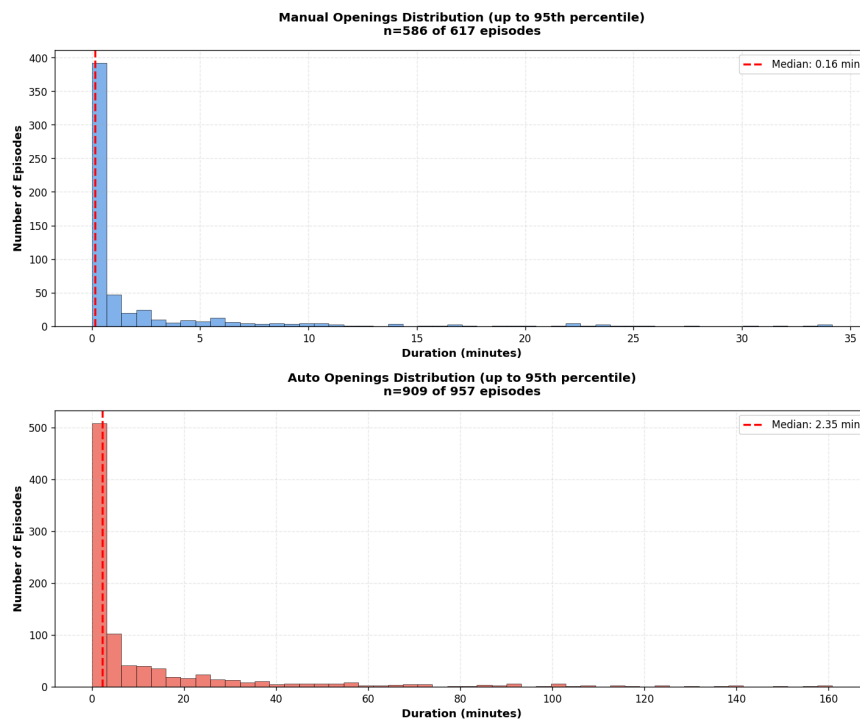


Figure 1: Duration Distribution Comparison

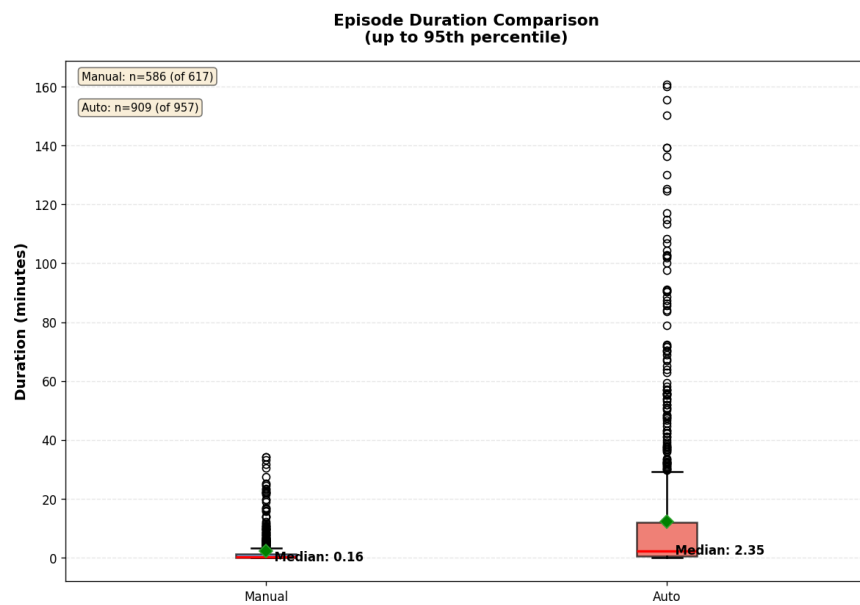


Figure 2: Box Plot: Quartiles and Outliers

4 Key Insights

4.1 Main Finding

Manual openings are **13× faster to close (median)**: 0.20 min vs 2.67 min

Why?

- **Manual**: Task-focused, quick information lookup → close immediately
- **Auto**: Workflow-integrated (debugging, testing) → stay open during entire task

4.2 Methodological Success

- Without state-machine matching, analysis would be impossible
- Bifurcation strategy (clean vs anomaly tables) ensures data integrity
- User-level processing prevents cross-contamination

5 Conclusions

Question	Answer
Significant difference?	YES — $p < 0.001$, large effect ($\delta = -0.4855$)
Practical impact?	Manual 13× faster to close (0.20 vs 2.67 min median)
Business insight?	Manual = quick lookup; Auto = workflow integration

Technology Stack: Python 3.12+ — SQLite3 — scipy — matplotlib — FastAPI — Docker

Repository: <https://github.com/shishmarevv/ToolWindowData> — **Reproducible:** `make all`