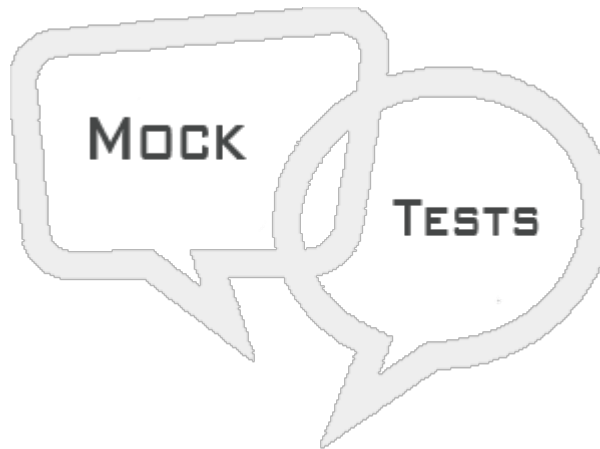


SPRING MOCK TEST

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This section presents you various set of Mock Tests related to **Spring Framework**. You can download these sample mock tests at your local machine and solve offline at your convenience. Every mock test is supplied with a mock test key to let you verify the final score and grade yourself.



SPRING MOCK TEST III

Q 1 - What is Introduction?

- A - An introduction represents a point in your application where you can plug-in AOP aspect.
- B - This is used to inject values in objects.
- C - This is not invoked during program execution by Spring AOP framework.
- D - An introduction allows you to add new methods or attributes to existing classes.

Q 2 - What is Target object?

- A - A represents a object in your application where you can plug-in AOP aspect.
- B - The object being advised by one or more aspects, this object will always be a proxy object, also referred to as the advised object.
- C - This is used to inject values in objects.
- D - This is not invoked during program execution by Spring AOP framework.

Q 3 - What is Weaving?

- A - Weaving is the process of injecting values in objects to create an advised object.
- B - Weaving is the process of linking aspects with other application types or objects to create an advised object.
- C - This is used to inject values in objects.
- D - Weaving is used to check object dependencies.

Q 4 - What are the different points where weaving can be applied?

- A - Compile time, load time

- B - Compile time, run time
- C - Run time
- D - Compile time, load Time, Run time

Q 5 - What are the types of advice?

- A - then, after, after-returning, after-throwing, around
- B - When, after, after-returning, around
- C - Where, after, after-returning, after-throwing, around
- D - Before, after, after-returning, after-throwing, around

Q 6 - How before advice works?

- A - Run advice before a class loads.
- B - Run advice before a method execution.
- C - Run advice before http response is to be returned.
- D - Run advice before http request is to be processed.

Q 7 - How after-returning advice works?

- A - Run advice after a class loads only if class loads successfully.
- B - Run advice after a method execution only if method completes successfully.
- C - Run advice after http response is returned only if http response is success.
- D - Run advice after http request is processed with no exception.

Q 8 - How after-throwing advice works?

- A - Run advice after a method execution only if method exits by throwing an exception.
- B - Run advice after a class loads only if class throws exception during load time.
- C - Run advice after http response is returned with error status.
- D - Run advice after http request is processed and an exception occurred.

Q 9 - How around advice works?

- A - Run advice before and after the advised method is invoked.
- B - Run advice before and after a class is loaded.
- C - Run advice before and after http response is returned.
- D - Run advice before and after http request is processed.

Q 10 - Which of the following aspect implementation spring supports?

- A - XML Schema based aspect implementation
- B - @AspectJ based aspect implementation
- C - Both of above.
- D - None of above.

Q 11 - What are the types of the transaction management Spring supports?

- A - Programmatic transaction management
- B - Declarative transaction management
- C - Both of above.
- D - None of above.

Q 12 - What is Spring MVC framework?

- A - Spring MVC framework is Model-Value-Class architecture and used to bind model data with values.
- B - The Spring web MVC framework provides model-view-controller architecture and ready components that can be used to develop flexible and loosely coupled web applications.
- C - Spring MVC framework is used for Transaction management for Web Applications.
- D - Spring MVC framework is used for AOP for Web Applications.

Q 13 - What is @Controller annotation?

- A - The @Controller annotation indicates that a particular class serves the role of a controller.
- B - The @Controller annotation indicates how to control the transaction management.
- C - The @Controller annotation indicates how to control the dependency injection.
- D - The @Controller annotation indicates how to control the aspect programming.

Q 14 - What are the ways to access Hibernate by using Spring?

- A - Inversion of Control with a Hibernate Template and Callback.
- B - Extending HibernateDAOSupport and Applying an AOP Interceptor node.
- C - Both of above.
- D - None of above.

Q 15 - Which ORM Spring supports ?

- A - Hibernate
- B - iBatis
- C - JPA

D - All of above.

E - None of above.

Q 16 - Which of the following database is not supported using jdbcTemplate?

A - MySql

B - PostgresSql

C - NoSql

D - Oracle

Q 17 - How to get object of a service in spring framework?

A - Using new keyword

B - Using dependency injection

Q 18 - Which of the following is part of Data Access layer in Spring framework?

A - Beans

B - Aspects

C - JMS

D - Context

Q 19 - How to use ref keyword in beans.

xml?

A - Using setter method only.

B - Using constructor argument only.

C - Using setter method and constructor argument both.

D - None of the above.

Q 20 - Core container has AOP as one of its module.

A - True

B - False

Q 21 - SpEL is part of core container.

A - False

B - True

Q 22 - Which class acts as IoC Container?

- A - ServletContext
- B - DispatcherServlet
- C - **ApplicationContext**
- D - None of the above

Q 23 - What stands true for spring framework?

- A - **Spring framework is** a light weight framework.
- B - Spring framework is a heavy weight framework.

Q 24 - Expression Language/ SpEL was introduced in which version of spring framework.

- A - 1.0
- B - 2.0
- C - **3.0**
- D - 4.0

Q 25 - Can we integrate Struts with Spring.

- A - **Yes**
- B - No

Q 26 - By default a bean is lazily loaded.

- A - True
- B - **False**

Q 27 - By default a bean is eagerly loaded.

- A - False
- B - **True**

Q 28 - If a bean is scoped to HTTP request, scope is

- A - session
- B - global-session
- C - prototype
- D - **request**

Q 29 - If a bean is created once per loc Container, scope is

- A - singleton
- B - global-session
- C - prototype
- D - request

Q 30 - Thread scoped bean is introduced in which version of spring framework.

- A - 1.0
- B - 2.0
- C - 3.0
- D - 4.0

Q 31 - If a bean can be created any number of times, scope is

- A - session
- B - global-session
- C - prototype
- D - request

Q 32 - What is the scope of stateless bean?

- A - global-session
- B - singleton
- C - prototype
- D - request

Q 33 - What is the scope of stateful bean?

- A - session
- B - global-session
- C - prototype
- D - request

Q 34 - If a bean is scoped to HTTP session, scope is

- A - global-session
- B - session
- C - prototype
- D - request

Q 35 - How to handle shut down of IoC container?

- A - Using shutdownHook
- B - Using shutdownHandler
- C - Using registerHook
- D - Using registerShutdownHook

Q 36 - How bean life cycle can be controlled?

- A - Using init only
- B - Using InitializingBean class only
- C - Using DisposableBean class only
- D - Using All of above

Q 37 - What is the scope of bean in portlet context?

- A - session
- B - global-session
- C - prototype
- D - request

Q 38 - How after advice works?

- A - Run advice after a method execution regardless of its outcome.
- B - Run advice after a class loads.
- C - Run advice after http response is returned.
- D - Run advice after http request is processed.

Q 39 - Which class is used to map a database row to a java object in spring?

- A - ResultSet
- B - RowMapper
- C - RowSetMapper
- D - ResultSetMapper

Q 40

A bean must have id attribute in beans configuration file.

- A - True

B - False

Q 41 - Which of the following class can be used to execute Sql queries in spring?

B - JDBCHelper

A - JdbcTemplate

C - DBHelper

D - DBTemplate

Q 42 - Which of the following class can be used to call Stored Procedures in spring?

A - SPHelper

B - JdbcTemplateCall

C - JdbcTemplate

D - SimpleJdbcCall

Q 43 - What is a DispatcherServlet?

A - DispatcherServlet is used for transaction management.

B - DispatcherServlet is used for AOP.

C - DispatcherServlet handles all the HTTP requests and responses.

D - DispatcherServlet is used for Dependency injection.

Q 44 - What is ACID in transactional management?

A - Accurate, Controlled, Isolation, Durability

B - Atomicity, Consistency, Independent, Done

C - Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, Durability

D - Accurate, Controlled, Independent, Done

Q 45 - Where do you define DispatcherServlet?

A - In Beans configuration file.

B - Web.xml file

C - Meta-inf/dispatcher.xml

D - Web-inf/ dispatcher.xml

Q 46 - What is true about BeanPostProcessor?

A - It is a concrete class.

B - It is an interface.

C - It is an abstract class.

D - None of the above.

Q 47 - What BeanPostProcessor does?

A - It processes beans once a bean is initialized.

B - It defines callback methods that you can implement to provide your own instantiation logic, dependency-resolution logic etc.

C - It processes beans once a bean is loaded.

D - It processes beans once a bean exits.

Q 48 - Can be bean be configured to have an inner bean?

A - True

B - False

Q 49 - Can we inject value and ref both together in a bean?

A - True

B - False

Q 50 - Following class can be extended to create custom event in spring.

A - SpringEvent

B - Event

C - ApplicationEvent

D - None of above

ANSWER SHEET

| Question Number | Answer Key |
|-----------------|------------|
|-----------------|------------|

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 | D |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 | B |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|---|
| 3 | B |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 | D |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|---|
| 5 | D |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|---|
| 6 | B |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|---|
| 7 | B |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|---|
| 8 | A |
|---|---|

| | |
|----|---|
| 9 | A |
| 10 | C |
| 11 | C |
| 12 | B |
| 13 | A |
| 14 | C |
| 15 | D |
| 16 | C |
| 17 | B |
| 18 | C |
| 19 | C |
| 20 | B |
| 21 | B |
| 22 | C |
| 23 | A |
| 24 | C |
| 25 | A |
| 26 | B |
| 27 | B |
| 28 | D |
| 29 | A |
| 30 | C |
| 31 | C |
| 32 | B |
| 33 | C |
| 34 | B |
| 35 | D |
| 36 | D |
| 37 | B |
| 38 | A |
| 39 | B |
| 40 | B |
| 41 | A |
| 42 | D |
| 43 | C |

| | |
|----|---|
| 44 | C |
| 45 | B |
| 46 | B |
| 47 | B |
| 48 | A |
| 49 | A |
| 50 | C |

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