## CSE 5525: HOMEWORK 2

## **TEXT CLASSIFICATION**

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OBJECTIVE: Implement naïve bayes and perceptron algorithm for text classification. Train models on dataset of 25000 positive and negative IMDb movie reviews and report prediction accuracy on a test set.

### **RESULTS:**

## 1. Naïve Bayes

The following table gives the accuracy obtained for different values of smoothing parameter ALPHA.

| ALPHA  | Accuracy (%) |
|--------|--------------|
| 0.1    | 82.32        |
| 0.5    | 82.356       |
| 1.0    | 82.408       |
| 2.5    | 82.628       |
| 5.0    | 82.832       |
| 7.0    | 82.936       |
| 8.0    | 83.044       |
| 9.0    | 83.072       |
| 10.0   | 83.112       |
| 20.0   | 83.204       |
| 30.0   | 83.184       |
| 100.0  | 83.24        |
| 120.0  | 83.264       |
| 125.0  | 83.268       |
| 150.0  | 83.216       |
| 200.0  | 83.172       |
| 500.0  | 83.14        |
| 1000.0 | 83.124       |

Obtained best accuracy of 83.268% with smoothing parameter ALPHA = 125

### 2. Perceptron

The following table gives the accuracy of the perceptron classification algorithm when it is run for varied number of iterations.

| N_ITERATIONS | Accuracy (%) |                     |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
|              |              | Averaged Parameters |
| 1            | 75.408       | 84.068              |
| 10           | 81.248       | 87.208              |
| 30           | 83.144       | 87.22               |
| 40           | 84.976       | 87.144              |
| 50           | 81.376       | 87.072              |
| 100          | 85.992       | 86.936              |
| 200          | 86.116       | 86.56               |
| 1000         | 86.404       | 86.22               |
| 2000         | 86.116       | 86.18               |

Accuracy first increases with increasing number of iterations as the weights get updated but then starts reducing on the test set since the weights get over-fitted to the training dataset. There are slight deviations from this general trend since the random initial weight vector chosen has some effect as well.

It is observed that using parameter averaging, we get better accuracy for lower number of iterations.

The program was run again, this time, the data was shuffled after each iteration.

| N_ITERATIONS | Accuracy (%) |                     |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
|              |              | Averaged Parameters |
| 1            | 75.408       | 84.068              |
| 5            | 85.776       | 86.86               |
| 10           | 86.328       | 87.46               |
| 30           | 86.068       | 87.364              |
| 40           | 85.58        | 87.288              |
| 50           | 86.068       | 87.236              |
| 100          | 86.272       | 86.832              |
| 200          | 86.272       | 86.612              |

We see that when the data is shuffled after each iteration, the classification converges faster.

Best accuracy of 87.46% obtained at N\_ITERATIONS = 10, (using averaged parameters and shuffling data after each iteration)

```
20 most positive words ...
excellent 269.287144825
highly 235.84095262
loved 235.54309384
perfect 231.962327195
7 226.340976343
favorite 223.21318216
wonderfully 204.056771462
amazing 203.110183586
superb 196.27694338
easy 194.799800877
wonderful 193.19076497
subtle 191.738581244
today 188.745674368
great 188.088275234
noir 187.464020106
best 179.753235565
rare 178.807944911
simple 168.615678905
well. 165.053332016
entertaining 164.953089456
20 most negative words ...
worst -510.636270997
waste -472.450067671
poorly -377.458028946
boring -319.318660034
poor -318.197928304
awful -297.563117864
fails -295.248039987
annoying -272.045544966
lame -262.678462926
worse -249.120426497
unfortunately, -248.061111025
dull -244.731521056
badly -242.140827653
save -240.976091815
bad. -233.854216673
pointless -223.168217389
supposed -222.69626894
lacks -222.174592848
nothing -220.710520616
disappointing -219.770816242
```

#### **CONCLUSION:**

The naïve bayes and perceptron classification algorithm for text classification on IMDb movie reviews as positive and negative. Accuracy results have been presented for various hyper-parameter values.