In [1]:	import numpy as np import pandas as pd df=pd.read_csv("weatherdata.csv") print(df) Date/Time Temp_C Dew Point Temp_C Rel Hum_% Wind Speed_km/h \ 0 01-01-2012 00:00 -1.8 -3.9 86 4 1 01-01-2012 01:00 -1.8 -3.7 87 4 2 01-01-2012 02:00 -1.8 -3.4 89 7
	3 01-01-2012 03:00 -1.5 -3.2 88 6 4 01-01-2012 04:00 -1.5 -3.3 88 7 8779 12/31/2012 19:00 0.1 -2.7 81 30 8780 12/31/2012 20:00 0.2 -2.4 83 24 8781 12/31/2012 21:00 -0.5 -1.5 93 28 8782 12/31/2012 22:00 -0.2 -1.8 89 28 8783 12/31/2012 23:00 0.0 -2.1 86 30 Visibility_km Press_kPa Weather
	0 8.0 101.24 Fog 1 8.0 101.24 Fog 2 4.0 101.26 Freezing Drizzle,Fog 3 4.0 101.27 Freezing Drizzle,Fog 4 4.8 101.23 Fog 8779 9.7 100.13 Snow 8780 9.7 100.03 Snow 8781 4.8 99.95 Snow 8782 9.7 99.91 Snow 8783 11.3 99.89 Snow
In [4]:	[8784 rows x 8 columns]
	0 01-01-2012 00:00 -1.8 -3.9 86 4 1 01-01-2012 01:00 -1.8 -3.7 87 4 2 01-01-2012 02:00 -1.8 -3.4 89 7 3 01-01-2012 03:00 -1.5 -3.2 88 6 4 01-01-2012 04:00 -1.5 -3.3 88 7 5 01-01-2012 05:00 -1.4 -3.3 87 9 6 01-01-2012 06:00 -1.5 -3.1 89 7 7 01-01-2012 07:00 -1.4 -3.6 85 7 8 01-01-2012 08:00 -1.4 -3.6 85 9 9 01-01-2012 09:00 -1.3 -3.1 88 15
	Visibility_km Press_kPa Weather 0 8.0 101.24 Fog 1 8.0 101.24 Fog 2 4.0 101.26 Freezing Drizzle, Fog 3 4.0 101.27 Freezing Drizzle, Fog 4 4.8 101.23 Fog 5 6.4 101.27 Fog 6 6.4 101.29 Fog 7 8.0 101.26 Fog 8 0 101.26 Fog
In [18]:	<pre>df['Date/Time'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date/Time']) print("The dataset 'Date/Time' column to datetime format is:\n ",df['Date/Time']) The dataset 'Date/Time' column to datetime format is: 0</pre>
	3
In [17]:	<pre>df['Month'] = df['Date/Time'].dt.month print("Only months from 'Date/Time' column are :\n",df['Month']) Only months from 'Date/Time' column are : 0 1 1 1 2 1 3 1 4 1</pre>
In [3]:	8779 12 8780 12 8781 12 8782 12 8783 12 Name: Month, Length: 8784, dtype: int64 ##03 Find the average temperature (Temp_C) for each day of the week and plot it in a bar chart. import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
	<pre>df=pd.read_csv("weatherdata.csv") df['Date/Time']=pd.to_datetime(df['Date/Time']) df['dayofweek']=df['Date/Time'].dt.day_name() print(df['dayofweek']) avg_tem_day=df.groupby('dayofweek')['Temp_C'].mean() print(avg_tem_day) df['Date/Time'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date/Time'], format='%m-%d-%Y %H:%M')</pre>
	<pre>df['Day_of_Week'] = df['Date/Time'].dt.day_name() average_temp = df.groupby('Day_of_Week')['Temp_C'].mean() plt.bar(average_temp.index, average_temp) plt.xlabel('Day of the Week') plt.ylabel('Average Temperature (°C)') plt.title('Average Temperature for Each Day of the Week') plt.show()</pre>
	0 Sunday 1 Sunday 2 Sunday 3 Sunday 4 Sunday 8779 Monday Monday 8781 Monday 8782 Monday 8783 Monday
	Name: Temp_C, dtype: float64
	Average Temperature for Each Day of the Week
	Average Temperature (°C) 4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-
In []:	Friday Monday Saturday Sunday Thursday TuesdayWednesday Day of the Week
In [49]:	#Days when the weather is cloudy w_cloud=df[df['Weather']=='Cloudy']['Date/Time'] print("Time when the weather is cloudy :\n",w_cloud) Time when the weather is cloudy : 17
In [36]:	8761 2012-12-31 01:00:00 8762 2012-12-31 02:00:00 8764 2012-12-31 04:00:00 8765 2012-12-31 05:00:00 8766 2012-12-31 06:00:00 Name: Date/Time, Length: 1728, dtype: datetime64[ns] Date/Time Temp_C Dew Point Temp_C Rel Hum_% Wind Speed_km/h \ 0 2012-01-01 00:00:00 -1.8 -3.9 86 4
	1 2012-01-01 01:00:00 -1.8 -3.7 87 4 2 2012-01-01 02:00:00 -1.8 -3.4 89 7 3 2012-01-01 03:00:00 -1.5 -3.2 88 6 4 2012-01-01 04:00:00 -1.5 -3.3 88 7
	Visibility_km Press_kPa Weather Month dayofweek 0 8.0 101.24 Fog 1 Sunday 1 8.0 101.24 Fog 1 Sunday 2 4.0 101.26 Freezing Drizzle, Fog 1 Sunday 3 4.0 101.27 Freezing Drizzle, Fog 1 Sunday 4 4.8 101.23 Fog 1 Sunday 163 8.0 100.41 Snow 1 Saturday 164 9.7 100.48 Snow 1 Saturday 165 6.4 100.50 Snow 1 Saturday
In [61]:	166 4.0 100.54 Fog 1 Saturday 167 9.7 100.62 Snow 1 Saturday [168 rows x 10 columns] ###################################
	2012-01-18 02:00:00 2012-01-18 03:00:00 2012-01-18 04:00:00 2012-01-18 05:00:00 2012-01-28 23:00:00 2012-01-29 01:00:00 2012-01-29 02:00:00 2012-01-29 02:00:00 2012-01-29 02:00:00 2012-01-29 02:00:00 2012-01-29 02:00:00 2012-03-03 13:00:00 2012-03-03 14:00:00
	2012-03-03 15:00:00 2012-03-03 16:00:00 2012-03-03 17:00:00 2012-03-03 18:00:00 2012-03-03 20:00:00 2012-03-03 21:00:00 2012-03-03 22:00:00 2012-03-03 22:00:00 2012-03-03 22:00:00 2012-03-03 20:00:00 2012-03-03 00:00:00 2012-03-03 00:00:00
	2012-04-23 03:00:00 2012-04-23 05:00:00 2012-04-23 06:00:00 2012-04-23 07:00:00 2012-04-23 08:00:00 2012-04-23 1::00:00 2012-04-23 11::00:00 2012-04-23 12::00:00 2012-10-29 16::00:00 2012-10-29 19::00:00
	2012-10-29 20:00:00 2012-10-29 21:00:00 2012-10-29 22:00:00 2012-10-29 23:00:00 2012-10-30 01:00:00 2012-11-30 00:00:00 2012-12-21 17:00:00 2012-12-27 13:00:00 2012-12-27 14:00:00
In [65]:	# when visibility is below 10 w_speed_grt=df[df['Visibility_km']<.5]['Date/Time'] print("The timings when the visibility is below .5 km are :\n",w_speed_grt.to_string(index=False)) The timings when the visibility is below .5 km are : 2012-03-17 02:00:00 2012-03-17 03:00:00 2012-03-17 04:00:00 2012-03-17 06:00:00 2012-03-17 07:00:00 2012-03-17 08:00:00
In [71]:	2012-03-17 09:00:00 2012-03-17 10:00:00 2012-05-02 02:00:00 2012-05-02 03:00:00 2012-10-20 06:00:00
In [73]:	The timings when the temperature is below 0 & weather is Freezing Drizzle, Fog are: 2012-01-01 02:00:00 2012-01-01 03:00:00 2012-01-07 08:00:00 2012-01-27 16:00:00 2012-12-10 04:00:00 2012-12-10 05:00:00 #Maximum temperature recorded in the dataset print("Maximumm temperature recorded in the dataset is:",df['Temp_C'].max(),"°C")
In [75]: In [77]:	<pre>avg_vis_fog=df[df['Weather']=='Fog']['Visibility_km'].mean() print("Avg visibility during 'Fog' weather condition is:",avg_vis_fog) Avg visibility during 'Fog' weather condition is: 6.248</pre>
In [9]:	<pre>fdw=df[df['Weather']=='Freezing Drizzle']['Date/Time'].value_counts().sum() print("The hours in which experienced Freezing Drizzle Weather are ",fdw,"Hours") The hours in which experienced Freezing Drizzle Weather are 7 Hours</pre>
	<pre># Extract the month from the 'Date/Time' column df['Month'] = df['Date/Time'].dt.month # Specify the month for analysis target_month = 1 # Filter the dataset for the specified month target_data = df[df['Month'] == target_month] # Count the occurrences of each weather condition</pre>
	<pre>weather_counts = target_data['Weather'].value_counts() print("For the first month of 2012 Weather is follwing way:\n ",weather_counts) For the first month of 2012 Weather is follwing way: Mostly Cloudy</pre>
	Rain 10 Freezing Rain 9 Drizzle, Fog 6 Freezing Drizzle, Snow 5 Snow, Blowing Snow 5 Freezing Drizzle, Fog 4 Freezing Drizzle Fog 4 Freezing Drizzle Rain, Fog 3 Rain Showers 2 Freezing Rain, Fog 2
In [12]:	Rain, Snow 2 Moderate Snow 2 Haze 2 Freezing Rain, Snow Grains 1 Freezing Fog 1 Drizzle 1 Name: Weather, dtype: int64 ##Find the date and time with the lowest visibility. ##Find the row with the lowest visibility low_vis_row = df.loc[df['Visibility_km'].idxmin()]
In [16]:	<pre>print("The date & timing when there is lowest visibility is: ",low_vis_row['Date/Time']) The date & timing when there is lowest visibility is: 2012-03-17 02:00:00</pre>
	<pre># Filter the dataset for nighttime hours night_data = df[(df['Hour'] >= 18) (df['Hour'] < 6)] # Determine the most common weather condition during nighttime most_common_weather_nighttime = night_data['Weather'].value_counts().idxmax() print("The most commonn weather condition during nightime (between 6 PM and 6 AM) is: ",most_common_weather_nighttime) The most commonn weather condition during nightime (between 6 PM and 6 AM) is: Clear</pre>
In [20]: In [21]:	<pre># Find the most common wind speed value most_co = df['Wind Speed_km/h'].mode().iloc[0] print("Most common wind speed is:", most_co, "km/h") Most common wind speed is: 9 km/h</pre>
In [3]:	print("Number of unique weather conditions:", num_weather) Number of unique weather conditions: 50 # Plot the graph for comparing Temperature with Dew Point Temperature import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import pandas as pd df=pd.read_csv("weatherdata.csv") plt.plot(df['Temp_C'], label='Temperature (°C)')
	plt.plot(df['Dew Point Temp_C'], label='Dew Point Temperature (°C)') plt.legend() plt.title('Temperature vs. Dew Point Temperature') plt.xlabel('Index') plt.show() Temperature vs. Dew Point Temperature
	20 - 10 - 0 -
	-10 - Temperature (°C) — Dew Point Temperatur
In [5]:	<pre>plt.plot(df['Rel Hum_%']) plt.title('Relative Humidity') plt.xlabel('Index') plt.show()</pre> Relative Humidity
	80 - 60 -
	40 -
In [7]: Out[7]:	<pre>plt.plot(df['Wind Speed_km/h']) plt.title('Wind Speed (km/h)') plt.xlabel('Index')</pre>
	Wind Speed (km/h) 80 - 60 -
	20 -
In [8]:	<pre>weather_counts = df['Weather'].value_counts().sort_values(ascending=False) weather_counts.plot(kind='bar')</pre>
	plt.title('Weather Types') plt.xlabel('Weather') plt.ylabel('Count') plt.show() Weather Types 2000 -
	1750 - 1500 - 1250 - 0 1000 -
	750 - 250 - 0
	Rain Show Showing Show
In [12]:	Heather Weather
	plt.title('Dew Point Temperature Distribution') plt.xlabel('Dew Point Temperature (°C)') plt.show() Dew Point Temperature Distribution 800 -
	400 -
	200 -
In [1]:	<pre>x= df['Weather'].iloc[:, :-1].values y= data_set.iloc[:, 1].values Fitting the Simple Linear Regression model to the training dataset from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression regressor= LinearRegression() regressor.fit(x_train, y_train) from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test= train_test_split(x, y, test_size= 1/3, random_state=0)</pre> Cell In[1], line 3 Fitting the Simple Linear Regression model to the training dataset
In [31]:	Fitting the Simple Linear Regression model to the training dataset SyntaxError: invalid syntax import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import pandas as pd import numpy as np df=pd.read_csv("weatherdata.csv") from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression x= np.array(df['Wind Speed_km/h']).reshape(-1,1)
	<pre>y= np.array(df['Rel Hum_%']).reshape(-1,1) print(x) print(y) #print(y) # Splitting the dataset into training and test set. from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test= train_test_split(x, y, test_size= 1/3, random_state=0) #x_train = x_train.reshape(-1, 1) #y train = y_train_reshape(1, 1)</pre>
	<pre>#y_train = y_train.reshape(1, 1) #Fitting the Simple Linear Regression model to the training dataset from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression regressor= LinearRegression() regressor.fit(x_train, y_train) #Prediction of Test and Training set result y_pred= regressor.predict(x_test) x_pred= regressor.predict(x_train)</pre>
	<pre>#visualizing the Test set results plt.scatter(x_test, y_test, color="blue") plt.plot(x_train, x_pred, color="red") plt.title("temp vs Dew point temperature") plt.xlabel("Temp_C") plt.ylabel("Dew Point Temp_C") plt.show()</pre> <pre>[[4] [4] [7]</pre>
	[7] [28] [28] [30]] [[86] [87] [89] [93]
	temp vs Dew point temperature 100 - 80 -
	Oew Boint Jembo Au - 40 -
In []:	