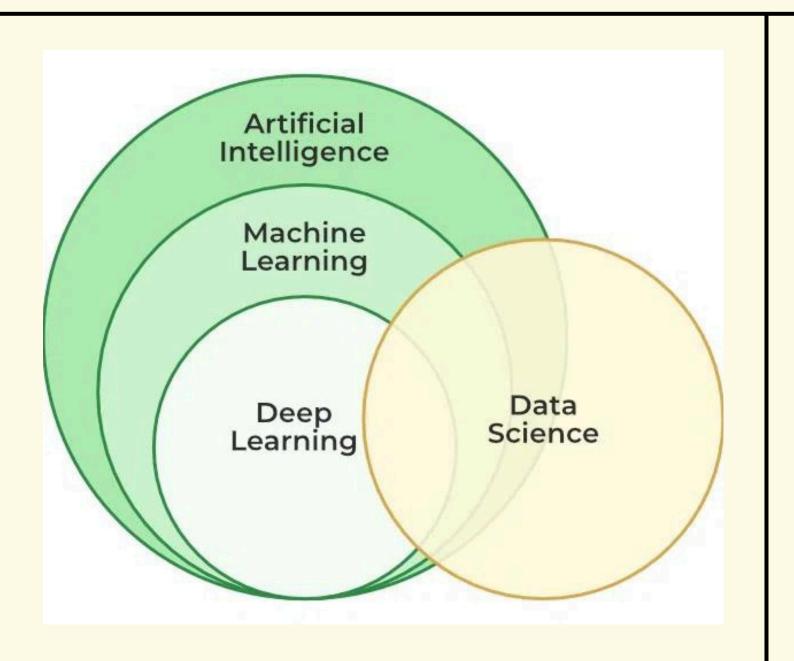
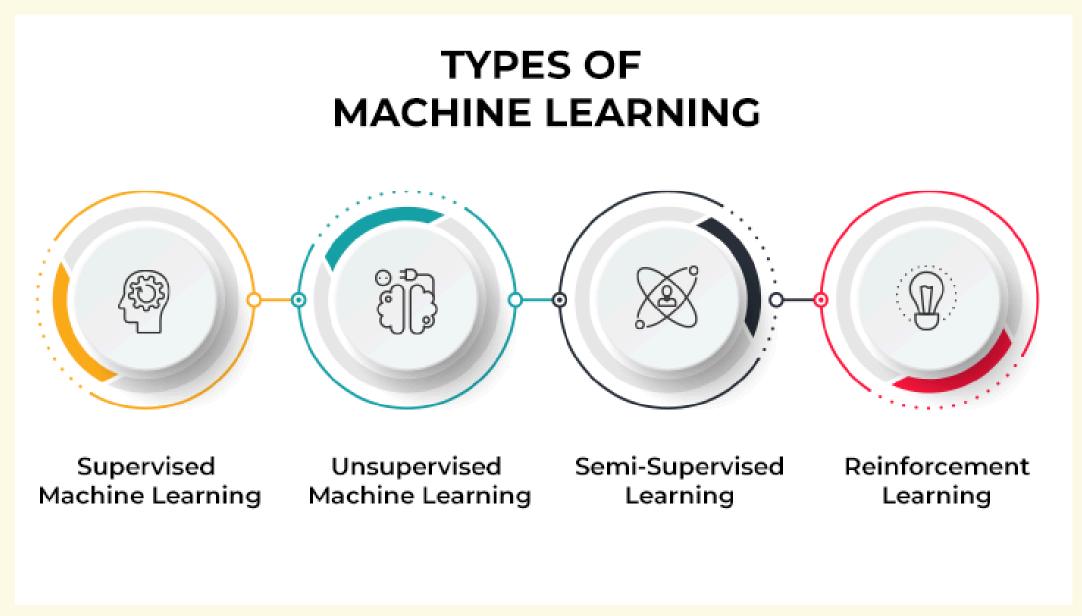


Machine Learning

Machine learning (ML) is a branch of artificial intelligence (AI<u>)</u> and computer science that focuses on the using data and algorithms to enable AI to imitate the way that humans learn, gradually improving its accuracy.

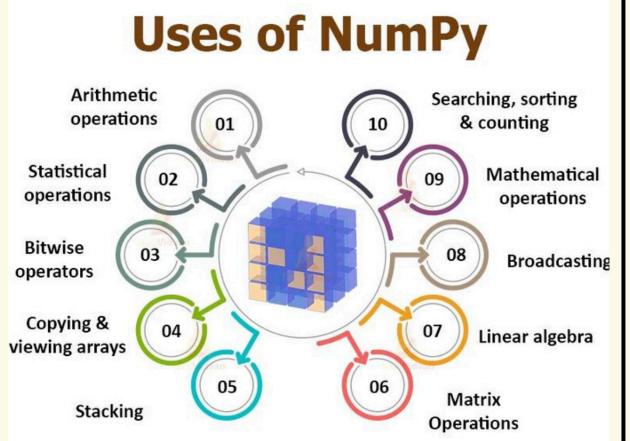




Libraries used

Numpy

NumPy stands for Numerical Python, is an open-source Python library that provides support for large, multi-dimensional arrays and matrices.



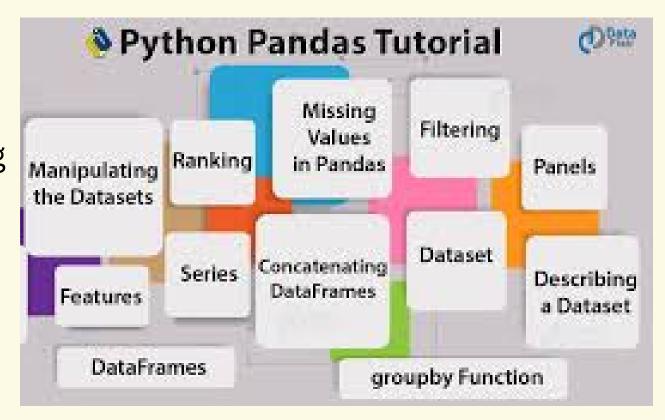
Matplotlib

Matplotlib is a comprehensive library for creating static, animated, and interactive visualizations in Python. Matplotlib makes easy things easy and hard things possible.



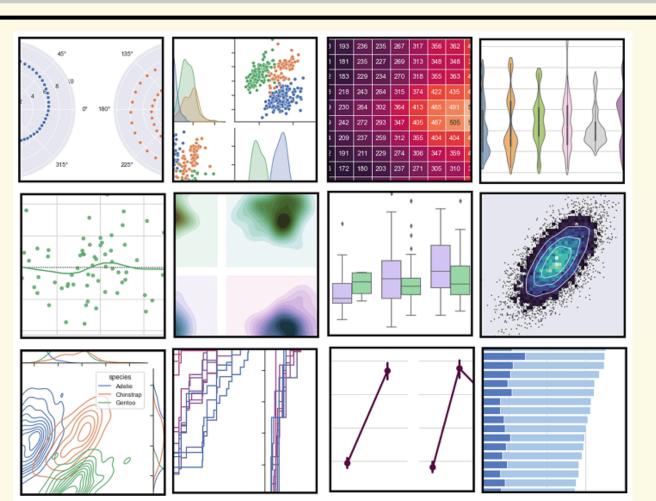
Pandas

Pandas is a
Python library
used for working
with data sets.
It has functions
for analyzing,
cleaning,
exploring, and
manipulating
data.



Seaborn

Seaborn is an amazing visualization library for statistical graphics plotting in Python. It provides beautiful default styles and color palettes to make statistical plots more attractive.



What is the Stock Market?

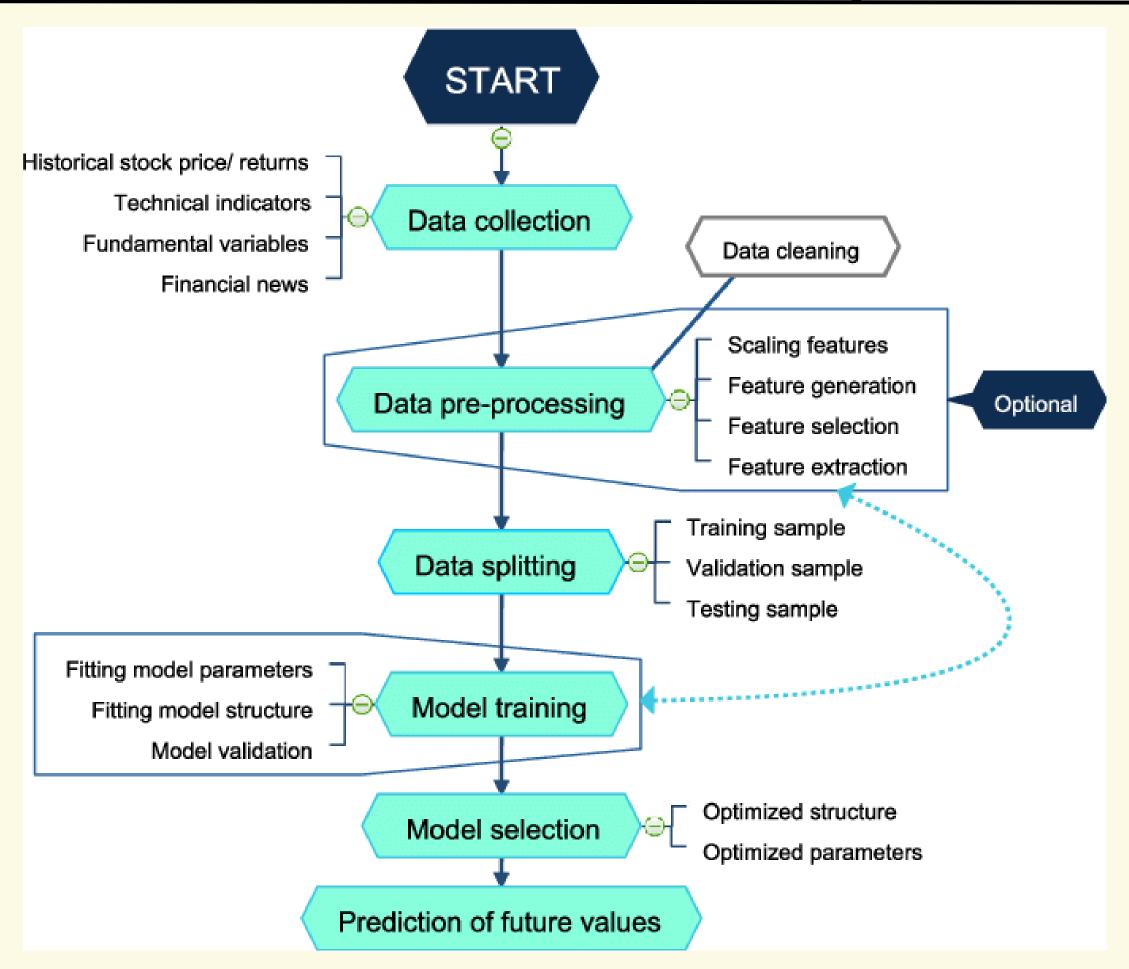
A stock market is a public market where you can buy and sell shares for publicly listed companies. The stocks, also known as equities, represent ownership in the company. The stock exchange is the mediator that allows the buying and selling of shares.

Importance of Stock Market?

- Stock markets help companies to raise capital.
- It helps generate personal wealth.
- Stock markets serve as an indicator of the state of the economy.
- It is a widely used source for people to invest money in companies with high growth potential.



Workflow of the Stock price prediction



Data Collection

Data collection allows you to capture a record of past events so that we can use data analysis to find recurring patterns.

```
1 of 1 completed
                    High
                                   Close Adj Close
                                                    Volume
            Open
                             LOW
Date
                                                 493729600
         7.622500
                 7.660714 7.585000 7.643214
                         7.616071
                                                  601904800
2010-01-06 7.656429
                 7.686786
                        7.526786 7.534643
                                          6.370185
                                                 552160000
2010-01-07 7.562500
                 7.571429
                        7.466071
                                         6.358409
                                 7.520714
                                                 477131200
2010-01-08 7.510714 7.571429 7.466429
                                7.570714
                                         6.400681
                                                 447610800
1 of 1 completed
                                         1 of 1 completed
                                         1 of 1 completed
                                         1 of 1 completed
```

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Adj Close | Volume | company_name |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| Date | | | | | | | |
| 2024-07-29 | 183.839996 | 184.750000 | 182.380005 | 183.199997 | 183.199997 | 33270100 | AMAZON |
| 2024-07-30 | 184.720001 | 185.880001 | 179.380005 | 181.710007 | 181.710007 | 39508600 | AMAZON |
| 2024-07-31 | 185.050003 | 187.940002 | 184.480007 | 186.979996 | 186.979996 | 41667300 | AMAZON |
| 2024-08-01 | 189.289993 | 190.600006 | 181.869995 | 184.070007 | 184.070007 | 70435600 | AMAZON |
| 2024-08-02 | 166.750000 | 168.770004 | 160.550003 | 167.899994 | 167.899994 | 141448400 | AMAZON |
| 2024-08-05 | 154.210007 | 162.980007 | 151.610001 | 161.020004 | 161.020004 | 83149400 | AMAZON |
| 2024-08-06 | 161.710007 | 165.080002 | 158.539993 | 161.929993 | 161.929993 | 59950800 | AMAZON |
| 2024-08-07 | 188.550003 | 167.580002 | 161.429993 | 162.770004 | 162.770004 | 48408200 | AMAZON |
| 2024-08-08 | 165.169998 | 166.690002 | 162.550003 | 165.800003 | 165.800003 | 44518900 | AMAZON |
| 2024-08-09 | 166.399994 | 187.470001 | 165.889999 | 166.869995 | 166.869995 | 5822024 | AMAZON |

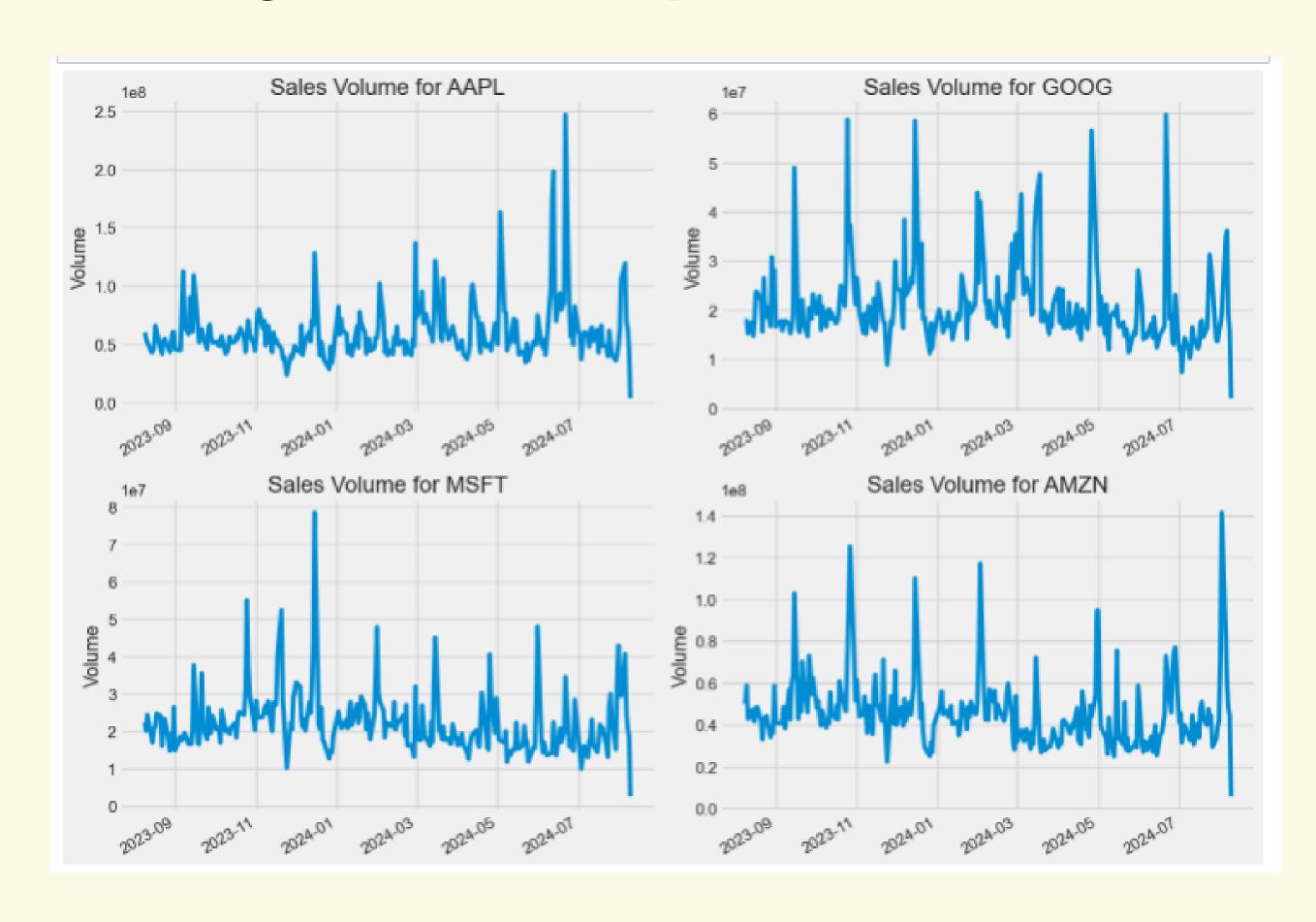
Closing Price Analysis

The closing price is the last price at which the stock is traded during the regular trading day. A stock's closing price is the standard benchmark used by investors to track its performance over time.



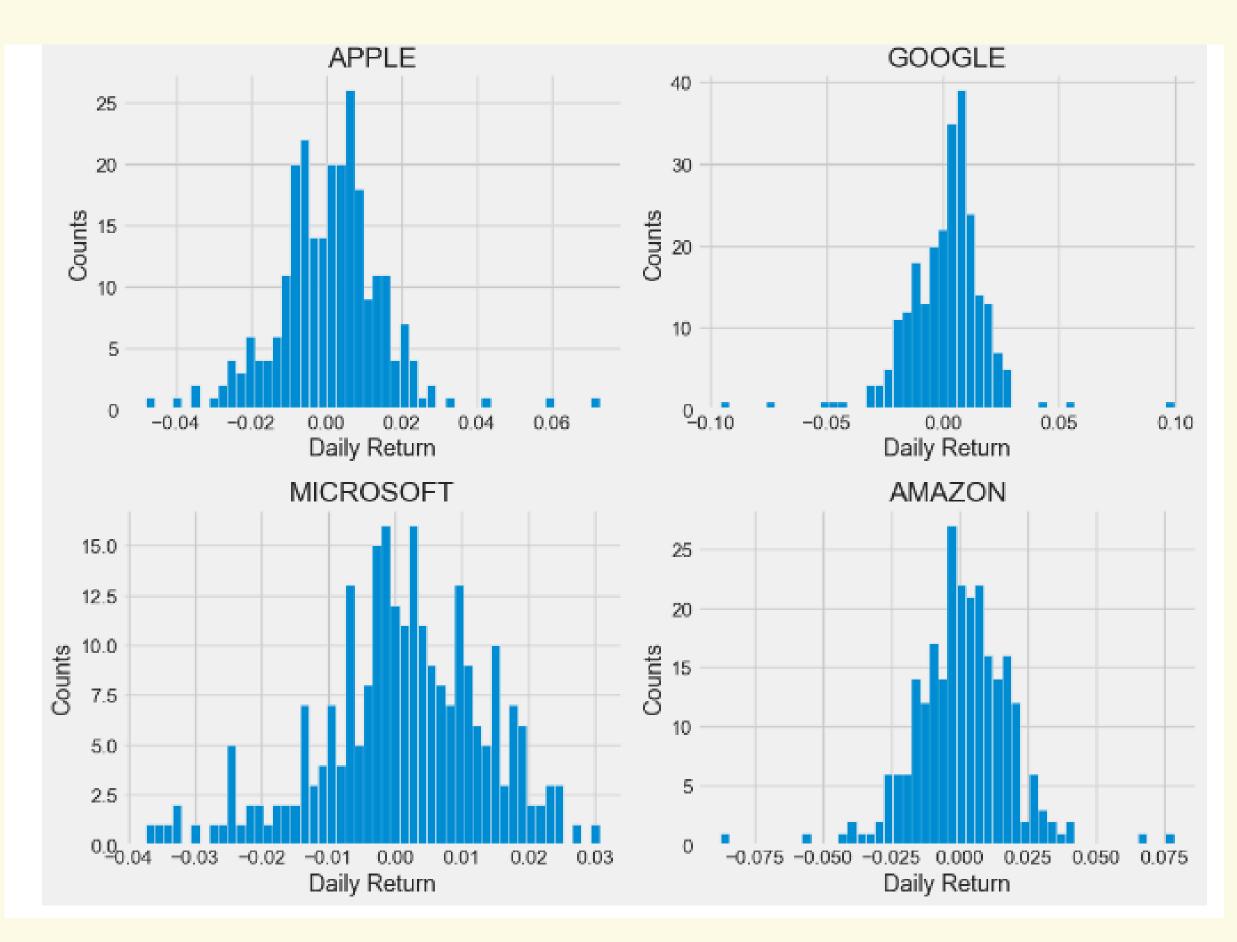
Stocks Traded Each day in diff companies

Volume is the amount of an asset or security that changes hands over some period of time, often over the course of a day. For instance, the stock trading volume would refer to the number of shares of security traded between its daily open and close. Trading volume, and changes to volume over the course of time, are important inputs for technical traders.



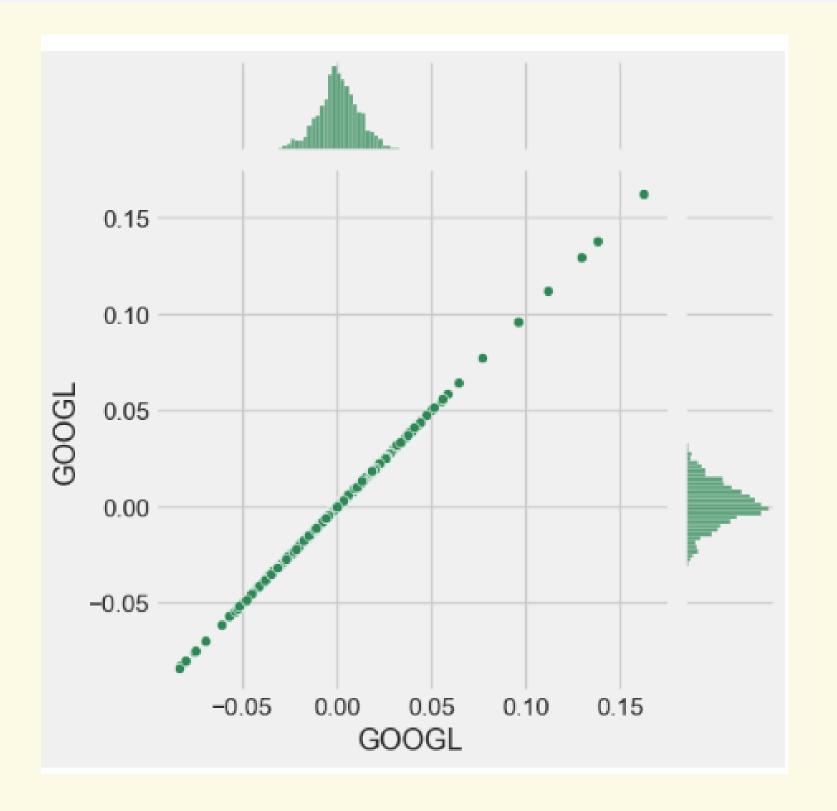
Average Daily Return

The moving average (MA) is a simple technical analysis tool that smooths out price by creating a data constantly updated average price. The average is taken over a specific period of time, like 10 days, minutes, 30 weeks, or any time period the trader chooses.



Linear Relationship of google with itself

```
# Comparing Google to itself should show a perfectly linear relationship
sns.jointplot(x='G00G', y='G00G', data=tech_rets, kind='scatter', color='seagreen')
```



Correlation of stock return and stock closing price

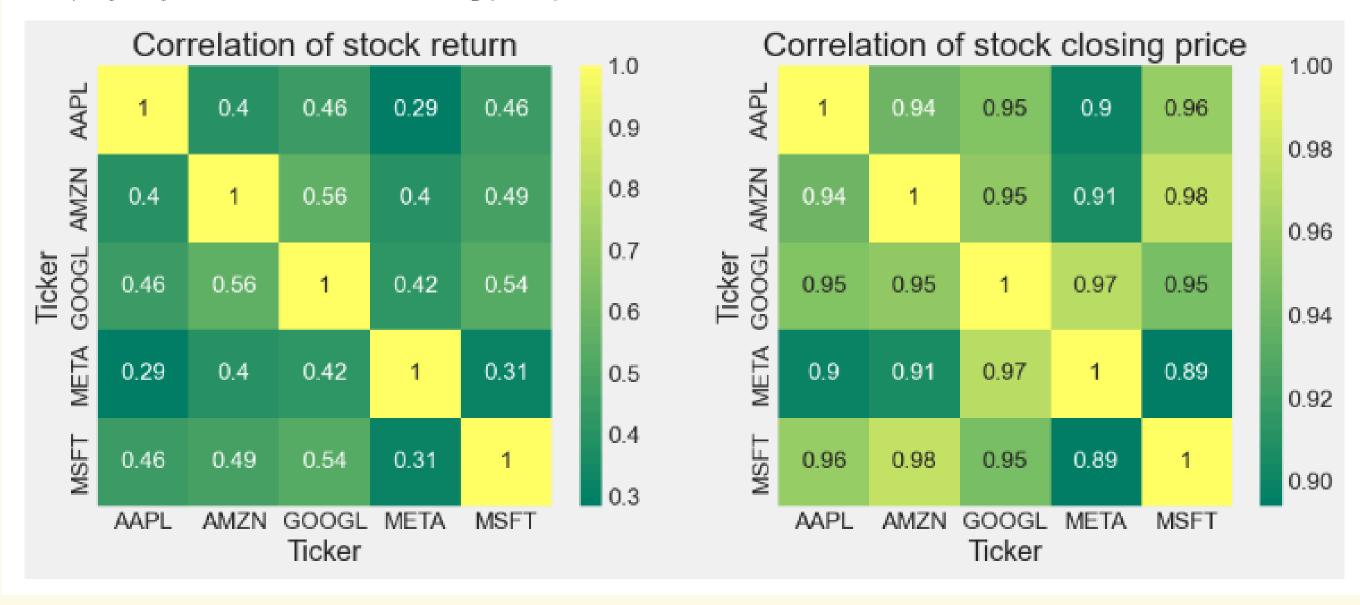
Correlation is a statistic that measures the degree to which two variables move in relation to each other which has a value that must fall between -1.0 and +1.0. Correlation measures association, but doesn't show if x causes y or vice versa or if the association is caused by a third factor[1].

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))

plt.subplot(2, 2, 1)
sns.heatmap(tech_rets.corr(), annot=True, cmap='summer')
plt.title('Correlation of stock return')

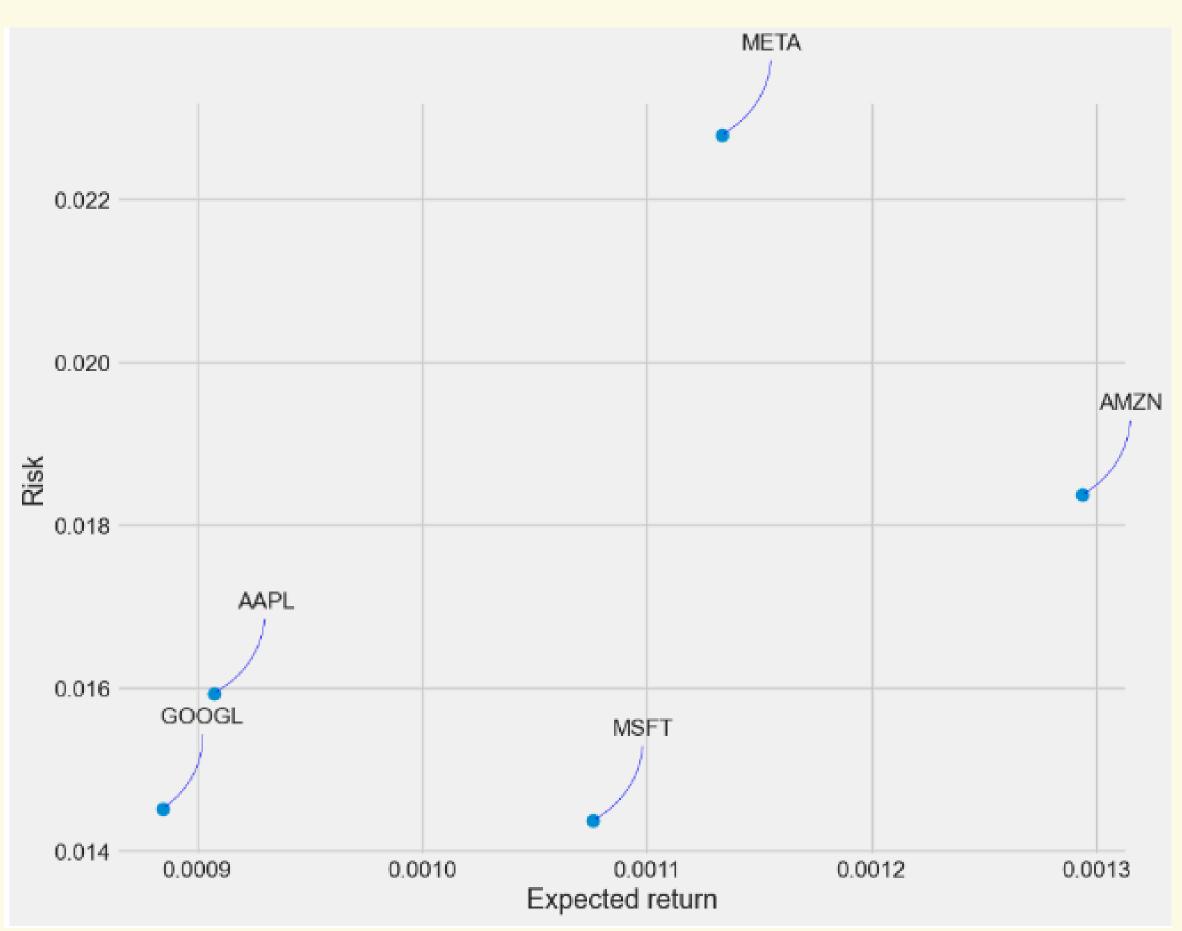
plt.subplot(2, 2, 2)
sns.heatmap(closing_df.corr(), annot=True, cmap='summer')
plt.title('Correlation of stock closing price')
```

: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Correlation of stock closing price')



Quantifying risk

There are many ways we can quantify risk, one of the most basic ways using the information we've gathered on daily percentage returns is by comparing the expected return with the standard deviation of the daily returns.



Closing price prediction based on history



Stock Price Prediction is the task of forecasting future stock prices based on historical data and various market indicators. It involves using statistical models and machine learning algorithms to analyze financial data and make predictions about the future performance of a stock.

Model



Testing data is used to determine the performance of the trained model, whereas training data is used to train the machine learning model. Training data is the power that supplies the model in machine learning, it is larger than testing data. Because more data helps to more effective predictive models. When a machine learning algorithm receives data from our records, it recognizes patterns and creates a decision-making model.

Predictions

Predictive modeling is a mathematical process used to predict future events or outcomes by analyzing patterns in a given set of input data. It is a crucial component of predictive analytics, a type of data analytics which uses current and historical data to forecast activity, behavior and trends.

