import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns import string import nltk from nltk.corpus import stopwords from wordcloud import WordCloud nltk.download('stopwords') import tensorflow as tf from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ReduceLROnPlateau import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore') [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to C:\Users\Acer\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data... [nltk_data] [nltk_data] Unzipping corpora\stopwords.zip. In [6]: data = pd.read_csv('spam.csv') data.head(10) Unnamed: 0 label text label_num 0 605 ham Subject: enron methanol; meter #: 988291\r\n... 0 1 2349 Subject: hpl nom for january 9, 2001\r\n(see... ham 2 Subject: neon retreat\r\nho ho ho , we ' re ar... 0 3624 ham Subject: photoshop, windows, office.cheap... 4685 spam Subject: re: indian springs\r\nthis deal is t... 0 4 2030 ham 2949 ham Subject: ehronline web address change\r\nthis ... 6 2793 Subject: spring savings certificate - take 30 ... 0 ham 4185 spam Subject: looking for medication ? we `re the ... Subject: noms / actual flow for 2 / 26\r\nwe a... 8 0 2641 ham 1870 Subject: nominations for oct . 21 - 23 , 2000\... ham data.shape (5171, 4)Out[7]: In [8]: sns.countplot(x='label_num', data=data) plt.show() 3500 3000 2500 count 2000 1500 1000 500 1 label_num In [9]: # Downsampling to balance the dataset ham_msg = data[data.label_num == 0] spam_msg = data[data.label_num == 1] ham_msg = ham_msg.sample(n=len(spam_msg), random_state=42) # Plotting the counts of down sampled dataset balanced_data = ham_msg.append(spam_msg)\ .reset_index(drop=True) plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6)) sns.countplot(data = balanced_data, x='label_num') plt.title('Distribution of Ham and Spam email messages after downsampling') plt.xlabel('Message types') Text(0.5, 0, 'Message types') Distribution of Ham and Spam email messages after downsampling 1400 1200 1000 count 800 600 400 200 0 1 Message types In [10]: balanced_data['text'] = balanced_data['text'].str.replace('Subject', '') balanced_data.head() Unnamed: 0 label text label_num Out[10]: 0 3444 ham : conoco - big cowboy\r\ndarren :\r\ni ' m not... 0 1 2982 ham : feb 01 prod : sale to teco gas processing\r\... 0 2711 ham : california energy crisis\r\ncalifornia [] , s... 0 2 0 3 3116 ham : re : nom / actual volume for april 23 rd\r\n... 1314 ham : eastrans nomination changes effective 8 / 2 ... 0 4 In [11]: punctuations_list = string.punctuation def remove_punctuations(text): temp = str.maketrans('', '', punctuations_list) return text.translate(temp) balanced_data['text'] = balanced_data['text'].apply(lambda x: remove_punctuations(x)) balanced_data.head() Unnamed: 0 label Out[11]: text label_num 0 3444 ham conoco big cowboy\r\ndarren \r\ni m not sur... 2982 ham feb 01 prod sale to teco gas processing\r\ns... 2 2711 ham california energy crisis\r\ncalifornia 🛚 s p... 0 3116 ham re nom actual volume for april 23 rd\r\nwe ... 4 1314 ham eastrans nomination changes effective 8 2 0... 0 In [12]: def remove_stopwords(text): stop_words = stopwords.words('english') imp_words = [] # Storing the important words for word in str(text).split(): word = word.lower() if word not in stop_words: imp_words.append(word) output = " ".join(imp_words) return output balanced_data['text'] = balanced_data['text'].apply(lambda text: remove_stopwords(text)) balanced_data.head() Unnamed: 0 label text label_num Out[12]: 3444 ham conoco big cowboy darren sure help know else a... 0 1 2982 ham feb 01 prod sale teco gas processing sale deal... california energy crisis california 🏻 power cr... 2 2711 ham 3 3116 ham nom actual volume april 23 rd agree eileen pon... 4 1314 ham eastrans nomination changes effective 8 2 00 p... In [13]: def plot_word_cloud(data, typ): email_corpus = " ".join(data['text']) plt.figure(figsize=(7, 7)) wc = WordCloud(background_color='black', max_words=100, width=800, height=400, collocations=False).generate(email_corpus) plt.imshow(wc, interpolation='bilinear') plt.title(f'WordCloud for {typ} emails', fontsize=15) plt.axis('off') plt.show() plot_word_cloud(balanced_data[balanced_data['label_num'] == 0], typ='Non-Spam') plot_word_cloud(balanced_data[balanced_data['label_num'] == 1], typ='Spam') WordCloud for Non-Spam emails WordCloud for Spam emails In [14]: #train test split train_X, test_X, train_Y, test_Y = train_test_split(balanced_data['text'], balanced_data['label_num'], test_size = 0.2, $random_state = 42)$ In [15]: # Tokenize the text data tokenizer = Tokenizer() tokenizer.fit_on_texts(train_X) # Convert text to sequences train_sequences = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(train_X) test_sequences = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(test_X) # Pad sequences to have the same length max_len = 100 # maximum sequence length train_sequences = pad_sequences(train_sequences, maxlen=max_len, padding='post', truncating='post') test_sequences = pad_sequences(test_sequences, maxlen=max_len, padding='post', truncating='post') In [16]: # Build the model model = tf.keras.models.Sequential() model.add(tf.keras.layers.Embedding(input_dim=len(tokenizer.word_index) + 1, output_dim=32, input_length=max_len)) model.add(tf.keras.layers.LSTM(16)) model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(32, activation='relu')) model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')) # Print the model summary model.summary() Model: "sequential" Layer (type) Output Shape Param # ______ 1stm (LSTM) (None, 16) 3136 dense (Dense) (None, 32) 544 dense_1 (Dense) (None, 1) 33 ______ Total params: 1278625 (4.88 MB) Trainable params: 1278625 (4.88 MB) Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte) In [17]: model.compile(loss = tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(from_logits = True), metrics = ['accuracy'], optimizer = 'adam') In [18]: es = EarlyStopping(patience=3, monitor = 'val_accuracy', restore_best_weights = True) lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(patience = 2, monitor = 'val_loss', factor = 0.5, verbose = 0) In [19]: # Train the model history = model.fit(train_sequences, train_Y, validation_data=(test_sequences, test_Y), epochs=20, batch_size=32, callbacks = [lr, es]Epoch 1/20 Epoch 2/20 Epoch 3/20 Epoch 4/20 Epoch 5/20 Epoch 6/20 Epoch 7/20 Epoch 8/20 Epoch 9/20 In [20]: # Train the model history = model.fit(train_sequences, train_Y, validation_data=(test_sequences, test_Y), epochs=20, batch_size=32, callbacks = [lr, es]Epoch 1/20 Epoch 2/20 Epoch 3/20 Epoch 4/20 In [21]: # Evaluate the model test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(test_sequences, test_Y) print('Test Loss :', test_loss) print('Test Accuracy :',test_accuracy) Test Loss: 0.09668896347284317 Test Accuracy: 0.9800000190734863 In [22]: plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy') plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy') plt.title('Model Accuracy') plt.ylabel('Accuracy') plt.xlabel('Epoch') plt.legend() plt.show() Model Accuracy Training Accuracy Validation Accuracy 0.980 0.975 Accuracy 0.970 0.965 0.960 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 0.0 3.0 Epoch

In [3]: **import** numpy **as** np

import pandas as pd