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**EXAM 1 – Math 40015/50015**  
**Fall 2022**

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SHOW ALL YOUR WORK and write complete and coherent answers. No partial credit will be given if no work is shown. Please write as clearly and neatly as possible. If I cannot read your answers, I cannot give you any credit. Feel free to ask for more paper if you need more space. GOOD LUCK!!!

**Questions-**

Based on the data set “water” in package alr4, you are asked to predict stream runoff volume labelled BSAAM using precipitation measurements labelled by OPSLAKE.

**1. Identify the response variable and predictor variable.**

**Response: - BSAAM**

**Predictor: - OPSLAKE**

**2. Draw the scatterplot of the response versus the predictor variable. Summarize the information in the graph.**

**Code: -** I have initially installed all necessary libraries and then done with plotting and then done summary function.

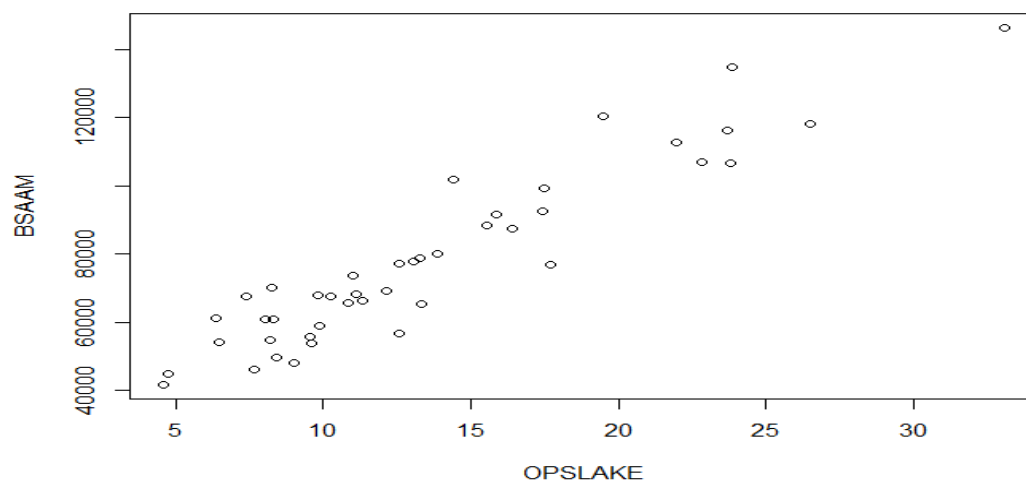
```
> install.packages("alr4")
Error in install.packages : Updating loaded packages
> install.packages("alr4")
WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please download and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:
https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/
warning in install.packages :
package 'alr4' is in use and will not be installed
> library(alr4)
> a <- water #assigning the data package
> plot(y=water$BSAAM, x=water$OPSLAKE)
> lm(BSAAM ~ OPSLAKE, water)

call:
lm(formula = BSAAM ~ OPSLAKE, data = water)

Coefficients:
(Intercept)      OPSLAKE
      27015         3752

> summary(water)
```

Year	APMAM	APSAB	OPSLAKE	OPBPC	OPRC	OPSLAKE	BSAAM
Min. :1948	Min. : 2.700	Min. : 1.450	Min. : 1.77	Min. : 4.050	Min. : 4.350	Min. : 4.600	Min. : 41785
1st Qu.:1958	1st Qu.: 4.975	1st Qu.: 3.390	1st Qu.: 3.36	1st Qu.: 7.975	1st Qu.: 7.875	1st Qu.: 8.705	1st Qu.: 59857
Median :1969	Median : 7.080	Median : 4.460	Median : 4.62	Median : 9.550	Median :11.110	Median :12.140	Median : 69177
Mean :1969	Mean : 7.323	Mean : 4.652	Mean : 4.93	Mean :12.836	Mean :12.002	Mean :13.522	Mean : 77756
3rd Qu.:1980	3rd Qu.: 9.115	3rd Qu.: 5.685	3rd Qu.: 5.83	3rd Qu.:16.545	3rd Qu.:14.975	3rd Qu.:16.920	3rd Qu.: 92206
Max. :1990	Max. :18.080	Max. :11.960	Max. :13.02	Max. :43.370	Max. :24.850	Max. :33.070	Max. :146345



**Conclusion: -** I have concluded above is the graph and code

3. Obtain the estimated intercept, slope, and variance of the simple linear regression.

**Estimated intercepts: -**

```
## estimated intercepts
> p <- lm(BSAAM ~ OPSLAKE, water)
> coef(p)
(Intercept)      OPSLAKE
 27014.587      3752.486
```

**Slope: -**

```
> slope(p)
Error in slope(p) : could not find function "slope"
> slope <- p
> slope

Call:
lm(formula = BSAAM ~ OPSLAKE, data = water)

Coefficients:
(Intercept)      OPSLAKE
 27015          3752
```

**Variance: -**

```
> var(water)
```

	Year	APMAM	APSAB	APSLAKE	OPBPC	OPRC	OPSLAKE	BSAAM
Year	1.576667e+02	-2.952381e-02	1.3354762	4.824762	1.144905e+01	1.418571e+00	1.106119e+01	5.446117e+04
APMAM	-2.952381e-02	9.595279e+00	5.2616214	5.708760	2.914581e+00	2.405093e+00	2.125960e+00	1.885845e+04
APSAB	1.335476e+00	5.261621e+00	4.2116278	4.172506	6.238808e-01	1.090094e+00	3.878260e-01	9.599259e+03
APSLAKE	4.824762e+00	5.708760e+00	4.1725060	5.099938	1.622438e+00	1.208006e+00	1.449675e+00	1.436938e+04
OPBPC	1.144905e+01	2.914581e+00	0.6238808	1.622438	5.910628e+01	3.342705e+01	4.628457e+01	1.737757e+05
OPRC	1.418571e+00	2.405093e+00	1.0900937	1.208006	3.342705e+01	2.528275e+01	2.949468e+01	1.180011e+05
OPSLAKE	1.106119e+01	2.125960e+00	0.3878260	1.449675	4.628457e+01	2.949468e+01	4.072823e+01	1.528321e+05
BSAAM	5.446117e+04	1.885845e+04	9599.2586988	14369.383549	1.737757e+05	1.180011e+05	1.528321e+05	6.512147e+08

4. Obtain the standard errors of the estimated intercept and slope, respectively.

**Answer:** after plotting the graph I have got that standard errors of the estimated Intercept is 3218.9 and slope is 215.7

5. Add the fitted regression line to the scatterplot.

**Code: -**

```
> ###fitted regression line
> lm(BSAAM ~ OPSLAKE, water)

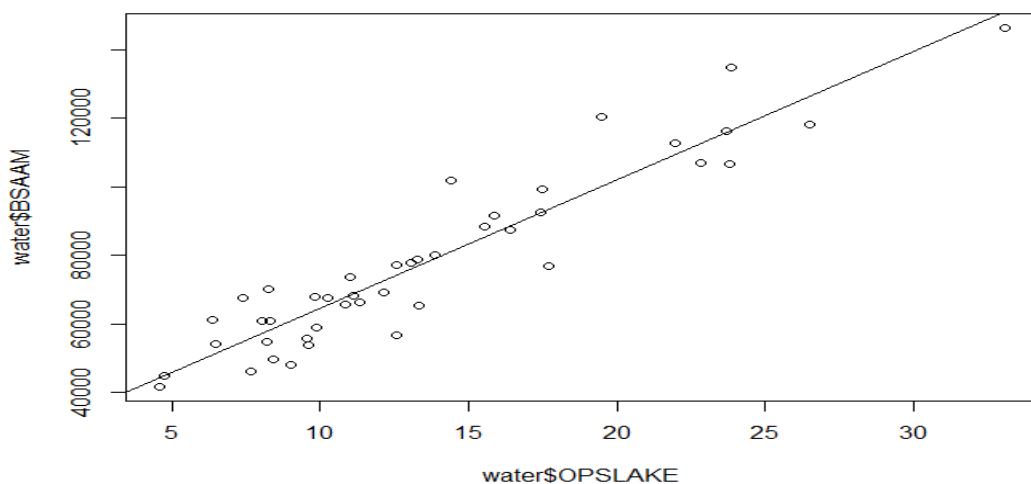
Call:
lm(formula = BSAAM ~ OPSLAKE, data = water)

Coefficients:
(Intercept)      OPSLAKE 
      27015         3752 

> abline(lm(BSAAM ~ OPSLAKE, water))
> |
```

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**Plot: -**



**Conclusion: -** from the above graph by using abline function we can fit the regression line to the scatterplot.

**6. Test the hypothesis that the slope is 0 versus the alternative that it is positive using the significance level  $\alpha = 0.01$ . You need to report the computed test statistic, p-value and summarize your decision and conclusion carefully.**

**7. Construct a 99% confidence interval for the slope. Report your interval with both lower and upper bounds and conclude what you find.**

**conclusion: -** in the below graph I have constructed a 99% confidence interval for the slope and I have also found the lower upper bounds I conclude that the lower and upper bounds are varying.

```
> ###7
> predict(p, level=.99)
      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10     11     12     13     14
51293.17 65515.09 69605.30 68779.75 112608.78 54820.51 76997.70 63788.95 92382.89 57972.59 92608.04 62888.35 55721.10 60786.96
93358.53 85290.69 57784.97 76885.12 74145.81 115798.40 58085.17 151109.29 68291.93 67616.48 57259.62 86529.01 88630.40 74145.81
44763.84 44276.02 109344.12 79099.09 116248.69 72569.76 100000.43 116548.89 81125.43 76022.05 126305.36 50880.40 64089.14 62963.40
58572.99
```

By using interval=prediction

```
> ###7
> predict(p, interval="prediction", level=.99)
      fit      lwr      upr
1  51293.17 26569.48 76016.86
2  65515.09 41061.32 89968.86
3  69605.30 45192.69 94017.91
4  68779.75 44360.16 93199.34
5  112608.78 87635.47 137582.10
6  54820.51 30181.94 79459.07
7  76997.70 52617.64 101377.75
8  63788.95 39312.88 88265.01
9  92382.89 67897.53 116868.24
10 57972.59 33400.01 82545.18
11 92608.04 68119.41 117096.66
12 62888.35 38399.49 87377.21
13 55721.10 31102.36 80339.84
14 60786.96 36265.18 85308.73
15 93358.53 68858.66 117858.41
16 85290.69 60882.85 109698.52
17 57784.97 33208.73 82361.21
18 76885.12 52504.97 101265.27
19 74145.81 49759.59 98532.03
20 115798.40 90713.07 140883.72
21 58085.17 33514.77 82655.57
22 151109.29 124199.61 178018.96
23 68291.93 43867.90 92715.96
24 67616.48 43185.91 92047.05
25 57259.62 32672.95 81846.29
26 86529.01 62111.20 110946.82
27 88630.40 64192.21 113068.59
28 74145.81 49759.59 98532.03
29 44763.84 19851.55 69676.14
30 44276.02 19348.03 69204.01
31 109344.12 84475.75 134212.49
32 79099.09 54718.42 103479.75
33 116248.69 91146.81 141350.58
34 72569.76 48176.69 96962.84
35 100000.43 75377.15 124623.71
36 116548.89 91435.87 141661.92
37 81125.43 56740.04 105510.82
38 76022.05 51640.79 100403.31
39 126305.36 100786.46 151824.25
40 50880.40 26145.97 75614.82
41 64089.14 39617.17 88561.12
42 62963.40 38475.64 87451.16
43 58572.99 34011.89 83134.09
Warning message:
In predict.lm(p, interval = "prediction", level = 0.99) :
  predictions on current data refer to _future_ responses
```

**8. For a precipitation measurement not in the data with OPSLAKE=22, obtain a 99% prediction interval for BASAAM.**

```
> ##For a precipitation measurement not in the data with OPSLAKE=22, obtain a 99% prediction interval for BASAAM
> predict(p, data.frame(OPSLAKE=22), interval="prediction", level=.99)
      fit      lwr      upr
1 109569.3 84693.98 134444.6
```

Conclusion: - ii have found the precipitation measurement that is not in the data of OPSLAKE=22, and I have also obtained 99% prediction interval for Bassam.