HKMA – Anti-Money Laundering Seminar

Address Proof for Personal Customers

Lily Ho
Regional Money Laundering Control Officer, Asia Pacific
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

22 January 2009

HKMA - Industry Working Group (IWG)

- Represented by 20 banks and chaired by HKMA
- ➤ First working group paper on Residential Address Proof submitted in Dec 2006 outline of industry concerns and recommendations
- Guidance papers on Address Proof for Personal Customers issued by HKMA on 31 Mar 2008
- > Do not form part of the formal regulatory requirements but are practices expected to be adopted unless with equally effective alternative control measures

HKMA - Residential Address Proof Requirements

- ➤ HKMA Supplement paragraph 3.2(b) identify the customer and verify the identity using reliable, independent source documents, data or information:
- HKMA Supplement paragraph 3.3 identity of an individual include:
 - Name (former or other name(s))
 - Date of birth
 - Nationality
 - Residential address (and permanent address if different)

HKMA - Residential Address Proof Requirements

- Coverage
 - Personal account customers
 - and also
 - Individuals "connected" to non-personal customers
 - For examples:
 - Directors
 - Account signatures
 - Principal shareholders
 - Ultimate beneficial owners
 - Trustees

HKMA - Residential Address Proof Requirements

- ➤ General expectation: AIs are advised to check the address of the applicant by appropriate means (e.g. sighting utility or rate bills, home visits, etc.)
- Common sense approach to handle cases where the customers are unable to provide address proof

Practical Difficulties Experienced by AIs

- > Expatriate staying in a service apartment with no utility bill, etc; and property in home country has been sold
- > Immigrants or expatriates who just arrived HK
- ➤ Celebrities, privileged and well known persons who usually use office address/PO Box as correspondence address or refuses to disclose addresses and provide address proof (e.g. threat of kidnapping)
- ➤ Individuals living in village and address proof only carries village lot's no
- > Strong resistance from corporate customers
- Utility bill in a foreign language
- **>**

Impact

- > Inconsistent standards among AIs
- > Customer service experience

HKMA Guidance Paper -

Recommended Acceptable Address Proof - Tier 1

- utility, rates or tax bills
- bank or credit card statements
- management fee bills
- > letters issued by government or other public bodies
- correspondence received from banks, MPF providers, insurance companies or professional bodies
- mobile phone or pay TV statements

HKMA Guidance Paper -

Recommended Acceptable Address Proof - Tier 1

- > rental agreements showing the address of the customer and having the customer as one of the contracting parties
- ➤ ID card, passport or driving licence (with the customer's photo on it), which shows the customer's address in the home country
- ➤ (for overseas domestic helpers) a copy of the domestic helper's employment contract which shows the domestic helper's residential address in Hong Kong and his/her permanent address in the home country

HKMA Guidance Paper -

Recommended Acceptable Address Proof - Tier 2

- > correspondence received from the customer's employer which shows the residential address of the customer
- ➤ letters issued by a qualified intermediary confirming the address of the customer
- > up-to-date annual returns which contain the customer's residential address
- ➤ address proof of an immediate family member plus a written confirmation from the immediate family member that the customer is living at that address (especially for customers who are students, housewives or senior citizens)

HKMA Guidance Paper Recommended Acceptable Address Proof - Tier 2

- > an acknowledgement of receipt duly signed by the customer in response to a letter sent by the AI to the address provided by the customer
- > a land search report on the address provided by the customer which confirms that the customer is the owner of the property
- > a copy of the statement which is sent by the AI to the address provided by the customer and is returned by the customer during his/her visit to the AI.

HKMA Guidance Paper-

Other Conditions

- > Apply Tier 2 only if Tier 1 document is unavailable
- > Address proof must be recent (i.e. issued within 3 months)
- ➤ Grace period for completing the verification of address proof extends from 1 month to 3 months if address proof is the <u>only</u> missing documents

The Way Forward - Some Suggestions:

- ➤ Allow wider scope of risk based approach (e.g. more streamlined process / 1 tier approach only)
- ➤ Revisit the current address requirement as part of customer identity (e.g. benchmark with the practice of other international financial centre)
- Utilization of electronic verification of identity

Thank You