MONETARY AUTHORITY OF SINGAPORE

MACROECONOMIC REVIEW



ECONOMIC POLICY GROUP

October 2021/ VOLUME XX/ ISSUE 2



Contents

Chapters

Special Features

- The International Economy
- The Singapore Economy

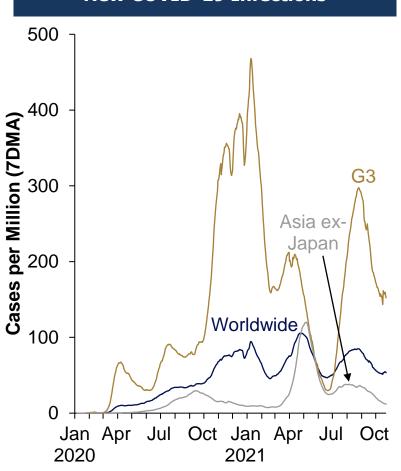
 Box A: The Digital Economy: A Potential New Engine for Productivity Growth
- **Solution**Labour Market and Inflation
- Macroeconomic Policy
 Box B: Review of MAS Money Market Operations in FY2020/21
- 50 Years of Inflation Experience in Singapore
- **B** Monetary Policy Strategy Review: The Fed and the ECB



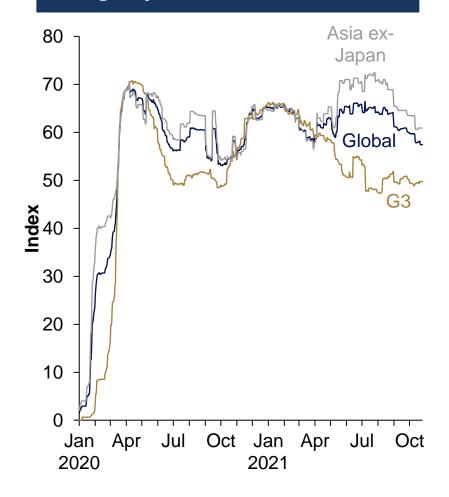
International Economy

The global recovery has been delayed by a renewed rise in COVID-19 cases

New COVID-19 Infections

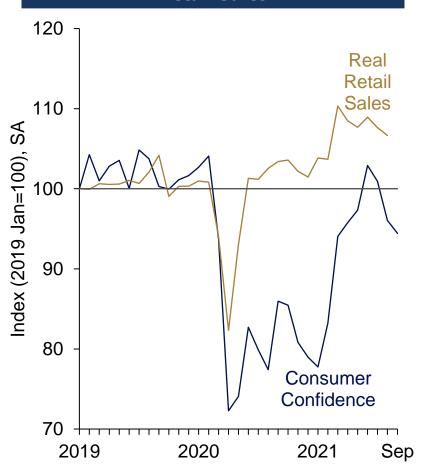


Stringency of Public Health Measures

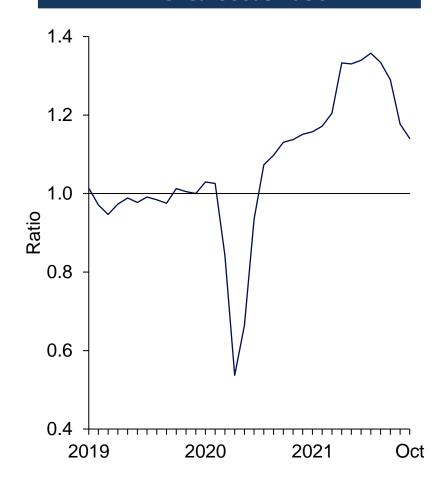


Robust private demand in the G3 is expected to support Asia ex-Japan exports

G3 Consumer Confidence and Real Retail Sales

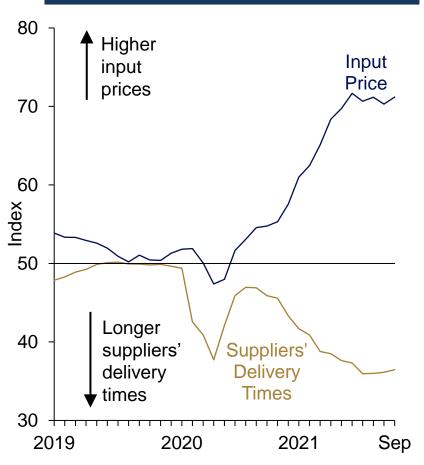


G3 PMI New Orders to Stocks of Finished Goods Ratio

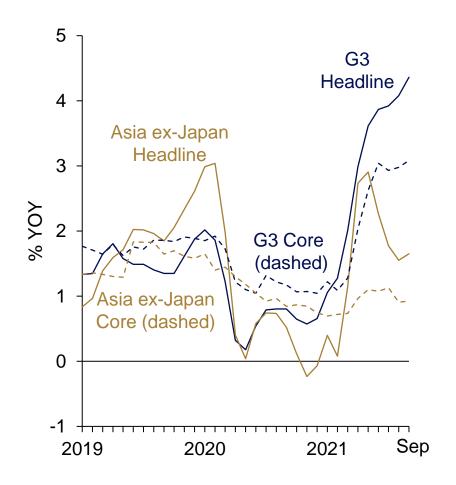


Supply constraints have contributed to higher inflation

Global Manufacturing PMI InputPrices and Suppliers' Delivery Times



Headline and Core CPI Inflation

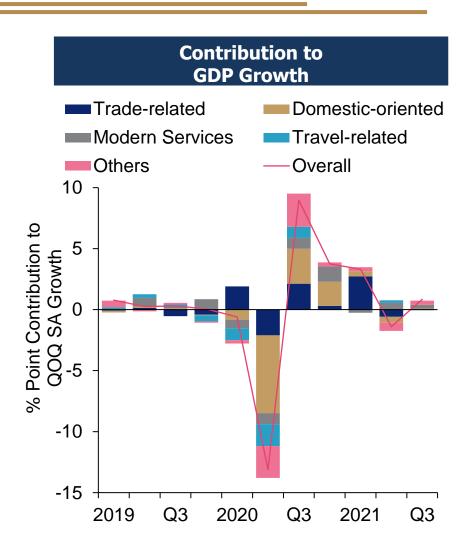




Singapore Economy

Singapore's economic recovery experienced a setback in Q2 and early Q3 2021

Singapore's GDP Growth 20 15 QOQ SA 10 Per Cent 5 YOY -5 -10 -15 2020 Q3* 2019 Q3 Q3 2021

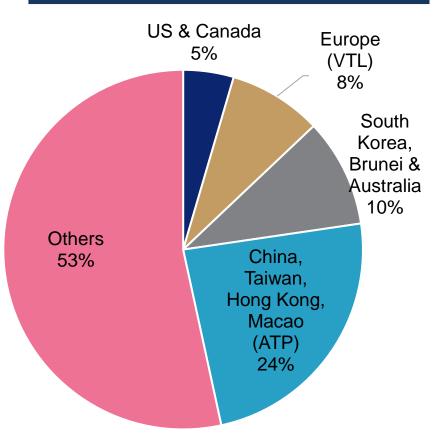


^{*} Advance Estimates

The Singapore economy is expected to continue growing at an above-trend pace in 2022

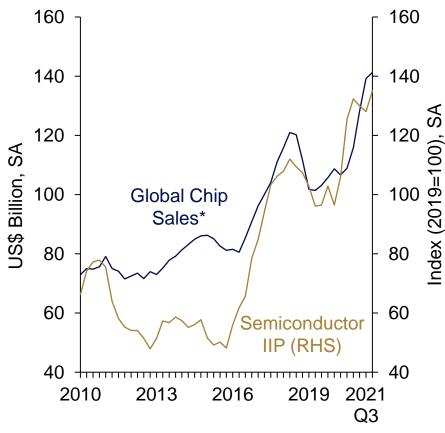
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Visitor Arrivals to Singapore, 2019



Note: VTL and ATP classifications announced as at 26 October 2021. Countries in Europe under the VTL scheme are Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Spain, Switzerland and the UK.

Global Chip Sales and Singapore's Semiconductor IIP

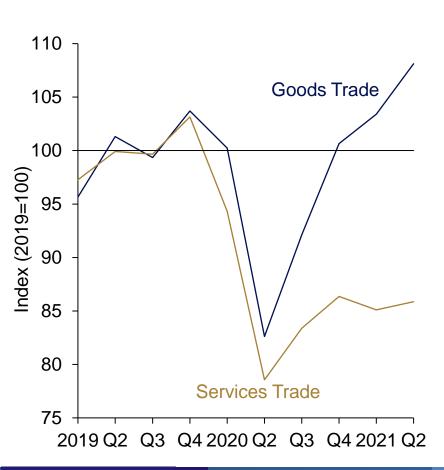


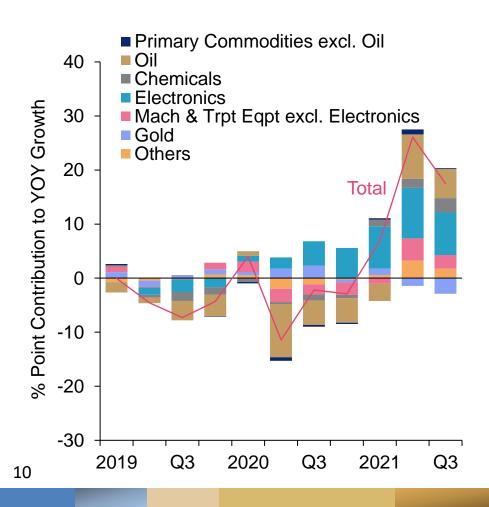
^{*} Q3 2021 is estimated based on Jul-Aug data

Singapore's trade in goods was supported by strong global demand for electronics



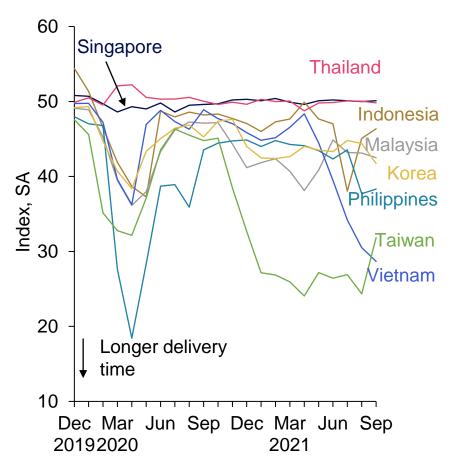
Exports by Product Type





Singapore's trade is well-diversified

Manufacturing PMI Suppliers' Delivery Times



Herfindahl-Hirschman Index for Singapore's Imports, 2020

Industry	Capital Goods	Intermediate Goods	Consumption Goods
All Goods	1,884	917	887
Electronics	3,311	2,176	2,630
Pharmaceuticals	-	1,892	785

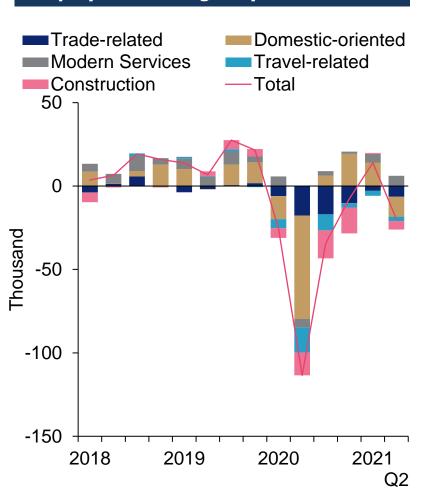
Note: The Herfindahl-Hirschman (HH) Index is a commonly accepted measure of market concentration. A HH index of less than 1,500 is generally considered geographically diversified, a value of 1,500 to 2,500 is moderately diversified, and an index of 2,500 or greater is deemed highly concentrated.



Labour Market and Inflation

The recovery momentum in the domestic labour market eased in Q2

Employment Changes by Broad Sectors



Labour Market Indicators

—Q1 2021 —Q2 2021 —2010–19 Average

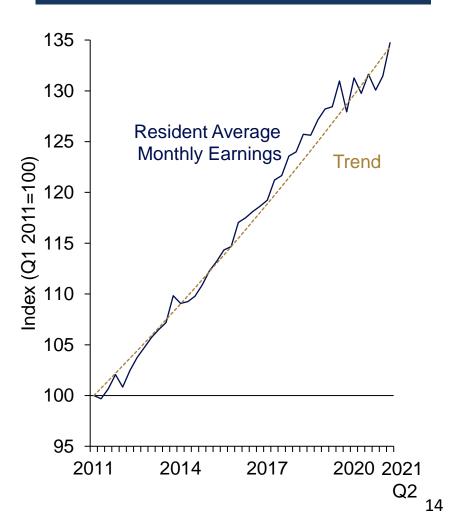
Overall Retrenchment



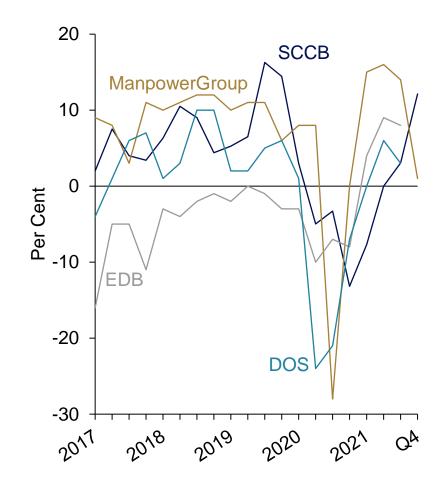
Job Vacancy to Unemployed Persons Ratio

In 2022, resident unemployment rate should come in close to historical level and wage growth should rise

Average Monthly Earnings

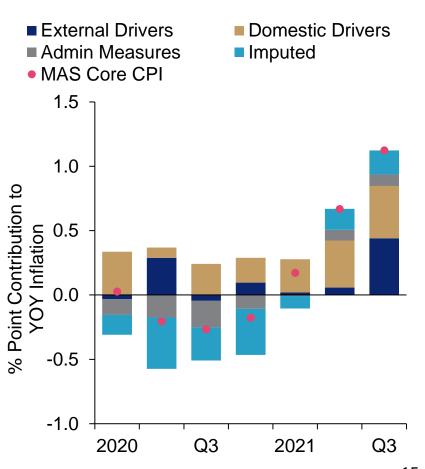


Employment Outlook for Singapore

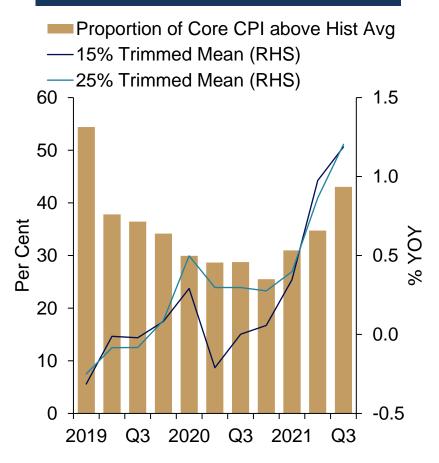


Inflationary pressures rose and broadened in Q3

% Point Contribution to MAS Core Inflation

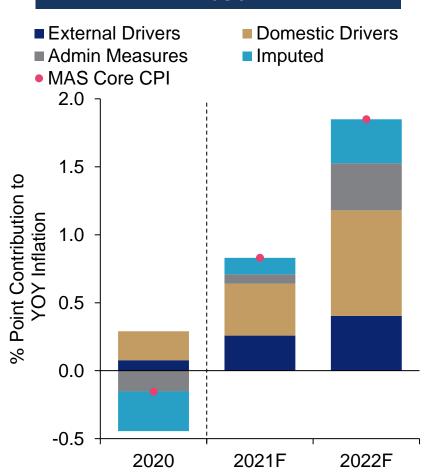


Weighted Proportion of Core CPI with Inflation Above Historical Average & Trimmed Mean Measures

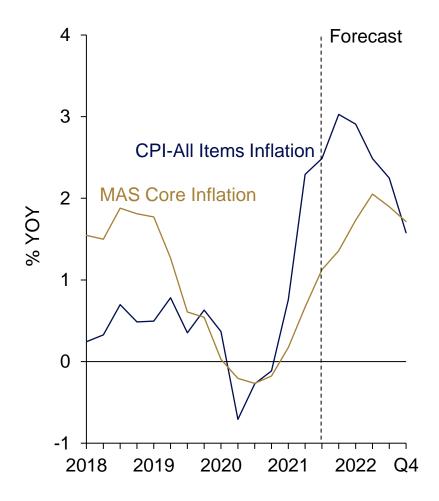


Inflation is projected to rise next year, on the back of strengthening domestic and imported costs

% Point Contribution to MAS Core Inflation



CPI-All Items and MAS Core Inflation

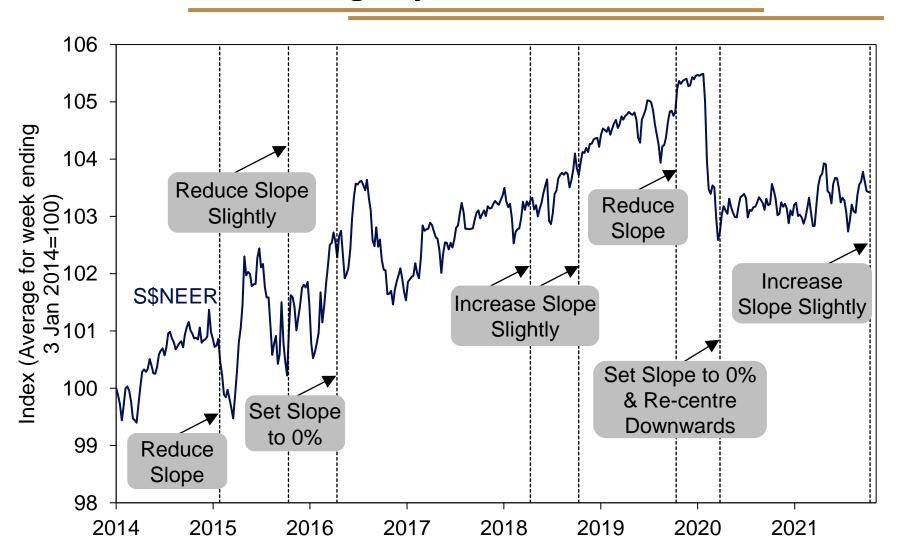




Macroeconomic Policy

RESTRICTED

The slope of the S\$NEER policy band was raised slightly in October



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