

Java Built-in Functions for CP & DSA

Array-related Functions (java.util.Arrays)

- Arrays.sort(arr);
Sorts the array in ascending order.
- Arrays.binarySearch(arr, key);
Searches for 'key' in sorted array, returns index or -(insertion_point)-1.
- Arrays.fill(arr, val);
Fills the entire array with the given value.
- Arrays.copyOf(arr, n);
Copies the first n elements into a new array.
- Arrays.copyOfRange(arr, from, to);
Copies elements from index 'from' (inclusive) to 'to' (exclusive).
- Arrays.equals(arr1, arr2);
Checks if two arrays are equal.
- Arrays.toString(arr);
Returns string representation of array.

ArrayList-related Functions (java.util.ArrayList)

- list.add(val);
Adds element at the end of list.
- list.add(index, val);
Inserts element at specific index.
- list.get(i);
Returns element at index i.
- list.set(i, val);
Updates element at index i.
- list.remove(i);
Removes element at index i.
- list.size();
Returns number of elements in list.

- `list.contains(x);`
Checks if list contains x.
- `list.indexOf(x);`
Returns index of first occurrence of x, -1 if not found.
- `list.isEmpty();`
Checks if list is empty.
- `list.clear();`
Removes all elements.
- `Collections.sort(list);`
Sorts elements in ascending order.
- `Collections.reverse(list);`
Reverses the order of list.
- `Collections.max(list);`
Finds maximum element.
- `Collections.min(list);`
Finds minimum element.

Collections Utility Functions (java.util.Collections)

- `Collections.sort(list);`
Sorts list in ascending order.
- `Collections.sort(list, Collections.reverseOrder());`
Sorts list in descending order.
- `Collections.reverse(list);`
Reverses order of elements.
- `Collections.shuffle(list);`
Randomly shuffles elements.
- `Collections.max(list);`
Returns maximum element.
- `Collections.min(list);`
Returns minimum element.
- `Collections.frequency(list, x);`
Counts occurrences of x in list.

- Collections.swap(list, i, j);

Swaps elements at indices i and j.

Math Functions (java.lang.Math)

- Math.abs(x);

Returns absolute value of x.

- Math.max(a, b);

Returns maximum of a and b.

- Math.min(a, b);

Returns minimum of a and b.

- Math.pow(a, b);

Computes a raised to power b.

- Math.sqrt(x);

Returns square root of x.

- Math.cbrt(x);

Returns cube root of x.

- Math.log(x);

Returns natural logarithm (base e).

- Math.log10(x);

Returns base 10 logarithm.

- Math.ceil(x);

Rounds up to nearest integer.

- Math.floor(x);

Rounds down to nearest integer.

- Math.round(x);

Rounds to nearest integer.

- Math.random();

Returns random double [0.0, 1.0).

- Math.PI, Math.E;

Math constants for PI and e.

String Functions (java.lang.String)

- `str.length();`
Returns length of string.
- `str.charAt(i);`
Returns character at index i.
- `str.substring(i, j);`
Extracts substring from i to j-1.
- `str.indexOf("abc");`
Returns first index of substring.
- `str.lastIndexOf("abc");`
Returns last index of substring.
- `str.equals("abc");`
Checks if two strings are equal.
- `str.equalsIgnoreCase("abc");`
Checks equality ignoring case.
- `str.compareTo(str2);`
Lexicographically compares two strings.
- `str.contains("abc");`
Checks if substring exists.
- `str.replace("a", "b");`
Replaces all 'a' with 'b'.
- `str.toCharArray();`
Converts string to char array.
- `str.split(" ");`
Splits string by spaces.
- `str.toLowerCase();`
Converts to lowercase.
- `str.toUpperCase();`
Converts to uppercase.
- `str.trim();`
Removes leading and trailing spaces.

StringBuilder Functions (java.lang.StringBuilder)

- `StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder("abc");`
Creates new `StringBuilder` with 'abc'.
- `sb.append("xyz");`
Appends 'xyz' at the end.
- `sb.insert(2, "hello");`
Inserts 'hello' at index 2.
- `sb.delete(2, 5);`
Deletes characters from index 2 to 4.
- `sb.reverse();`
Reverses the string.
- `sb.toString();`
Converts `StringBuilder` back to string.

HashMap / HashSet (java.util.HashMap / HashSet)

- `map.put(key, value);`
Inserts key-value pair.
- `map.get(key);`
Returns value for given key.
- `map.containsKey(key);`
Checks if key exists.
- `map.containsValue(value);`
Checks if value exists.
- `map.remove(key);`
Removes entry for key.
- `map.keySet();`
Returns all keys as `Set`.
- `map.values();`
Returns all values as `Collection`.
- `set.add(x);`
Adds element to set.
- `set.contains(x);`
Checks if set contains element.

- `set.remove(x);`

Removes element from set.

- `set.size();`

Returns number of elements in set.

Priority Queue (`java.util.PriorityQueue`)

- `PriorityQueue<Integer> minHeap = new PriorityQueue<>();`

Creates min-heap.

- `PriorityQueue<Integer> maxHeap = new PriorityQueue<>(Collections.reverseOrder());`

Creates max-heap.

- `pq.add(x);`

Adds element to queue.

- `pq.poll();`

Removes and returns smallest element.

- `pq.peek();`

Returns smallest element without removing.

Deque (`java.util.ArrayDeque`)

- `Deque<Integer> dq = new ArrayDeque<>();`

Creates new deque.

- `dq.addFirst(x);`

Adds element at front.

- `dq.addLast(x);`

Adds element at back.

- `dq.removeFirst();`

Removes element from front.

- `dq.removeLast();`

Removes element from back.

- `dq.peekFirst();`

Returns front element without removing.

- `dq.peekLast();`

Returns last element without removing.

Fast Input/Output (BufferedReader & StringTokenizer)

- `BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));`
Fast input reading.
- `StringTokenizer st = new StringTokenizer(br.readLine());`
Tokenizes input line.
- `int x = Integer.parseInt(st.nextToken());`
Parses next token as integer.

Extra Function

- `Arrays.binarySearch(arr, key);`
Returns the index of 'key' if found in sorted array 'arr', else returns $-(\text{insertion_point}) - 1$.