```
create database shivam;
use shivam;
 - Creating the Table in the Database
CREATE TABLE `shivam`.`airbnb` (
   `listing id` INT NOT NULL,
   `date` DATE NULL,
   `available` VARCHAR(1) NULL,
   `price` VARCHAR(10) NULL
);
desc airbnb;
drop table airbnb;
SELECT
FROM
  airbnb;
SHOW VARIABLES LIKE "secure file priv";
-- Importing the CSV FILE
load data infile "/tmp/airbnb_calendar.csv"
into table airbnb
fields terminated by ','
enclosed by '"'
lines terminated by '\n'
ignore 1 rows;
```

```
SELECT
FROM
 airbnb
ORDER BY listing id;
-- Cleaning the Data
SET SQL_SAFE_UPDATES = 0;
UPDATE airbnb
SET
  price = NULL
WHERE
  price = '';
UPDATE airbnb
SET
  price = TRIM(LEADING '$' FROM price);
```

```
/*=======Q1========*/
```

Q1. What is the time period used?

```
(SELECT
   date
FROM
   airbnb
ORDER BY date
LIMIT 1) UNION (SELECT
   date
FROM
   airbnb
ORDER BY date DESC
LIMIT 1);
44 • ⊝ (SELECT
45
            date
        FROM
47
            airbnb
       ORDER BY date
        LIMIT 1) UNION (SELECT
50
            date
00%
        9:50
                                          Export:
Result Grid
          Filter Rows: Q Search
                                                                        Result
Grid
  date
▶ 201...
  201...
                                                                        Form
Editor
```

```
/*=======Q2========*/
```

Q2. How many properties have duplicate entries? Remove duplicate rows (say a row appears 3 times, remove 2 and keep 1)

```
SELECT
   listing id, date, COUNT(*) c
FROM
   airbnb
GROUP BY listing id , date
HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
DELETE t1 FROM (SELECT *, ROW NUMBER () OVER(listing id ) as
rownum FROM airbnb) t1
INNER JOIN (SELECT *, ROW NUMBER() OVER(listing id) as rownum
FROM airbnb) t2
WHERE
t1.date= t2.date AND
t1.listing_id = t2.listing id AND
ti.rownum < t2.rownum;
 59
 60 •
        SELECT
 61
            listing_id, date, COUNT(*) c
 62
        FROM
 63
            airbnb
        GROUP BY listing_id , date
 64
100%
      $ 5:62
                                          Export:
 Result Grid
           Filter Rows: Q Search
   listing_id date
                  С
 12898806 2016-09-06 2
```

```
/*======Q3=======*/
```

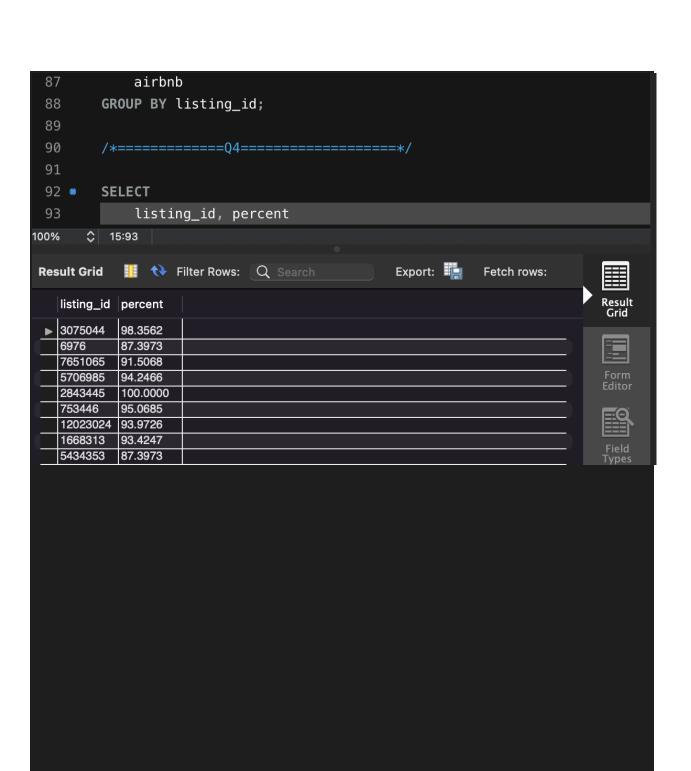
Q3. For each property, find out the number of days the property was available and not available (create a table with listing_id, available days, unavailable days and available days as a fraction of total days)

```
SELECT
   listing id AS property,
   SUM (CASE
       WHEN available = 't' THEN 1
        ELSE 0
   END) AS Available,
   SUM (CASE
        WHEN available = 'f' THEN 1
        ELSE 0
   END) AS Unavailable
FROM
   airbnb
GROUP BY listing id;
      /*========03=========*/
      SELECT
          listing_id AS property,
8
   \Theta
          SUM (CASE
              WHEN available = 't' THEN 1
    13:78
                                            Export:
sult Grid
         Filter Rows:
                          Q Search
                                                        Fetch rows:
property
        Available Unavailable
12147973 0
                365
3075044
        359
                6
6976
        319
                46
1436513
        98
                267
7651065
        334
                31
12386020 58
                307
5706985
        344
                21
2843445
        365
                0
```

```
/*========*/
```

Q4. How many properties were available on more than 50% of the days? How many properties were available on more than 75% of the days?

```
SELECT
  listing_id, percent
FROM
   (SELECT
       listing id,
           (COUNT (CASE
               WHEN available = 't' THEN 1
           END) / COUNT(*)) * 100 AS percent
   FROM
       airbnb
   GROUP BY listing id) AS temp
WHERE
  percent > 50;
SELECT
   listing id, percent
FROM
   (SELECT
       listing id,
           (COUNT (CASE
               WHEN available = 't' THEN 1
           END) / COUNT(*)) * 100 AS percent
   FROM
       airbnb
   GROUP BY listing id) AS temp
WHERE
   percent > 75;
```



```
Q5. Create a table with max, min and average price of each property.
SELECT
   listing id AS property,
   MAX(price) AS Max,
   MIN(price) AS Min,
   AVG(price) AS Average
FROM
   airbnb
GROUP BY listing id;
116
         WHERE
 117
             percent > 75;
 118
 119
         120
         SELECT
121 •
 122
             listing_id AS property,
100%
       $ 8:121
                                                Export:
 Result Grid
            Filter Rows: Q Search
                                                            Fetch rows:
   property Max
                Min
                      Average
 ▶ 3353
           36.00 32.00
                      35.204819277108435
           275.00 145.00 147.2674418604651
    5506
   6695
          325.00 195.00 197.40740740740742
           65.00 65.00 65
   6976
           154.00 | 154.00 | 154
   8792
   9273
           225.00 225.00 225
   9765
          490.00 192.00 236.85635359116023
   9824
           490.00 | 209.00 | 222.32198142414862
   9855
           309.00 259.00 266.55494505494505
```

```
Q6. Extract properties with an average price of more than $500.
SELECT
   listing id, Price
FROM
    (SELECT
         AVG(price) AS Price, listing id
   FROM
         airbnb
   GROUP BY listing id) AS temp
WHERE
   Price > 500;
134
              listing_id, Price
135
         FROM
136
      \Theta
              (SELECT
137
                  AVG(price) AS Price, listing_id
138
              FROM
139
                  airbnb
140
              GROUP BY listing_id) AS temp
100%
       20:140
                                                  Export:
Result Grid
            Filter Rows: Q Search
   listing_id Price
 ▶ 3881993
            508.1043956043956
   743211
            569.9850299401197
   115936
            525
                                                                               Form
Editor
   50032
            725
   10153739 553.7094017094017
   10153536 553.7094017094017
            506.8965517241379
   475259
   10136854 553.7094017094017
   13445221 563.1714285714286
   1/812006 58/ 0652818001008
```