

25th April 21

Previous Day

- how to print a full pyramid with one loop
- Using break/continue on a nested loop of days and weeks (which you take as user input), skip out on the even days of all odd weeks .
- Write a function to print the factorial of any number.
- Print the pyramid, take input as line number.

Python Function Advance

Lecture Flow

- program
- function chaining
- mcq

Topics and Explanation

User-defined function: the person using python as their programming language has defined these functions.

In-built functions: Functions which are already defined by the developer of the program like:-

print()

input()

int()

str()

bool()

float()

range()

abs() - returns the positive part of the number

max() - max of two numbers

min() - min of two numbers

ascii() - converts unicode to ASCII.

A-65, B-66.....

a-97,b-98.....

0-48, 1-49.....

ord() - gives you the ascii value for a character

chr() - opposite of ord()

s.isalpha() - checks if all the characters are alphabets and returns true or false

s.isdigit() - checks if the strings contain only numbers and return true and false.
s.lower() - returns all the characters in lowercase
s.upper() - returns all the characters in uppercase
s.title() - returns the 1st letter of the word in uppercase
s.swapcase() - alter the upper into lower and lower into upper
s.isupper() - checks if the string is upper and return true or false
s.islower() - checks if the string is lower and return true or false

Apart from these there are many many more functions which are present in python but not available by default, they need to be used on demand.

```
93 # If we have unused functions in python, right the file size will get
    bloated up by default.
94
95 # so what python developers have done right is bundled together many extra
    functions in the form of libraries.
96 |
```

Library

it is a collection of functions that can be (imported) as the programmer requires.

Eg.,

```
100 import math
101
102 p = math.sqrt(441)
103 print(p)
```

- line100, we are importing math library
- line102, we are calling sqrt() from the math library like this math.sqrt()
- line103, printing the above line

```

101 import math
102 # importing a single or specific function
103 from itertools import permutations, combinations with replacement
104 # import a single function and rename the function
105 from itertools import combinations as comb
106 # datetime, time, collections, re
107
108 p = math.sqrt(441)
109 pp = math.cos(3.14)
110 ppp = math.sin(3.14)
111 print(p)
112 q = permutations(range(3), 2)
113 r = comb(range(3), 2)

```

In line 103, 104, we are importing function from library itertools

Program

```

134 s = "My Name is Priyesh"
135 print(s.isalpha())
136 t = "MyNameIsPriyesh"
137 print(t.isalpha())

```

Output

```

~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$ python3 lecture15_notes.py
False
True
~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$ 

```

Program

```

152 s = "21234512"
154 print(s.isdecimal())

```

Output

```
~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$ python3 lecture15_notes.py
True
~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$
```

checks if the strings contain only numbers and return true and false.

Program

```
156 s = "My name is priyesh"
157 print(s.lower())
158 print(s.upper())
159 print(s.title())
160 print(s.swapcase())
161 print(s.isupper())
162 print(s.islower())
```

Output

```
~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$ python3 lecture15_notes.py
my name is priyesh
MY NAME IS PRIYESH
My Name Is Priyesh
mY NAME IS PRIYESH
False
False
~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$
```

line157 returns all the string in lowercase

line158 returns all the string in uppercase

line159 returns only the 1st letter of the word in uppercase

line 160 alter the upper into lower and lower into upper

line 161 checks if the string is upper and return true or false

line 162 checks if the string is lower and return true or false

Function chaining

```
175 print(s.upper().isupper())
```

```
True
```

```
~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$
```

we can use more than one function together. In the function chaining the output of one function becomes the input of another function.

MCQs

```
s = "$#@"  
print(s.isupper())
```

Attempted - 38 (73.08%)

EASY



- | | |
|--|--------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> True | 52.63% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> False | 31.58% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> error | 15.79% |

both true and false are correct

What is the output of the following:

```
def factorial(n):  
    fact = 1  
    for num in range(1, n+1):  
        fact = fact * num  
    print(fact)  
print(max(factorial(2), factorial(3)))
```

Attempted - 36 (69.23%)

EASY



- | | |
|--|--------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2\n6\n6 | 13.89% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> error | 11.11% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2\n6 | 25% |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2\n6\nNone | 52.78% |

What is the output of :

`s = "My Name is Priyesh"`

`print(s.swapcase().upper().isupper())`

Attempted - 37 (71.15%)

EASY



- ☐ error cannot use more than 2 functions at once 13.51%
- ☒ True 78.38%
- ☐ False 2.7%
- ☐ MY NAME IS PRIYESH 8.11%

What is the output of:

```
import math
m = sqrt(441)
print(m)
```

Attempted - 38 (73.08%)

EASY



- ☐ 21 28.95%
- ☐ 21.0 5.26%
- ☒ Error 65.79%
- ☐ None 2.63%