26th April 21

Previous day

- program
- function chaining
- mcq

Python list and tuples

Lecture Flow

- lists()
- split ()
- indexing
- append()
- extend()
- pop()
- remove()
- len()
- nested list
- insert()
- MCQs

Topics and Explanation

Lists:-

- can have any number of items of any type
- it supports type conversion only from string i.e,. string to list

```
44    l = list("Hello World")
45    print(l)
```

```
<class 'list'>
['H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o', ' ', 'W', 'o', 'r', 'l', 'd']
~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$
```

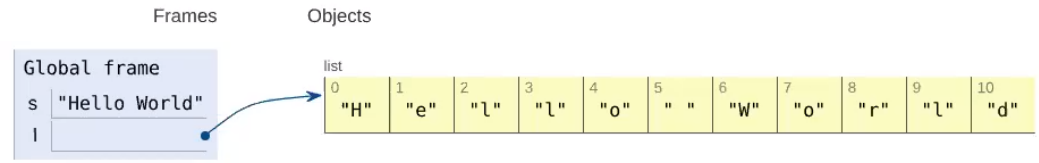
Split() function basically separates the string into various smaller strings depending on the occurrence of one or more characters. Default value for split function is separated by space.

```
48   s = input("Enter some string: ")
49   l = s.split(" ")
50   print(l)
```

```
Enter some string: My Name Is Priyesh
['My', 'Name', 'Is', 'Priyesh']
~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$
```

Indexing : it is basically a system by which you can access individual items of a list. Basically an index is a numbering of each position in a list starting from 0 which can be used to access any item of a list.

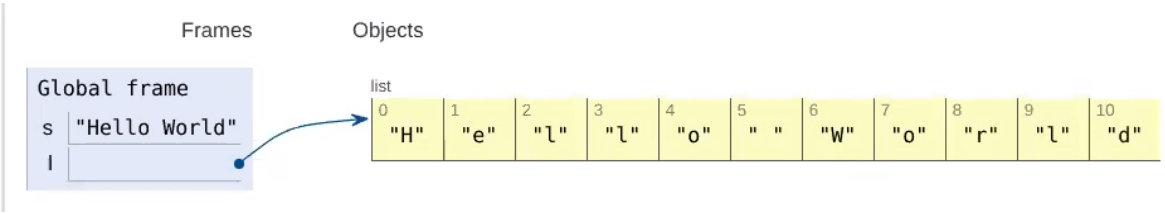
```
s = "Hello World"
l = list(s)
```



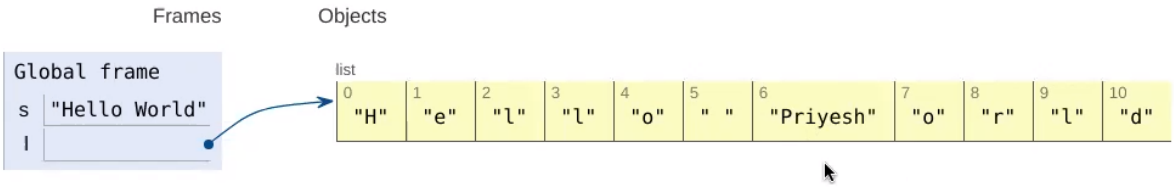

```
63   # Indexing is basically used like this: list_var[index_number], min
     of index number is 0 and maximum value is 1 less than the size of t
64
```

How to replace a string with another string ?

```
s = "Hello World"
l = list(s)
print(l[6])
l[6] = "Priyesh"
```



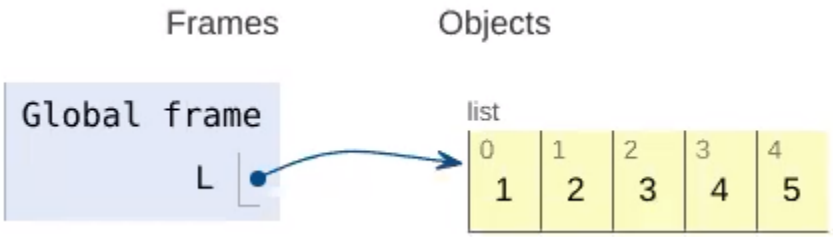
we are using L[6] = “Priyesh” to replace whatever value L[6] has with “Priyesh”

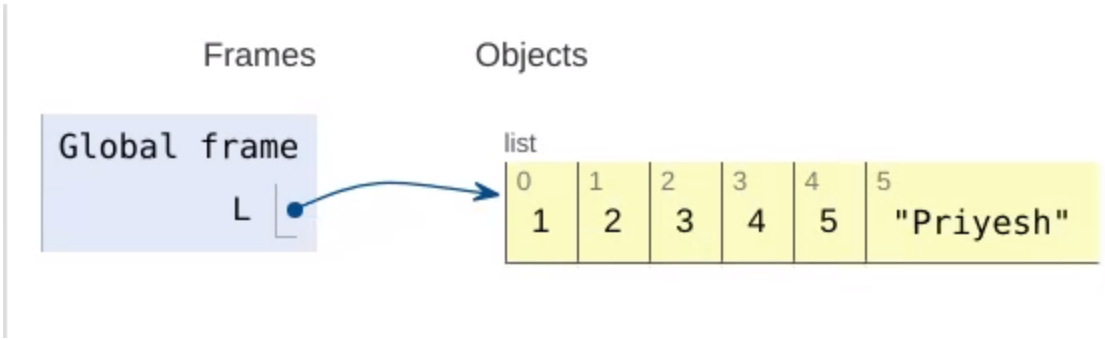


There are functions which can perform in a list

- append() - appends adds an element to the end of the list

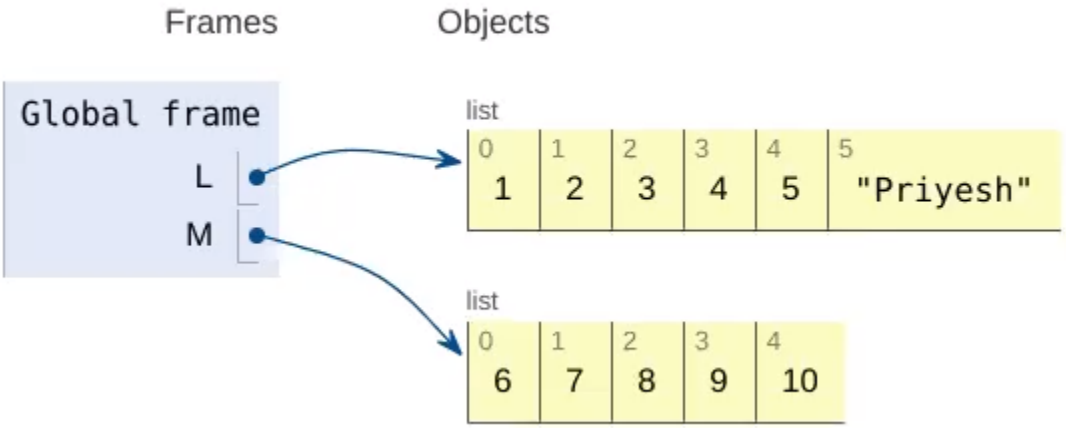
```
L = [1,2,3,4,5]
L.append("Priyesh")
```

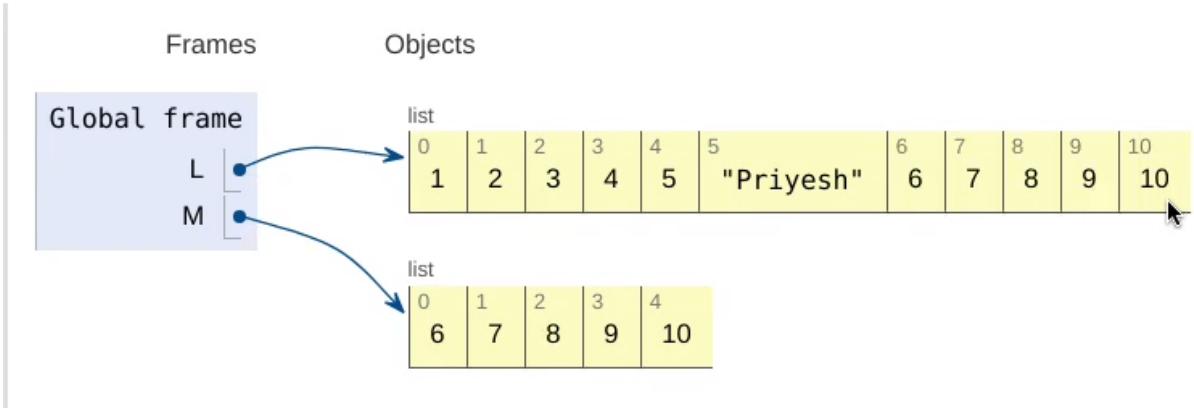




- extend() - extend basically joins the second list to the first list.

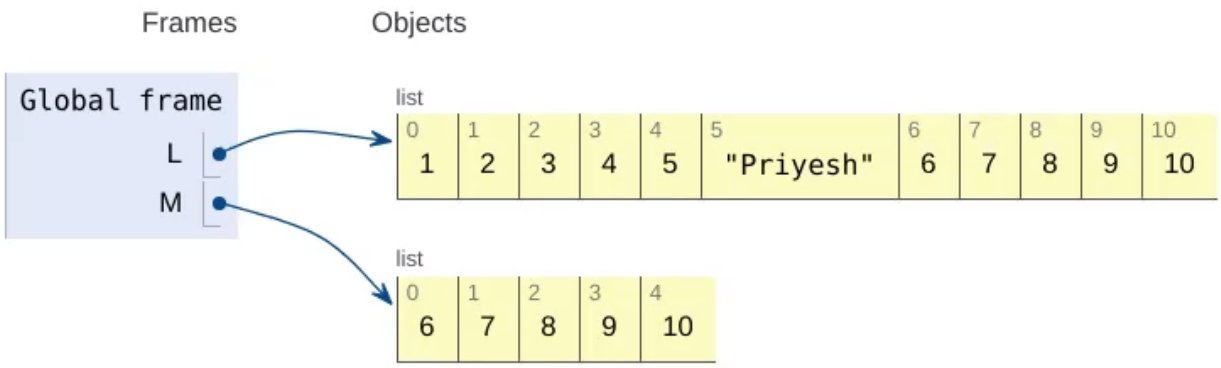
```
L = [1,2,3,4,5]
L.append("Priyesh")
M = [6,7,8,9,10]
L.extend(M)
```

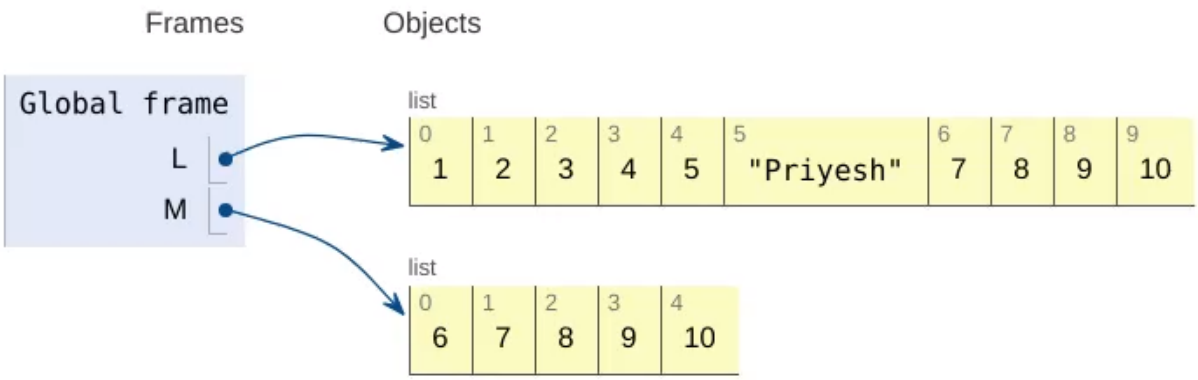




- pop() - pop basically removes the item from a particular index. It takes index number as input from the user and deletes the item at that index.

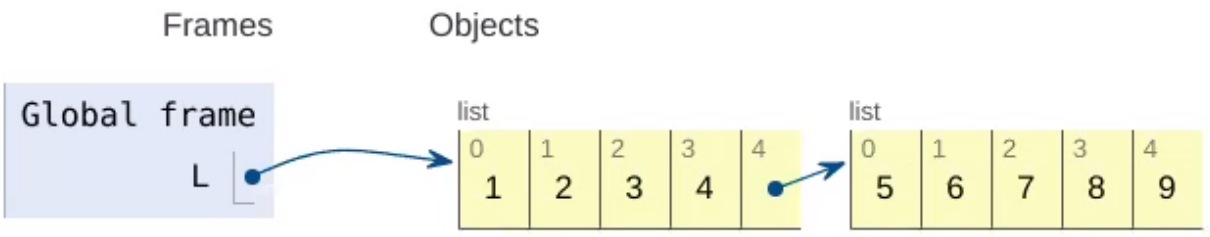
```
L = [1,2,3,4,5]
L.append("Priyesh")
M = [6,7,8,9,10]
L.extend(M)
L.pop(6)
```

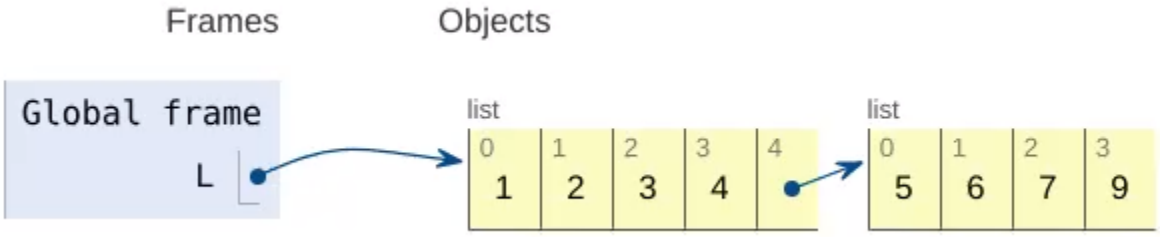




- remove() -

```
1  L = [1,2,3,4,[5,6,7,8,9]]
2  L.append("Priyesh")
3  L.remove("Priyesh")
4  L[4].remove(8)
5  deleted_item = L.pop()
6  deleted_item = L.pop()
```





- len() - it prints the size of the a list

Nested list

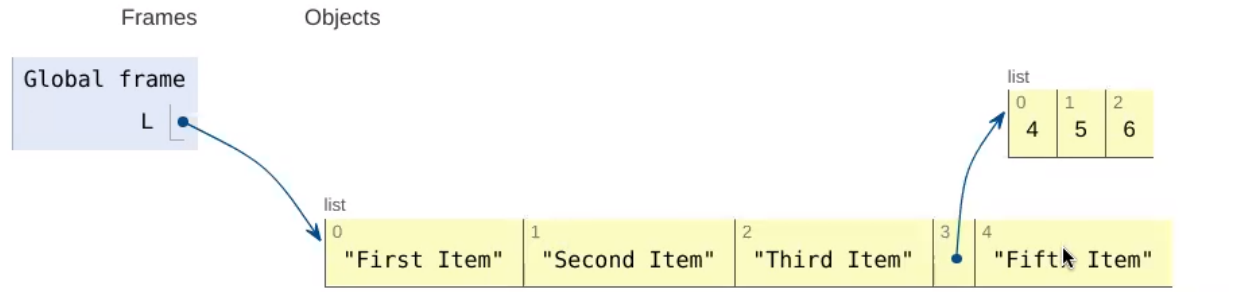
any item in a list can be another list. This list will not receive any special treatment from the rest of the items. We can perform an operation on a list, however we can also perform operations on the items of a list.

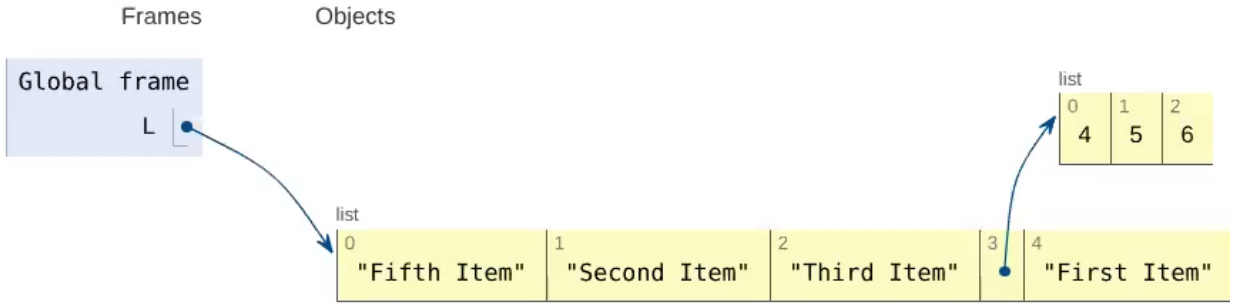
- reveses(): reverses the list

```
106  L = ["First Item", "Second Item", "Third Item", [4,5,6], "Fifth Item"]
107  L.reverse()
108  print(L)
```

```
['Fifth Item', [4, 5, 6], 'Third Item', 'Second Item', 'First Item']
```

```
1  L = ["First Item", "Second Item", "Third Item", [4,5,6],
2  L[0], L[4] = L[4], L[0]
3  L.reverse()
4  print(L)
```





- insert(): Insert function basically inserts a value in a list at a particular index.

```
106  L = ["First Item", "Second Item", "Third Item", [4,5,6], "Fifth Item"]
```

```
111  L.insert(3, "Fourth Item")
112  print(L)
```

```
['First Item', 'Second Item', 'Third Item', 'Fourth Item', [4, 5, 6], 'Fift
h Item']
~/RichBiodegradableLicenses$
```

MCQs

What is the output of:
L = ["First Item", "Second Item", "Third Item", [4,5,6], "Fifth Item"]
L[3].reverse()
print(L)

Attempted - 36 (69.23%) EASY

- ["First Item", "Second Item", "Third Item", [4,5,6], "Fifth Item"]
- ✓ ["First Item", "Second Item", "Third Item", [6,5,4], "Fifth Item"] 86.11%
- ['Fifth Item', [4, 5, 6], 'Third Item', 'Fourth Item', 'Second Item', 'First Item'] 13.89%
- ['Fifth Item', [6, 5, 4], 'Third Item', 'Fourth Item', 'Second Item', 'First Item']

How do you remove 7 from the following list?
L = [1,2,3,[4,5,6,[7,8,9]]]

Attempted - 36 (69.23%) EASY

- L.remove(7) 11.11%
- L.pop(3,3,0) 13.89%
- ✓ L[3][3].pop(0) 72.22%
- ✓ L[3][3].remove(7) 77.78%

What is the output of the following:
L = [1,2,3,4, "Priyesh"]
k = remove(L, "Priyesh")
print(k)

Attempted - 36 (69.23%) EASY

- ✓ error 83.33%
- 4 (original index of priyesh)
- "Priyesh" 11.11%
- None 5.56%

Find the output:

```
s = "333333"

l = s.split("3")

print(l)
```

Attempted - 34 (65.38%) EASY

- [ ] ["3", "3", "3", "3", "3", "3"] 5.88%
- [x] ["", "", "", "", "", ""] 41.18%
- [ ] ["", "", "", "", "", "", ""] 52.94%
- [ ] ["3", "3", "3", "3", "3", "3", "3"]