

• NAME OF THE EXAMINATION: MID SEMESTER

• DATE OF EXAMINATION: 10-02-2021

• NAME OF THE SUBJECT: MECHANICS

• SUBJECT CODE: AM1101

• NAME OF THE STUDENT: TATHAGATA GHOSH

• EXAMINATION ROLL NUMBER: 2020ITB065

• G SUITE ID: 2020ITB065.TATHAGATA.STUDENTS.IESTS.AC.IN

• NUMBER OF SHEETS UPLOADED

Ans:)

$$P = [(0+6+5) \times 9.81] \text{ N}$$

$$= (11 \times 9.81) \text{ N}$$

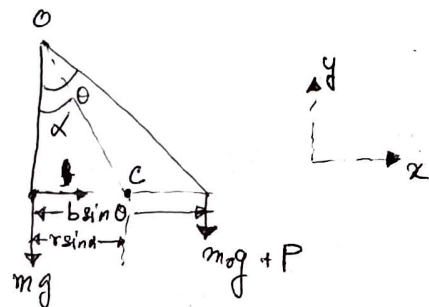
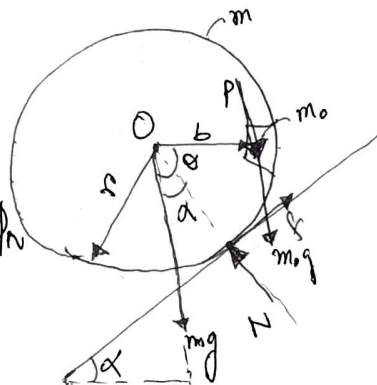
$$= 107.91 \text{ N}$$

In Equilibrium,

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow N \cos \alpha - mg - m_0 g - P = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow N \cos \alpha = mg + m_0 g + P$$



$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow N \sin \alpha - f = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow f - mg \sin \alpha - m_0 g \sin \alpha + P \sin \alpha = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow f = (mg + m_0 g + P) \sin \alpha$$

$$\sum M_C = 0 \quad \curvearrowright \text{ +ve}$$

$$\Rightarrow (m_0 g + P) (b \sin \theta - r \sin \alpha) - mg \sin \alpha \cdot r = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (m_0 g + P) b \sin \theta - (m_0 g + P) r \sin \alpha$$

$$= mg \sin \alpha \cdot r$$

$$\Rightarrow (m_0 g + P) b \sin \theta = r \sin \alpha (m_0 g + P + mg)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{r \sin \alpha (m_0 g + P + mg)}{b (m_0 g + P)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{10 \times \sin 15^\circ (20 \times 9.81 + 107.91 + 40 \times 9.81)}{8 (20 \times 9.81 + 107.91)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{1802.7}{2432.88}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = 47.81^\circ \text{ (approx) (Ans)}$$

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Ans 20)

Figure not to scale :-

To find: μ_s

Given: $\theta = (20 + 2\pi f)^\circ$
 $= (20 + 2 \times 5)^\circ$
 $= 30^\circ$

From ① $\Rightarrow N = \frac{mg \sin \theta}{\mu_s}$

From ② $\Rightarrow \frac{mg \sin \theta}{\mu_s} - mg \cos \theta = P$

$\therefore N = \frac{mg \cos \theta \cdot L}{L - 2 \times 0.7 L \theta}$
 $= \frac{mg \cos \theta}{(1 - 1.4 \theta)}$

Now, $P = \frac{mg \cos \theta}{1 - 1.4 \theta} - mg \cos \theta$

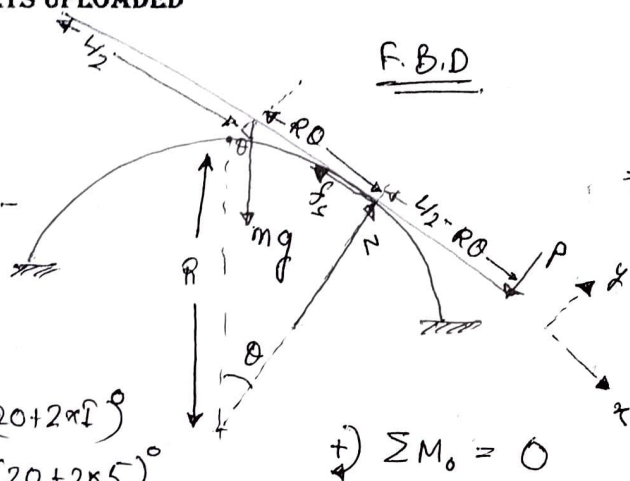
From ① $\Rightarrow \mu_s N = mg \sin \theta$

$\Rightarrow \mu_s = \frac{mg \sin \theta \cdot (1 - 1.4 \theta)}{mg \cos \theta} = (1 - 1.4 \theta) \tan \theta$

$= \left\{ 1 - 1.4 \times \left(\frac{30}{180} \right) \pi \right\} \times \tan 30^\circ$

$= 0.154 \text{ (Ans)}$

F.B.D



In Equilibrium, We know that

$\sum F_x = 0;$

$\Rightarrow mg \sin \theta - \mu_s N = 0 \dots \text{①}$

$\sum F_y = 0;$

$\Rightarrow N - mg \cos \theta - P = 0 \dots \text{②}$

$\sum M_o = 0$

$\Rightarrow P \left(\frac{L}{2} - R \right) - mg \cos \theta \cdot R \theta = 0 \dots \text{③}$

From ③

$(N - mg \cos \theta) \left(\frac{L}{2} - R \theta \right) - mg \cos \theta \cdot R \theta = 0$

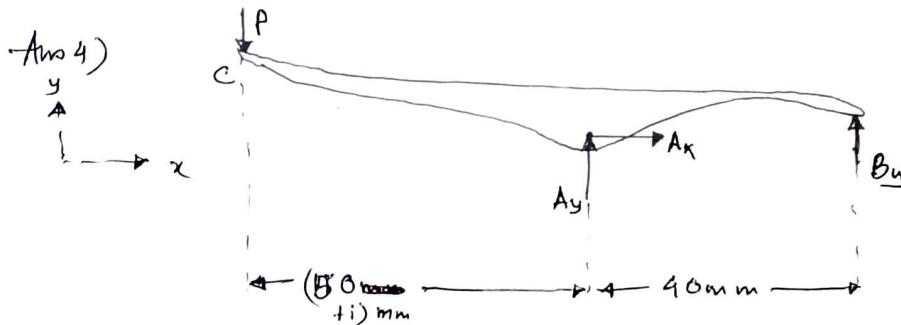
$\Rightarrow N \cdot \frac{L}{2} - N R \theta - mg \cos \theta \cdot \frac{L}{2} + mg \cos \theta \cdot R \theta$
 $- mg \cos \theta R \theta = 0$

$\Rightarrow N \left(\frac{L}{2} - R \theta \right) = mg \cos \theta \cdot \frac{L}{2}$

$\Rightarrow N = \frac{mg \cos \theta \cdot L \cdot 2}{2CL - 2R\theta} = \frac{mg L \cos \theta}{L - 2R\theta}$

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$$i = 0.65 \therefore (60 + 95) \text{ mm} = 155 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{If } P = 0;$$

$$\sum M_C = 0; \curvearrowright +ve$$

$$\Rightarrow B_y \times 155 - A_y \times 115 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B_y = \frac{115 \times 193.75}{155}$$

$$\Rightarrow B_y = 143.75 \text{ N (Ans)}$$

FBD of ABC,

In Equilibrium,

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow A_x = 0$$

$$\sum M_B = 0; \curvearrowright$$

$$\Rightarrow P \times (115 + 40) - A_y \times 40 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow A_y = \frac{50 \times 155}{40}$$

$$\Rightarrow A_y = 193.75 \text{ N}$$

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