

Indian Institute of Engineering Science and Technology, Shibpur
 B.Tech.(AE, CE, ME, MT, MN, CST, ETC, IT, EE) 2nd Semester Mid-semester
 Examination, June, 2021
Mechanics (AM 1201)

Full marks: 30

Time:45 Minutes

Notations stand for their usual meanings

Marks of each question are shown in the right

- (i) Assume any other data not given in the question.
- (ii) Answer Question No. 1 and any Two from the rest

1.

[6x1=6]

- a) Kinetic friction is lower than static friction. Why?
- b) What is tipping and sliding? Explain the criterion for tipping?
- c) Wheels of a car are often found to skid during racing. The kind of frictional force acting on it at the moment of skidding is:
 - (i) Kinetic friction (ii) Rolling Friction (iii) Both the kinetic friction and rolling friction (iv) The information is insufficient
- d) What is degree of redundancy in a truss?
- e) List all cross brace members (whose presence can be neglected) for the given loading of the truss shown in Fig 1 to convert the tower as statically determinate truss.
- f) Three cables are joined at the junction ring C as shown in Fig 2. What will be the tension in cable AC caused by the weight of the 30-kg cylinder hanging through frictionless pulley D.

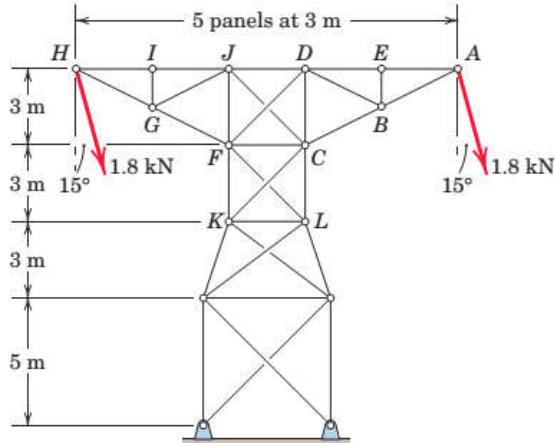


Fig.1

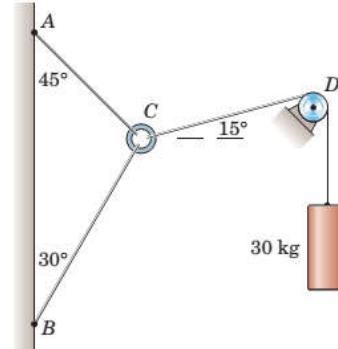


Fig.2

2. Calculate the couple M applied to the lower of the two 20-kg cylinders which will allow them to roll slowly down the incline as shown in below Fig.3. The coefficients of static and kinetic friction for all contacting surfaces are $\mu_s = 0.60$ and $\mu_k = 0.50$. [12]

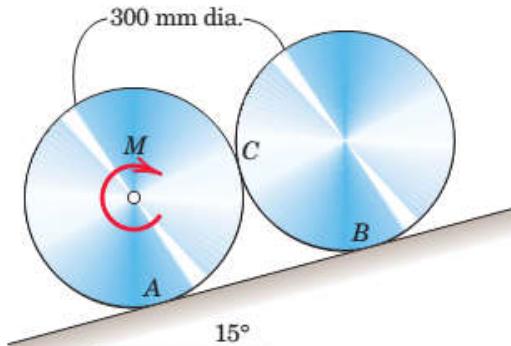


Fig. 3

3. Determine the x- and y-coordinates of the centroid of the shaded area (shown in below in Fig. 4) by direct integration method. [12]

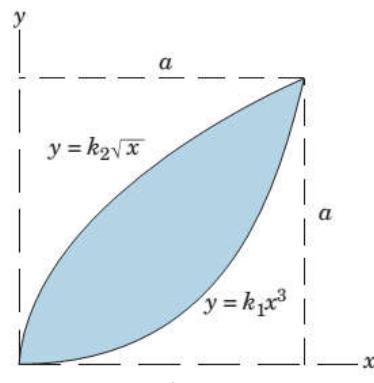


Fig. 4

4. The truss is composed of equilateral triangles of side a and is supported and loaded as shown below in Fig 5. Determine the forces in members BC, BG and CG. [12]

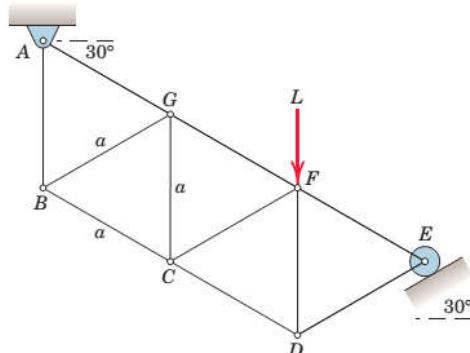


Fig. 5