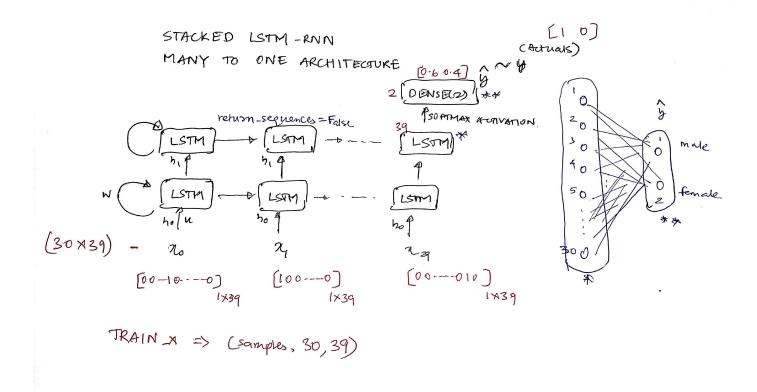
Deep Learning gender from name - RNN LSTMs

we will use an LSTM RNN to learn gender as f(name). we will use a stacked LSTM with many-to-one inclined the leading character inputs and predicting a binary outcome M/F. loss function used will be binary_crossentropy (a special case of categorical_crossentropy with m=2) and using adam optimizer (modified SGD) sample input /output would like this ['r','a','k','e','s','h',' '] - male ['p','r','a','d','e','p'] - male ['g','a','n','g','a',' '] - female architecture feeding charecter inputs and predicting a binary outcome M/F. loss function used will be

and so on...



regexp applied [a -zA-Z0-9 ,. n] = remove []+ = ' '[a -zA-Z ,. n] = remove []{3}+ - regex to check where 3 consecutive space occurs.

```
In [199]: from future import print function
          from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
          from keras.layers.core import Dense, Activation, Dropout
          from keras.preprocessing import sequence
          from keras.models import Sequential
          from keras.layers import Dense, Embedding
          from keras.layers import LSTM
          from keras.datasets import imdb
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          import os
 In [86]: | #parameters
          maxlen = 30
          labels = 2
In [158]:
          input = pd.read_csv("gender_data.csv",header=None)
          input.columns = ['name','m or f']
          input['namelen']= [len(str(i)) for i in input['name']]
          input1 = input[(input['namelen'] >= 2) ]
In [159]: input1.groupby('m_or_f')['name'].count()
Out[159]: m_or_f
               6705
               8475
          Name: name, dtype: int64
In [160]: names = input['name']
          gender = input['m_or_f']
          vocab = set(' '.join([str(i) for i in names]))
          vocab.add('END')
          len_vocab = len(vocab)
In [161]: print(vocab)
          print("vocab length is ",len_vocab)
          print ("length of input is ",len(input1))
          set([' ', '.', '1', '0', '3', '2', '5', '4', '7', '6', '9', '8', 'END', 'a',
           'c', 'b', 'e', 'd', 'g', 'f', 'i', 'h', 'k', 'j', 'm', 'l', 'o', 'n', 'q',
           'p', 's', 'r', 'u', 't', 'w', 'v', 'y', 'x', 'z'])
          vocab length is 39
          length of input is 15226
In [162]: char_index = dict((c, i) for i, c in enumerate(vocab))
```

```
In [163]: print(char index)
          {' ': 0, '.': 1, '1': 2, '0': 3, '3': 4, '2': 5, '5': 6, '4': 7, '7': 8, '6':
          9, '9': 10, '8': 11, 'END': 12, 'a': 13, 'c': 14, 'b': 15, 'e': 16, 'd': 17,
           'g': 18, 'f': 19, 'i': 20, 'h': 21, 'k': 22, 'j': 23, 'm': 24, 'l': 25, 'o':
          26, 'n': 27, 'q': 28, 'p': 29, 's': 30, 'r': 31, 'u': 32, 't': 33, 'w': 34,
           'v': 35, 'y': 36, 'x': 37, 'z': 38}
In [164]: #train test split
          msk = np.random.rand(len(input1)) < 0.8</pre>
          train = input1[msk]
          test = input1[~msk]
In [165]: | #take input upto max and truncate rest
          #encode to vector space(one hot encoding)
          #padd 'END' to shorter sequences
          train_X = []
          trunc_train_name = [str(i)[0:30] for i in train.name]
          for i in trunc train name:
              tmp = [char_index[j] for j in str(i)]
              for k in range(0,maxlen - len(str(i))):
                  tmp.append(char_index["END"])
              train_X.append(tmp)
In [166]: np.asarray(train_X).shape
Out[166]: (12198, 30)
In [179]: | def set_flag(i):
              tmp = np.zeros(39);
              tmp[i] = 1
              return(tmp)
In [184]: set_flag(3)
                                               0.,
Out[184]: array([ 0., 0., 0.,
                                1., 0.,
                                          0.,
                                                    0.,
                                                         0.,
                                                              0.,
                                                                   0.,
                                                                        0.,
                                                                             0.,
                  0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.,
                                                                   0., 0.,
                                                                             0.,
                  0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.,
                                                              0.,
                                                                   0.,
```

modify the code above to also convert each index to one-hot encoded representation

```
In [195]: #take input upto max and truncate rest
          #encode to vector space(one hot encoding)
          #padd 'END' to shorter sequences
          #also convert each index to one-hot encoding
          train X = []
          train_Y = []
          trunc_train_name = [str(i)[0:maxlen] for i in train.name]
          for i in trunc train name:
              tmp = [set_flag(char_index[j]) for j in str(i)]
              for k in range(0,maxlen - len(str(i))):
                  tmp.append(set_flag(char_index["END"]))
              train_X.append(tmp)
          for i in train.m_or_f:
              if i == 'm':
                  train_Y.append([1,0])
              else:
                  train_Y.append([0,1])
```

build model in keras (a stacked LSTM model with many-to-one arch) here 30 sequence and 2 output each for one category(m/f)

```
In [212]: #build the model: 2 stacked LSTM
    print('Build model...')
    model = Sequential()
    model.add(LSTM(512, return_sequences=True, input_shape=(maxlen,len_vocab)))
    model.add(Dropout(0.2))
    model.add(LSTM(512, return_sequences=False))
    model.add(Dropout(0.2))
    model.add(Dropout(0.2))
    model.add(Dense(2))
    model.add(Activation('softmax'))
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',metrics=['accuracy'])
```

Build model...

```
In [206]: test_X = []
    test_Y = []
    trunc_test_name = [str(i)[0:maxlen] for i in test.name]
    for i in trunc_test_name:
        tmp = [set_flag(char_index[j]) for j in str(i)]
        for k in range(0,maxlen - len(str(i))):
            tmp.append(set_flag(char_index["END"]))
        test_X.append(tmp)
    for i in test.m_or_f:
        if i == 'm':
            test_Y.append([1,0])
        else:
            test_Y.append([0,1])
```

```
In [215]: batch size=1000
      model.fit(train X, train Y,batch size=batch size,nb epoch=10,validation data=
      (test X, test Y))
      Train on 12198 samples, validate on 3028 samples
      Epoch 1/10
      849 - val_loss: 0.5630 - val_acc: 0.7081
      Epoch 2/10
      336 - val_loss: 0.5880 - val_acc: 0.6909
      Epoch 3/10
      395 - val_loss: 0.4982 - val_acc: 0.7576
      Epoch 4/10
      620 - val loss: 0.4823 - val acc: 0.7652
      Epoch 5/10
      791 - val_loss: 0.4918 - val_acc: 0.7632
      Epoch 6/10
      878 - val_loss: 0.4771 - val_acc: 0.7678
      Epoch 7/10
      862 - val loss: 0.4926 - val acc: 0.7632
      Epoch 8/10
      919 - val loss: 0.4677 - val acc: 0.7794
      Epoch 9/10
      058 - val loss: 0.4745 - val acc: 0.7797
      Epoch 10/10
      154 - val_loss: 0.4534 - val_acc: 0.7893
Out[215]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f5ff409ba10>
      score, acc = model.evaluate(test X, test Y)
In [216]:
      print('Test score:', score)
      print('Test accuracy:', acc)
      3028/3028 [========= ] - 16s
      Test score: 0.453434576998
      Test accuracy: 0.789299867978
In [288]:
      name=["sandhya","jaspreet","rajesh"]
      X=[]
      trunc_name = [i[0:maxlen] for i in name]
      for i in trunc_name:
        tmp = [set flag(char index[j]) for j in str(i)]
        for k in range(0,maxlen - len(str(i))):
           tmp.append(set_flag(char_index["END"]))
        X.append(tmp)
      pred=model.predict(np.asarray(X))
```

Lets train more, clearly some very simple female names it doesnt get right like mentioned above (inspite it exists in training data)

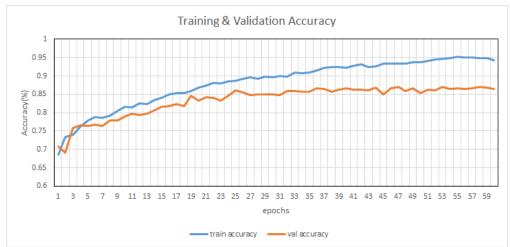
```
Train on 12198 samples, validate on 3028 samples
Epoch 1/50
137 - val loss: 0.4408 - val acc: 0.7966
Epoch 2/50
254 - val_loss: 0.4479 - val_acc: 0.7936
Epoch 3/50
228 - val loss: 0.4511 - val acc: 0.7982
Epoch 4/50
344 - val loss: 0.4253 - val acc: 0.8071
Epoch 5/50
396 - val_loss: 0.4240 - val_acc: 0.8164
Epoch 6/50
505 - val_loss: 0.4183 - val_acc: 0.8180
Epoch 7/50
542 - val_loss: 0.4089 - val_acc: 0.8243
Epoch 8/50
529 - val_loss: 0.4026 - val_acc: 0.8184
Epoch 9/50
590 - val_loss: 0.3781 - val_acc: 0.8451
Epoch 10/50
684 - val_loss: 0.3935 - val_acc: 0.8332
Epoch 11/50
12198/12198 [============== ] - 144s - loss: 0.3025 - acc: 0.8
736 - val_loss: 0.3912 - val_acc: 0.8425
Epoch 12/50
808 - val_loss: 0.3981 - val_acc: 0.8408
Epoch 13/50
800 - val_loss: 0.4018 - val_acc: 0.8336
Epoch 14/50
853 - val_loss: 0.3687 - val_acc: 0.8464
Epoch 15/50
12198/12198 [============== ] - 145s - loss: 0.2763 - acc: 0.8
879 - val loss: 0.3866 - val acc: 0.8606
Epoch 16/50
933 - val_loss: 0.3820 - val_acc: 0.8554
Epoch 17/50
970 - val_loss: 0.3962 - val_acc: 0.8471
Epoch 18/50
919 - val_loss: 0.3756 - val_acc: 0.8501
Epoch 19/50
```

```
982 - val_loss: 0.3837 - val_acc: 0.8491
Epoch 20/50
970 - val_loss: 0.4036 - val_acc: 0.8494
Epoch 21/50
010 - val_loss: 0.4013 - val_acc: 0.8471
Epoch 22/50
985 - val loss: 0.3795 - val acc: 0.8587
Epoch 23/50
087 - val_loss: 0.3745 - val_acc: 0.8583
Epoch 24/50
074 - val_loss: 0.3830 - val_acc: 0.8570
Epoch 25/50
097 - val_loss: 0.3870 - val_acc: 0.8563
Epoch 26/50
150 - val_loss: 0.3778 - val_acc: 0.8656
Epoch 27/50
225 - val_loss: 0.3910 - val_acc: 0.8646
Epoch 28/50
244 - val_loss: 0.4067 - val_acc: 0.8570
Epoch 29/50
241 - val loss: 0.4113 - val acc: 0.8633
Epoch 30/50
229 - val loss: 0.3766 - val acc: 0.8662
Epoch 31/50
279 - val_loss: 0.4527 - val_acc: 0.8623
Epoch 32/50
311 - val_loss: 0.4064 - val_acc: 0.8633
Epoch 33/50
250 - val_loss: 0.3870 - val_acc: 0.8613
Epoch 34/50
253 - val_loss: 0.3886 - val_acc: 0.8692
Epoch 35/50
344 - val_loss: 0.4596 - val_acc: 0.8504
Epoch 36/50
329 - val_loss: 0.4256 - val_acc: 0.8669
Epoch 37/50
344 - val_loss: 0.4235 - val_acc: 0.8705
Epoch 38/50
```

```
333 - val loss: 0.4543 - val acc: 0.8596
     Epoch 39/50
     382 - val_loss: 0.4427 - val_acc: 0.8662
     Epoch 40/50
     371 - val_loss: 0.4607 - val_acc: 0.8530
     Epoch 41/50
     410 - val loss: 0.4565 - val acc: 0.8633
     Epoch 42/50
     444 - val_loss: 0.4703 - val_acc: 0.8600
     Epoch 43/50
     461 - val_loss: 0.5031 - val_acc: 0.8705
     Epoch 44/50
     480 - val_loss: 0.4818 - val_acc: 0.8643
     Epoch 45/50
     520 - val_loss: 0.5398 - val_acc: 0.8662
     Epoch 46/50
     508 - val_loss: 0.5055 - val_acc: 0.8649
     Epoch 47/50
     512 - val loss: 0.5328 - val acc: 0.8656
     Epoch 48/50
     491 - val loss: 0.5247 - val acc: 0.8696
     Epoch 49/50
     492 - val loss: 0.4557 - val acc: 0.8676
     Epoch 50/50
     427 - val_loss: 0.4484 - val_acc: 0.8643
Out[290]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f5fe98ba8d0>
In [460]:
     score, acc = model.evaluate(test X, test Y)
     print('Test score:', score)
     print('Test accuracy:', acc)
     3028/3028 [========= ] - 16s
     Test score: 0.448404541104
     Test accuracy: 0.864266842879
```

lets look at the loss and accuracy chart as a function of epochs





```
In [342]: name=["sandhya","jaspreet","rajesh","kaveri","aditi deepak","arihant","sasikal
a","aditi","ragini rajaram"]
X=[]
trunc_name = [i[0:maxlen] for i in name]
for i in trunc_name:
    tmp = [set_flag(char_index[j]) for j in str(i)]
    for k in range(0,maxlen - len(str(i))):
        tmp.append(set_flag(char_index["END"]))
    X.append(tmp)
    pred=model.predict(np.asarray(X))
    pred
```

```
In [345]: | name=["abhi", "abhi deepak", "mr. abhi"]
          X=[]
          trunc_name = [i[0:maxlen] for i in name]
          for i in trunc_name:
              tmp = [set_flag(char_index[j]) for j in str(i)]
              for k in range(0,maxlen - len(str(i))):
                   tmp.append(set_flag(char_index["END"]))
              X.append(tmp)
          pred=model.predict(np.asarray(X))
Out[345]: array([[ 0.15557961, 0.84442037],
                 [0.25342518, 0.74657482],
                 [ 0.8618474 , 0.13815261]], dtype=float32)
In [502]: name=["rajini","rajinikanth","mr. rajini"]
          trunc_name = [i[0:maxlen] for i in name]
          for i in trunc_name:
              tmp = [set_flag(char_index[j]) for j in str(i)]
              for k in range(0,maxlen - len(str(i))):
                  tmp.append(set_flag(char_index["END"]))
              X.append(tmp)
          pred=model.predict(np.asarray(X))
          pred
Out[502]: array([[ 0.33718896, 0.66281104],
                 [ 0.99896383, 0.00103616],
                 [ 0.99664474, 0.00335527]], dtype=float32)
          #save our model and data
In [450]:
          model.save_weights('gender_model',overwrite=True)
          train.to_csv("train_split.csv")
          test.to_csv("test_split.csv")
In [464]: evals = model.predict(test_X)
          prob_m = [i[0] for i in evals]
In [479]:
          out = pd.DataFrame(prob_m)
          out['name'] = test.name.reset_index()['name']
          out['m_or_f']=test.m_or_f.reset_index()['m_or_f']
In [483]:
          out.head(10)
          out.columns = ['prob_m','name','actual']
          out.head(10)
          out.to_csv("gender_pred_out.csv")
 In [ ]:
```