ansible controller

Inside the ansible-controller

```
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ~]# yum install ansible
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
amzn2-core
No package ansible available.
Error: Nothing to do

ansible is available in Amazon Linux Extra topic "ansible2"

To use, run
# sudo amazon-linux-extras install ansible2

Learn more at
https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/faqs/#Amazon_Linux_Extras
```

```
root@ip-172-31-93-156 ~]# sudo amazon-linux-extras install ansible2
Installing ansible
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
Cleaning repos: amzn2-core amzn2extra-ansible2 amzn2extra-docker amzn2extra-kernel-5.10
17 metadata files removed
0 metadata files removed
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
                                                                                                                                             3.7 kB 00:00:00
amzn2-core
amzn2extra-ansible2
                                                                                                                                             3.0 kB 00:00:00
                                                                                                                                             3.0 kB 00:00:00
amzn2extra-docker
amzn2extra-kernel-5.10
                                                                                                                                             3.0 kB 00:00:00
(1/9): amzn2-core/2/x86_64/group_gz
                                                                                                                                             2.5 kB 00:00:00
(2/9): amzn2-core/2/x86_64/updateinfo
                                                                                                                                              539 kB 00:00:00
                                                                                                                                              99 kB 00:00:00
(3/9): amzn2extra-docker/2/x86_64/primary_db
 4/9): amzn2extra-kernel-5.10/2/x86_64/updateinfo
                                                                                                                                               22 kB 00:00:00
 5/9): amzn2extra-ansible2/2/x86_64/updateinfo
                                                                                                                                               76 B 00:00:00
```

```
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ~]# ansible --version
ansible 2.9.23
  config file = /etc/ansible/ansible.cfg
  configured module search path = [u'/root/.ansible/plugins/modules', u'/usr/share/ansible/plugins/modules']
  ansible python module location = /usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/ansible
  executable location = /usr/bin/ansible
  python version = 2.7.18 (default, May 25 2022, 14:30:51) [GCC 7.3.1 20180712 (Red Hat 7.3.1-15)]
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ~]# |
```

```
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ansible]# ansible all --list-hosts
[WARNING]: provided hosts list is empty, only localhost is available. Note that the implicit localhost does not match 'all'
hosts (0):
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ansible]#
```

```
[frontend]
34.238.151.4 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat

[backend]
[backend]
44.211.254.135 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat
44.211.175.117 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat
```

[frontend]

34.238.151.4 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat

[backend]

```
44.211.254.135 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat 44.211.175.117 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat
```

```
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ~]# ansible all --list-host
hosts (3):
    34.238.151.4
    44.211.254.135
    44.211.75.117
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ~]# ansible all -m ping
34.238.151.4 | FAILED! => {
    "msg": "Using a SSH password instead of a key is not possible because Host Key checking is enabled and sshpass does not support this. Please add this host's fingerprint to your known_hosts file to manage this host."
}

44.211.254.135 | FAILED! => {
    "msg": "Using a SSH password instead of a key is not possible because Host Key checking is enabled and sshpass does not support this. Please add this host's fingerprint to your known_hosts file to manage this host."
}

44.211.175.117 | FAILED! => {
    "msg": "Using a SSH password instead of a key is not possible because Host Key checking is enabled and sshpass does not support this. Please add this host's fingerprint to your known_hosts file to manage this host."
}

[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ~]#
```

Edit ansible.cfg file

```
# uncomment this to disable SSH key host checking
host_key_checking = False

# change the default callback, you can only have one 'stdout' type enabled at a time.
#stdout_callback = skippy
```

```
[defaults]
# some basic default values...

inventory = /etc/ansible/hosts
#library = /usr/share/my_modules/
#module_utils = /usr/share/my_module_utils/
#remote_tmp = ~/.ansible/tmp
#local_tmp = ~/.ansible/tmp
```

now we ping all the host through ansible

```
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ansible]# ansible all =m ping
[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 44.211.75.17 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another
Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.
44.211.175.117 | SUCCESS => {
    "aiscovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}

WARNING]: Platform linux on host 44.211.254.135 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another
Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.
44.211.254.135 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python"
        ),
        "changed": false,
        "ping": "pong"
}

WARNING]: Platform linux on host 34.238.151.4 is using the discovered Python interpreter at /usr/bin/python, but future installation of another
Python interpreter could change this. See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.9/reference_appendices/interpreter_discovery.html for more information.
34.238.151.4 | SUCCESS => {
        "ansible_facts": {
            "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python"
        },
            "changed": false,
            "ping": "pong"
}
```

it gives warning

adding the line "interpreter_python = /usr/bin/python" to "/etc/ansible/ansible.cfg"

```
# some basic default values...
interpreter_python = /usr/bin/python
inventory = /etc/ansible/hosts
#library = /usr/share/my_modules/
#module_utils = /usr/share/my_module_utils/
#remote tmp = ~/ ansible/tmp
```

now the warning has gone:

```
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 ansible]# ansible all -m ping
44.211.254.135 | SUCCESS => {
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
34.238.151.4 | SUCCESS => {
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
44.211.175.117 | SUCCESS => {
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
```

now we create a playbook for backend server:

```
hosts: backend
 tasks:

    name: Install web package

    package:
      name: "httpd"
      state: present

    name: Install php package

    package:
      name: "php"
      state: present

    name: Deploy pdp code

    copy:
      src: "index.php"
      dest: "/var/www/html"
  - name: Service start
    service:
      name: "httpd"
      state: "started"
      enabled: true
```

- hosts: backend

tasks:

- name: Install web package

package:

name: "httpd" state: present

- name: Install php package

package: name: "php" state: present

- name: Deploy pdp code

copy:

src: "index.php"

dest: "/var/www/html"

- name: Service start

service:

name: "httpd" state: "started" enabled: true

create web page

```
λ Cmder
print_r("Now your Browser(client) ip is <div style=color:blue;font-size:25px><b>".$_SERVER[REMOTE_ADDR]."</b></div>");
</body>
<html>
<head>
<title> Saini</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1 style=text-align:center;>Horizontal scalling </h1>
<h2> Scale Out</h2>
<br>
<br>
<?php
print_r("Now Backend server ip is <div style=color:red;font-size:25px><b>".
$_SERVER[SERVER_ADDR]."</b></div><br><br>");
print_r("Now your Browser(client) ip is <div style=color:blue;font-size:25px><b>".
$_SERVER[REMOTE_ADDR]."</b></div>");
?>
<br>
<br><br><br><br>
<h3>by: Shivam Saini</h3>
</body>
```

```
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 shivamSaini]# ansible-playbook backend.yml
ok: [44.211.175.117]
ok: [44.211.254.135]
changed: [44.211.254.135]
changed: [44.211.175.117]
changed: [44.211.254.135]
changed: [44.211.175.117]
changed: [44.211.175.117]
changed: [44.211.254.135]
changed: [44.211.254.135]
changed: [44.211.175.117]
44.211.175.117
             changed=4 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0 rescued=0
                                          ignored=0
              changed=4
                   unreachable=0
                          failed=0
                               skipped=0
                                    rescued=0
                                          ignored=0
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 shivamSaini]#
```

Now write a code for frontend(loadblancer) server:

```
- hosts: frontend
tasks:
- name: Install Haproxy package
package:
    name: "haproxy"
    state: present

- name: Configure a file of haproxy
template:
    src: "conf.j2"
    dest: "/etc/haproxy/haproxy.cfg"

- name: Start a Service
service:
    name: "haproxy"
    state: restarted
enabled: true
```

- hosts: frontend

tasks:

- name: Install Haproxy package

package:

name: "haproxy" state: present

- name: Configure a file of haproxy

template: src: "conf.j2"

dest: "/etc/haproxy/haproxy.cfg"

- name: Start a Service

service:

name: "haproxy" state: restarted enabled: true

write configuration file for HAPROXY:

Here i use jinja template of python and ansible magic variable

```
frontend loadblancer
    bind *:8081
    timeout client 10s
    default_backend webServer

backend webServer
    balance roundrobin
    timeout connect 10s
    timeout server 10s

{% for i in groups['backend'] %}
    server backendServer{{ loop.index }} {{ i }}:80

{% endfor %}
```

frontend loadblancer bind *:8081 timeout client 10s

default_backend webServer

balance roundrobin timeout connect 10s timeout server 10s

```
{% for i in groups['backend'] %}
server backendServer{{ loop.index }} {{ i }}:80
{% endfor %}
```



Now we can check our server:

if more and more user come then we can **scale out** our server:

now i add one more server:

```
## db-[99:101]-node.example.com
[frontend]
     34.238.151.4 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat

[backend]
[backend]
     44.211.254.135 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat
     44.211.175.117 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat

#Scale out our server
     3.82.243.77 ansible_user=root ansible_password=redhat
```

```
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 shivamSaini]# ansible-playbook frontend.yml
changed: [34.238.151.4]
TASK [Start a Service] *************
changed: [34.238.151.4]
unreachable=0 failed=0
34.238.151.4
            changed=2
                           skipped=0
                               rescued=0
                                    ignored=0
[root@ip-172-31-93-156 shivamSaini]#
```

ansible-playbook backend.yml

```
ok: [44.211.175.117]
ok: [44.211.254.135]
ok: [44.211.175.117]
changed: [3.82.243.77]
changed: [3.82.243.77]
ok: [44.211.175.117]
ok: [44.211.254.135]
changed: [3.82.243.77]
changed: [3.82.243.77]
3.82.243.77
44.211.175.117
             changed=4
                 unreachable=0
                       failed=0 skipped=0
                                rescued=0
                                     ignored=0
             changed=0
                 unreachable=0
                       failed=0
                            skipped=0
                                rescued=0
                                     ignored=0
            changed=0
                 unreachable=0
                       failed=0
                            skipped=0
                                rescued=0
                                     ignored=0
```

test our loadblancer:

ip of frontend server >>34.238.151.4:8081



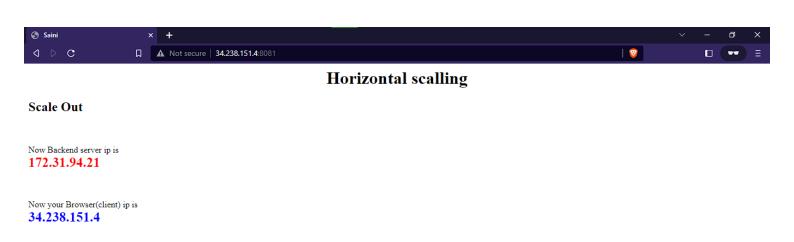
Scale Out

Now Backend server ip is 172.31.80.75

Now your Browser(client) ip is 34.238.151.4

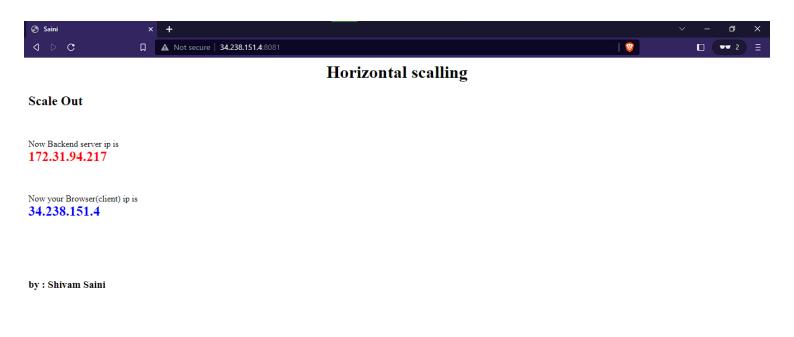
by: Shivam Saini

again refresh



again refresh

by: Shivam Saini



use private tab when testing because browser store the web page in it's buffer or cache