1.Write a C program to search for an element in the singly linked list by specifying the position and the item.

```
/SHIVAMBU DEV PANDEY
1.Write a C program to search for an element in the singly linked list
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct node {
  int data;
  struct node *next;
void traverse(node *head) {
  int count = 1;
  node *p = head;
      printf("\nNode %d data: %d", count, p->data);
      count++;
void insert begin(node **head, int item) {
  node *new node = (node*) malloc(sizeof(node));
  new node->next = *head;
```

```
void insert end(node **head, int item) {
  node *new_node = (node*) malloc(sizeof(node));
  new node->next = NULL;
  node *p = *head;
  while(p->next != NULL) {
  p->next = new node;
void insert any position(node **head, int item, int pos) {
  node *new node = (node*) malloc(sizeof(node));
  if (pos == 1) {
      *head = new node;
  for(int i = 1; i < pos - 1 && p != NULL; i++) {
      printf("Position out of range\n");
  new node->next = p->next;
void delete_begin(node **head) {
      printf("List is empty\n");
```

```
node *temp = *head;
  free(temp);
void delete end(node **head) {
      printf("List is empty\n");
  node *p = *head, *q = NULL;
      q = p;
  if (q != NULL) {
      q->next = NULL;
   free(p);
void delete_any_pos(node **head, int pos) {
      printf("List is empty\n");
  if (pos == 1) {
      free(p);
   for(int i = 1; i < pos && p != NULL; i++) {</pre>
      q = p;
```

```
printf("Position out of range\n");
  free(p);
void search_element(node *head, int item, int pos) {
  node *ptr = head;
  int position = 1;
  while (ptr != NULL) {
       if (item == ptr->data && pos == position) {
          printf("Element %d found at position %d\n", item, position);
      ptr = ptr->next;
      position++;
  printf("Element %d not found at position %d\n", item, pos);
void checkPalindrome
int main() {
  node *head = NULL;
  int choice, item, pos;
  while(1) {
      printf("\nSingly Linked List\n");
      printf("1. Insert at beginning ");
      printf("2. Insert at end ");
      printf("3. Insert at any position\n");
      printf("4. Delete from beginning ");
      printf("5. Delete from end ");
      printf("6. Delete from any position\n");
      printf("7. Traverse ");
      printf("8. Search for an element ");
      printf("9. Exit\n");
```

```
printf("Enter your choice: ");
       printf("Enter the item to be inserted: ");
        insert begin(&head, item);
        printf("Enter the item to be inserted: ");
       scanf("%d", &item);
        insert end(&head, item);
       printf("Enter the item to be inserted: ");
       scanf("%d", &item);
       printf("Enter the position at which to insert: ");
       scanf("%d", &pos);
        insert any position(&head, item, pos);
       delete begin(&head);
       delete end(&head);
       printf("Enter the position at which to delete: ");
       scanf("%d", &pos);
       delete any pos(&head, pos);
        traverse(head);
   case 8:
       printf("Enter the item to be searched: ");
        scanf("%d", &item);
        printf("Enter the position to search for the element: ");
        scanf("%d", &pos);
```

```
23BCS123_LAB6_P1.C - 23BCS123 - Visual Studio Code
NSOLE
            TERMINAL

√ TERMINAL

   4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from any position 7. Traverse 8. Search for an element 9. Exit Enter your choice: Enter the item to be inserted:
    Singly Linked List

    Insert at beginning
    Insert at end
    Insert at any position
    Delete from beginning
    Delete from end
    Delete from any position

    7. Traverse 8. Search for an element 9. Exit
    Enter your choice: 7
   Node_1 _data: 4
Node_2 _data: 8
Node_3 _data: 5
Node_4 _data: 7
Node_5 _data: 9
Singly Linked List

    Insert at beginning
    Insert at end
    Insert at any position
    Delete from beginning
    Delete from end
    Delete from any position
    Traverse
    Search for an element
    Exit

    Enter your choice: 8
    Enter the item to be searched: 5
Enter the position to search for the element: 3
    Element 5 found at position 3
    Singly Linked List
   1. Insert at beginning 2. Insert at end 3. Insert at any position 4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from any position 7. Traverse 8. Search for an element 9. Exit
    Enter your choice: 8
    Enter the item to be searched: 9
Enter the position to search for the element: 1
    Element 9 not found at position 1
    Singly Linked List
   1. Insert at beginning 2. Insert at end 3. Insert at any position 4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from any position 7. Traverse 8. Search for an element 9. Exit Enter your choice:
```

2. Write a C program to check whether a given string is a palindrome or not using the linked lists.

```
/SHIVAMBU DEV PANDEY
2.Write a C program to check whether a given string is a palindrome or not
using the linked lists.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
typedef struct Node {
  char data;
  struct Node* next;
}node;
void insert_end(node **head, char item) {
  node* new node = (node*) malloc(sizeof(node));
  new node->data = item;
  node* p = *head;
  p->next = new node;
```

```
void display(node* node) {
  printf("Linked List: ");
  while (node != NULL) {
      printf("%c ", node->data);
      node = node->next;
  printf("\n");
bool palindrome ll(node* head, int count) {
  node* front, * rear;
  while (i != count / 2) {
      front = rear = head;
           front = front->next;
          rear = rear->next;
      if (front->data != rear->data) {
int main() {
  node* head = NULL;
  char data;
  printf("Enter characters (one at a time). Enter '0' to stop:\n");
      scanf(" %c", &data);
      if (data == '0') {
```

```
insert_end(&head, data);
    counter++;
}

display(head);

if (counter == 0) {
    printf("No characters entered. The linked list is empty.\n");
} else {
    bool result = palindrome_ll(head, counter);
    if (result) {
        printf("The linked list is a palindrome.\n");
    } else {
        printf("The linked list is not a palindrome.\n");
    }
}
return 0;
}
```

```
23BCS123_LAB6_P2.C - 23BCS123 - Visual Studio Code
NSOLE
      TERMINAL
                PORTS

✓ TERMINAL

  cd "/home/iiit/Desktop/23BCS123/23BCS123 LAB6/" && gcc 23BCS123 LAB6 P2.C -o
  CS123 LAB6 P2 && "/home/iiit/Desktop/23BCS123/23BCS123 LAB6/"23BCS123 LAB6 P2
iiit@iiit-OptiPlex-3090:~/Desktop/23BCS123$ cd "/home/iiit/Desktop/23BCS123/2
  B6_P2.C -o 23BCS123_LAB6_P2 && "/home/iiit/Desktop/23BCS123/23BCS123_LAB6/"23
  Enter characters (one at a time). Enter '0' to stop:
  malayalam
  0
  Linked List: malayalam
  The linked list is a palindrome.
iiit@iiit-OptiPlex-3090:~/Desktop/23BCS123/23BCS123_LAB6$ cd "/home/iiit/Desk
  cc 23BCS123 LAB6 P2.C -o 23BCS123 LAB6 P2 && "/home/iiit/Desktop/23BCS123/23B
  Enter characters (one at a time). Enter '0' to stop:
  coffee
  Linked List: c o f f e e
  The linked list is not a palindrome.
o iiit@iiit-OptiPlex-3090:~/Desktop/23BCS123/23BCS123 LAB6$
```

3. Write a C program to search for an element in the circular linked list by specifying the position and the item.

```
/SHIVAMBU DEV PANDEY
3.Write a C program to search for an element in the circular linked list
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct node {
  int data;
  struct node *next;
void insert begin(node **head, int value) {
  node *newNode = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
  newNode->data = value;
       *head = newNode;
      newNode->next = *head;
      node *temp = *head;
           temp = temp->next;
       newNode->next = *head;
       temp->next = newNode;
       *head = newNode;
```

```
void insert end(node **head, int value) {
  node *newNode = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
  newNode->data = value;
       *head = newNode;
      newNode->next = *head;
      node *temp = *head;
      temp->next = newNode;
      newNode->next = *head;
void insert at position(node **head, int value, int position) {
  node *newNode = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
  newNode->data = value;
  if (*head == NULL || position <= 1) {</pre>
      newNode->next = *head;
      *head = newNode;
  node *temp = *head;
  for (int i = 1; i < position - 1 && temp->next != *head; i++) {
       temp = temp->next;
  newNode->next = temp->next;
  temp->next = newNode;
void delete begin(node **head) {
      printf("List is Empty!!! Deletion is not possible\n");
```

```
node *temp1 = *head, *temp2 = *head;
if (temp1->next == *head) {
    *head = NULL;
    free(temp1);
    while (temp1->next != *head) {
        temp1 = temp1->next;
    *head = temp2->next;
    temp1->next = *head;
    free(temp2);
    printf("List is Empty!!! Deletion is not possible\n");
node *temp1 = *head, *temp2 = *head;
if (temp1->next == *head) {
    free(temp1);
    while (temp1->next != *head) {
       temp2 = temp1;
       temp1 = temp1->next;
    temp2->next = *head;
   free(temp1);
```

```
void delete at position(node **head, int position) {
  if (*head == NULL || position < 1) {</pre>
      printf("Invalid position or empty list\n");
  if (position == 1) {
      node *temp = *head;
           free(*head);
           free(temp);
  node *temp1 = *head, *temp2 = NULL;
  for (int i = 1; i < position && temp1->next != *head; i++) {
       temp2 = temp1;
       temp1 = temp1->next;
  if (temp1 == *head) {
      printf("Position out of range\n");
  temp2->next = temp1->next;
  free(temp1);
void traverse(node *head) {
      printf("List is empty\n");
```

```
node *temp = head;
      printf("%d -> ", temp->data);
      temp = temp->next;
  } while (temp != head);
  printf(" (head) \n");
void search element(node *head, int item, int pos) {
  if (head == NULL || pos < 1) {</pre>
      printf("Invalid position or empty list\n");
  node *temp = head;
  int position = 1;
      if (item == temp->data && pos == position) {
          printf("Element %d found at position %d\n", item, pos);
      position++;
  } while (temp != head);
  printf("Element %d not found at position %d\n", item, pos);
int main() {
  node *head = NULL;
  int choice, item, pos;
  while (1) {
      printf("\nCircular Linked List \n");
      printf("1. Insert at beginning ");
      printf("2. Insert at end ");
      printf("3. Insert at any position\n");
      printf("4. Delete from beginning ");
```

```
printf("5. Delete from end ");
printf("6. Delete from any position\n");
printf("7. Traverse ");
printf("8. Search for an element ");
printf("9. Exit\n");
printf("Enter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
        printf("Enter the item to be inserted: ");
        scanf("%d", &item);
        insert begin(&head, item);
    case 2:
        printf("Enter the item to be inserted: ");
        scanf("%d", &item);
        insert end(&head, item);
        printf("Enter the item to be inserted: ");
        scanf("%d", &item);
        printf("Enter the position at which to insert: ");
        scanf("%d", &pos);
        insert at position(&head, item, pos);
        delete begin(&head);
        delete end(&head);
        printf("Enter the position at which to delete: ");
        scanf("%d", &pos);
        delete at position(&head, pos);
        traverse(head);
```

```
case 8:
    printf("Enter the item to be searched: ");
    scanf("%d", &item);
    printf("Enter the position to search for the element: ");
    scanf("%d", &pos);
    search_element(head, item, pos);
    break;
    case 9:
        exit(0);
    default:
        printf("Invalid choice\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

```
Circular Linked List
1. Insert at beginning 2. Insert at end 3. Insert at any position
4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from any position
7. Traverse 8. Search for an element 9. Exit
Enter your choice: 7
3 -> 1 -> 6 -> 7 -> 4 -> 8 -> (head)
Circular Linked List
1. Insert at beginning 2. Insert at end 3. Insert at any position
4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from any position
7. Traverse 8. Search for an element 9. Exit
Enter your choice: 8
Enter the item to be searched: 6
Enter the position to search for the element: 3
Element 6 found at position 3
Circular Linked List
1. Insert at beginning 2. Insert at end 3. Insert at any position
4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from any position
7. Traverse 8. Search for an element 9. Exit
Enter your choice: 8
Enter the item to be searched: 1
Enter the position to search for the element: 7
Element 1 not found at position 7
```

4. Write a C program to add/subtract two ordered polynomial expressions using the linked list.

```
/SHIVAMBU DEV PANDEY
4.Write a C program to add/subtract two ordered polynomial expressions
using the linked list.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct Term {
  int coeff;
  int power;
  struct Term* next;
Term* createTerm(int coeff, int power) {
  Term* newTerm = (Term*) malloc(sizeof(Term));
      printf("Memory allocation error\n");
  newTerm->coeff = coeff;
  newTerm->power = power;
  newTerm->next = NULL;
  return newTerm;
void insertTerm(Term** head, int coeff, int power) {
  Term* newTerm = createTerm(coeff, power);
  if (*head == NULL || power > (*head)->power) {
      newTerm->next = *head;
```

```
*head = newTerm;
      Term* current = *head;
      while (current->next != NULL && power < current->next->power) {
          current = current->next;
      newTerm->next = current->next;
      current->next = newTerm;
void display(Term* head) {
      printf("Polynomial is empty\n");
      printf("%dx^%d", head->coeff, head->power);
      head = head->next;
          printf(" + ");
  printf("\n");
Term* addPol(Term* poly1, Term* poly2) {
  Term* result = NULL;
  while (poly1 != NULL && poly2 != NULL) {
      if (poly1->power > poly2->power) {
          insertTerm(&result, poly1->coeff, poly1->power);
          poly1 = poly1->next;
       } else if (poly1->power < poly2->power) {
```

```
poly2 = poly2->next;
          int sumCoeff = poly1->coeff + poly2->coeff;
          if (sumCoeff != 0) {
              insertTerm(&result, sumCoeff, poly1->power);
          poly2 = poly2->next;
  while (poly1 != NULL) {
      insertTerm(&result, poly1->coeff, poly1->power);
      poly1 = poly1->next;
  while (poly2 != NULL) {
      insertTerm(&result, poly2->coeff, poly2->power);
      poly2 = poly2->next;
  return result;
Term* subPol(Term* poly1, Term* poly2) {
  Term* result = NULL;
  while (poly1 != NULL && poly2 != NULL) {
      if (poly1->power > poly2->power) {
          insertTerm(&result, poly1->coeff, poly1->power);
          poly1 = poly1->next;
          insertTerm(&result, -poly2->coeff, poly2->power);
          poly2 = poly2->next;
```

```
int diffCoeff = poly1->coeff - poly2->coeff;
           if (diffCoeff != 0) {
               insertTerm(&result, diffCoeff, poly1->power);
          poly1 = poly1->next;
          poly2 = poly2->next;
  while (poly1 != NULL) {
      insertTerm(&result, poly1->coeff, poly1->power);
      poly1 = poly1->next;
  while (poly2 != NULL) {
      insertTerm(&result, -poly2->coeff, poly2->power);
      poly2 = poly2->next;
  return result;
void freePol(Term* polynomial) {
  while (polynomial != NULL) {
      Term* temp = polynomial;
      polynomial = polynomial->next;
      free(temp);
int main() {
  Term* poly1 = NULL;
  Term* poly2 = NULL;
```

```
int coeff, power;
  char choice;
  printf("Enter the terms of the first polynomial in descending order of
powers:\n");
      printf("Enter the coeff and power of the term: ");
      scanf("%d %d", &coeff, &power);
      insertTerm(&poly1, coeff, power);
      printf("Do you want to add another term to the first polynomial?
(y/n): ");
      scanf(" %c", &choice);
  printf("\nEnter the terms of the second polynomial in descending order
of powers:\n");
      printf("Enter the coeff and power of the term: ");
      scanf("%d %d", &coeff, &power);
       insertTerm(&poly2, coeff, power);
      printf("Do you want to add another term to the second polynomial?
      scanf(" %c", &choice);
   } while (choice == 'y' || choice == 'Y');
  printf("\nFirst Polynomial: ");
  display(poly1);
  printf("\nSecond Polynomial: ");
  display(poly2);
```

```
res_add = addPol(poly1, poly2);
res_sub = subPol(poly1, poly2);

printf("\nResultant Polynomial (Sum): ");
display(res_add);

printf("\nResultant Polynomial (Subtraction): ");
display(res_sub);

freePol(poly1);
freePol(poly2);
freePol(res_add);
freePol(res_sub);

return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the terms of the first polynomial in descending order of powers:
Enter the coeff and power of the term: 2 4
Do you want to add another term to the first polynomial? (y/n): y
Enter the coeff and power of the term: 3 5
Do you want to add another term to the first polynomial? (y/n): y
Enter the coeff and power of the term: 4 2
Do you want to add another term to the first polynomial? (y/n): n
Enter the terms of the second polynomial in descending order of powers:
Enter the coeff and power of the term: 3 5
Do you want to add another term to the second polynomial? (y/n): y
Enter the coeff and power of the term: 1 2
Do you want to add another term to the second polynomial? (y/n): y
Enter the coeff and power of the term: 3 4
Do you want to add another term to the second polynomial? (y/n): n
First Polynomial: 3x^5 + 2x^4 + 4x^2
Second Polynomial: 3x^5 + 3x^4 + 1x^2
Resultant Polynomial (Sum): 6x^5 + 5x^4 + 5x^2
Resultant Polynomial (Subtraction): -1x^4 + 3x^2
```