# Melbourne University AES/MathWorks/NIH Seizure Prediction

Shivam Kalra & Ruifan Yu {shivam.kalra,ruifan.yu}@uwaterloo.ca

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## **Problem Description**

#### Introduction

- ▶ Nearly one-third of patients with epilepsy continue to have **seizures** despite optimal medication management [1].
- ► Seizures are a symptom associated with abnormal electrical activity in the brain.
- ▶ What is a seizure? and When to detect it? guestions remain elusive.
- ► Plenty data is available, **machine learning** can help in building seizure forecasting systems.
- ► Could save life!

# **Problem Description**

Melbourne University AES/MathWorks/NIH Seizure Prediction

## What is given and what is required?

- ► Human brain activity (intracranial EEG) taken from multiple sensors on brain.
- ► Each recording is 10 minutes long, recorded at 400 Hz resulting 240,000 data points per recording.
- Challenge is to classify unseen recording as Preictal (prior to seizure) or Interictal (at least an hour before seizure).

## **Problems with Data Set**

There are only two types of people in the world, those who can extrapolate from incomplete data...

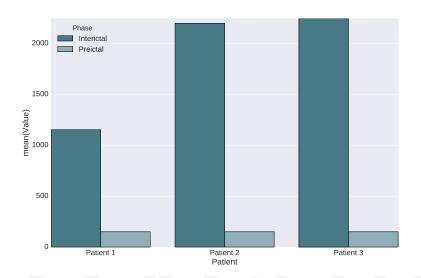


## Training Data-set has...

- 1. Categorical Imbalance
- **2.** Missing Data or Random Dropouts

## **Problems with Data Set**

#### **Categorical Imbalance**



## **Problems with Data Set**

Missing/Dropouts in Data Set

- ► Random dropouts of **10 seconds or more** in the EEG signals across all the 16 channels.
- ► Exist in abundance (even in testing data set).
- ► Some training data is **entirely empty** (completely missing!!!)

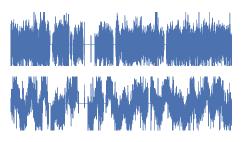


Figure: Missing data in channel 1 and 3 from Patient 1's data set

## Classification

Ingredients of our present classifier...

#### **Ensemble** of 3 different classifier models:

- 1. Deep Learning: CNN classification of Spectrograms
- 2. SVM classification on Random Transforms of Spectrograms
- 3. SVM/LR/RF classification using various DSP features

## Kaggle score

We are at AUC  $\sim$  **0.74** as of now.

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# Model 1: Deep Learning (CNN) on Spectrograms



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Some background research ...

## Why Convolution Neural Networks?

- ► Our **eternal love** for deep learning...
- ► CNN has been successful in [2].
- ▶ Iryna Korshunova's CNN [2] approach among top 10% in last year's competition.
- ► RUIFAN give me more references!!!

## **Options**

Fine adjustement of the watermark position

- ▶ hoffset
- ▶ voffset

They admit any *positive* or *negative* spacing **unit**Note that some **warnings** about *badboxes* might be generated at compilation

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