

Database Management and Database Design

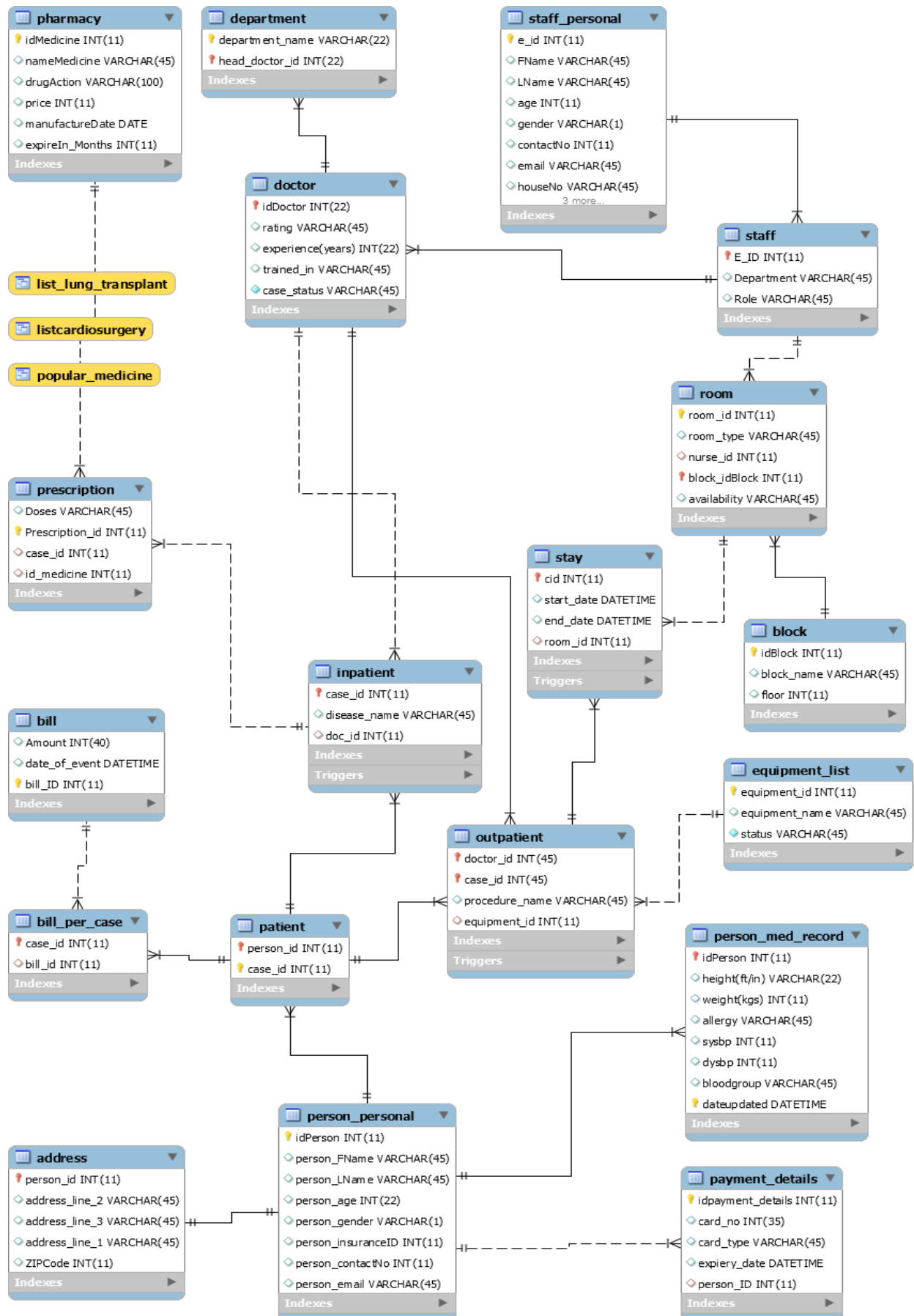
Hospital Database Management

1. Objective Statement
2. Full Schema
3. Users
4. Queries
5. Views
6. Triggers
7. Stored Procedure

Objective Statement

A wide-ranging hospital management database system is designed which address the administrative requirements of the hospitals. In this implementation, the database designed will act as an comprehensive information system which will help in managing all the aspects of hospital's operation such as patient's medical records, managerial administration, resource allocation, room allotment and other services.

As the person will be allocated with a case_id which will be associated with the person per disease basis. There can be more than one case_ids for a person as the person may have multiple disease and may have separate treatment going for those. Apart from that the person is allocated with a room if he/she goes through any surgery/operations which will fall under the table 'procedure'. The duration of the 'stay' will be found in table: stay. The person will be allocated with the doctor for the treatment and a nurse during the 'stay' period. Block for the room allocated and room type can be determined and through that resource allocation can be planned in better way.



USERS

Hospital Admin:

Got all privileges

Details for account hospitalAdmin@localhost

Login	Account Limits	Administrative Roles	Schema Privileges
Login Name: <input type="text" value="hospitalAdmin"/>		You may create multiple accounts with the same name to connect from different hosts.	
Authentication Type: <input type="text" value="Standard"/>		For the standard password and/or host based authentication, select 'Standard'.	
Limit to Hosts Matching: <input type="text" value="localhost"/>		% and _ wildcards may be used	
Password: <input type="password" value="*****"/>		Type a password to reset it.	
Confirm Password: <input type="password" value="*****"/>		Enter password again to confirm.	
<input type="button" value="Expire Password"/>			

Details for account hospitalAdmin@localhost

Login	Account Limits	Administrative Roles	Schema Privileges				
<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Schema</th><th>Privileges</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>hospitalmanagementsyst...</td><td>ALTER, ALTER ROUTINE, CREATE, CREATE ROUTINE, CREATE TEMPORARY TABLES, CREATE VIEW, DELETE, DROP, EVENT, E</td></tr></tbody></table>				Schema	Privileges	hospitalmanagementsyst...	ALTER, ALTER ROUTINE, CREATE, CREATE ROUTINE, CREATE TEMPORARY TABLES, CREATE VIEW, DELETE, DROP, EVENT, E
Schema	Privileges						
hospitalmanagementsyst...	ALTER, ALTER ROUTINE, CREATE, CREATE ROUTINE, CREATE TEMPORARY TABLES, CREATE VIEW, DELETE, DROP, EVENT, E						
Schema and Host fields may use % and _ wildcards. The server will match specific entries before wildcarded ones.							
<input type="button" value="Revoke All Privileges"/>		<input type="button" value="Delete Entry"/>	<input type="button" value="Add Entry..."/>				

Receptionist Privileges

Delete Insert and update privileges

Details for account receptionist@localhost

Login	Account Limits	Administrative Roles	Schema Privileges
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Schema	Privileges
hospitalmanagementsyst...	DELETE, INSERT, UPDATE

Schema and Host fields may use % and _ wildcards.
The server will match specific entries before wildcarded ones.

[Revoke All Privileges](#) [Delete Entry](#) [Add Entry...](#)

Details for account receptionist@localhost

Login	Account Limits	Administrative Roles	Schema Privileges
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Login Name: You may create a new user to connect

Authentication Type: For the standard user, select 'Standard'

Limit to Hosts Matching: % and _ wildcards are supported

Password: Type a password

Consider using a password with 8 or more characters, including mixed case letters, numbers and punctuation marks

Confirm Password: Enter password

[Expire Password](#)

Tables:

1. **person_personal**
2. **address**
3. **payment_detail**
4. **person_med_record**
5. **patient**
6. **staff_personal**
7. **staff**(E_ID, Department, Role)
8. **doctor** (idDoctor , rating, experience,trained_in, case_status)
9. **inpatient** (case_id, disease_name, doc_id)
10. **pharmacy** (idMedcine, nameMedicine, drugAction, price, manufactureDate, expireIn_Months)
11. **prescription** (doses, prescription_id, case_id, id_medicine)
12. **bill_per_case** (case_id, bill_id)
13. **bill** (amount, date_of_event, bill_id)
14. **outpatient*** (doctor_id, case_id, procedure_name, equipment_id) triggering equipment_list.status
15. **equipment_list** (equipment_id, equipment_name, status)
16. **block** (idBlock, block_name, floor)
17. **room** (room_id, room_type, nurse_id, block_idblock, availability)
18. **stay*** (cid, start_date, end_date, room_id) triggering room.availability
19. **department** (department_name, head_doctor_id)

Queries

1. Finding the person detail of all the female individuals in the database with age<30

```
SELECT pp.person_Fname,pp.person_Lname, pp.person_age from person_personal pp where  
person_gender='F' AND person_age<30;
```

	person_Fname	person_Lname	person_age
▶	Rice	Venere	24
	Michel	Penere	23
	Kite	Snow	24
	Williams	Timothy	23
	Bill	Jackson	22

2. Finding the details of the patient by using their case value.(#3)

```
SELECT b.bill_id, b.date_of_event, b.amount, pt.person_id, pp.person_Fname,  
pp.person_Lname,pp.person_age,pp.person_gender from bill b  
inner join bill_per_case bp  
on b.bill_id=bp.bill_id  
inner join patient pt  
on pt.case_id=bp.case_id  
inner join person_personal pp  
on pp.idperson=pt.person_id  
where pt.case_id=3;
```

	bill_id	date_of_event	amount	person_id	person_Fname	person_Lname	person_age	person_gender
▶	3	2016-12-11 00:00:00	90	3	Michel	Penere	23	F

3. Finding the costliest medicine

```
SELECT idmedicine, nameMedicine, price  
FROM pharmacy  
WHERE price=(SELECT MAX(price) FROM pharmacy);
```

	idmedicine	nameMedicine	price
▶	15	Dygene	99

4. Finding most purchased medicine

```
SELECT
    `ph`.`nameMedicine` AS `Name of Medicine`,
    `ph`.`idMedicine` AS `Medicine ID`,
    COUNT(`p`.`id_medicine`) AS `Number Of Purchases`
FROM
    (`prescription` `p`
    LEFT JOIN `pharmacy` `ph` ON ((`ph`.`idMedicine` = `p`.`id_medicine`)))
GROUP BY `p`.`id_medicine`
ORDER BY COUNT(`p`.`id_medicine`) DESC
LIMIT 1
```

	Name of Medicine	Medicine ID	Number Of Purchases
▶	Allegra	2	3

5. Finding Available Doctors

```
SELECT CONCAT(sp.FName, ',', sp.LName) AS Doctor_Name, d.idDoctor AS Doctor_ID, d.rating
AS Doctor_Rating, d.trained_in as Doctor_Specialization, d.case_status as Doctor_Availability FROM
hospitalmanagementsystem.doctor d
```

```
inner join staff_personal sp on sp.e_id=d.idDoctor
```

```
where d.case_status="ON CASE";
```

	Doctor_Name	Doctor_ID	Doctor_Rating	Doctor_Specialization	Doctor_Availability
▶	Robin,Wills	1	3	Cardiology	ON CASE
	John,Snow	4	3	Emergency medicine	ON CASE
	Lalita,Manow	5	3	Paediatric cardiology	ON CASE
	Mohit,Arora	7	3	Surgery	ON CASE
	John,Snow	15	3	Pediatric Infection Analysis	ON CASE

6. Finding maximum amount paid by patient, patient's Full Name, patient's ID, Case ID of patient, person's insurance number, person's credit card number, person's credit card type, credit card expiry date.

```
SELECT CONCAT(pp.person_FName, ',', pp.person_LName) AS Patient_Name, pp.person_age,
pp.person_insuranceID, b.amount, b.bill_id, b.date_of_event, bpc.case_id,
pd.card_no, pd.card_type, pd.expiry_date
FROM bill b
left join bill_per_case bpc
on b.bill_ID=bpc.bill_id
left join patient pt
on bpc.case_id=pt.case_id
left join person_personal pp
on pp.idPerson=pt.person_id
left join payment_details pd
on pd.person_ID=pp.idPerson
WHERE b.amount=(SELECT MAX(Amount) FROM bill);
```

	Patient_Name	person_age	person_insuranceID	amount	bill_id	date_of_event	case_id	card_no	card_type	expiry_date
▶	John,Peter	20	423433242	900	1	2016-12-11 00:00:00	1	324234234	Master Card	2018-09-22 00:00:00

7. Find people with age more than 30 and their financial details

```
SELECT CONCAT(pp.person_FName, ',', pp.person_LName) AS Patient_Name, pp.person_age,
pp.person_insuranceID, b.amount, b.bill_id, b.date_of_event, bpc.case_id,
pd.card_no, pd.card_type, pd.expiry_date
FROM bill b
left join bill_per_case bpc
on b.bill_ID=bpc.bill_id
left join patient pt
on bpc.case_id=pt.case_id
```

```

left join person_personal pp
on pp.idPerson=pt.person_id
left join payment_details pd
on pd.person_ID=pp.idPerson
where pp.person_age>30;

```

	Patient_Name	person_age	person_insuranceID	amount	bill_id	date_of_event	case_id	card_no	card_type	expiery_date
▶	Manish,Water	33	423432542	99	6	2016-11-06 00:00:00	6	342342343	FOREX Card	2018-01-12 00:00:00
	Tiger,Woods	33	423432442	100	8	2016-11-08 00:00:00	8	332242312	Master Card	2018-11-12 00:00:00
	Kate,Red	33	636336366	120	16	2016-12-09 00:00:00	16	NULL	NULL	NULL

8. Finding people with bill amount greater than 100, their date of transaction, their bill_id, first name and last name.

```

select b.amount, b.date_of_event, b.bill_id, bpc.case_id,p.person_id,pp.person_fname,
pp.person_lname
from bill b
left join bill_per_case bpc
on b.bill_id=bpc.bill_id
left join patient p
on p.case_id=bpc.case_id
left join person_personal pp
on pp.idperson=p.person_id
where b.amount>100;

```

	amount	date_of_event	bill_id	case_id	person_id	person_fname	person_lname
▶	900	2016-12-11 00:00:00	1	1	1	John	Peter
	456	2016-12-09 00:00:00	12	12	12	Mohit	Ramaini
	120	2016-12-09 00:00:00	16	16	16	Kate	Red

9. Find the name of medicine taken by person with case id 3 and disease_name, id_medicine and ph.namemedicine

```
select ip.case_id, ip.disease_name, p.id_medicine, ph.namemedicine
from inpatient ip
left join prescription p
on ip.case_id=p.case_id
left join pharmacy ph
on p.id_medicine=ph.idmedicine where ip.case_id=3;
```

	case_id	disease_name	id_medicine	namemedicine
▶	3	Menangitis	2	Allegra

10. Find details of cases and disease for which 'Allegra' is taken.

```
select ip.case_id, ip.disease_name, p.id_medicine, ph.namemedicine
from inpatient ip
left join prescription p
on ip.case_id=p.case_id
left join pharmacy ph
on p.id_medicine=ph.idmedicine where ph.namemedicine='allegra';
```

	case_id	disease_name	id_medicine	namemedicine
▶	2	Cough	2	Allegra
	3	Menangitis	2	Allegra
	5	Ulcer Surgery	2	Allegra

4-Views

View 1

List the name and details of people who have the lung transplant.

Provide their full name, their case id and the procedure name

```
SELECT* from list_lung_transplant;
```

```
CREATE
```

```
ALGORITHM = UNDEFINED
```

```
DEFINER = `root`@`localhost`
```

```
SQL SECURITY DEFINER
```

```
VIEW `list_lung_transplant` AS
```

```
SELECT
```

```
    `o`.`procedure_name` AS `procedure_name`,
```

```
    `p`.`person_FName` AS `person_Fname`,
```

```
    `p`.`person_LName` AS `person_Lname`,
```

```
    `o`.`case_id` AS `case_id`
```

```
FROM
```

```
    ((`outpatient` `o`
```

```
    LEFT JOIN `patient` `pa` ON ((`pa`.`case_id` = `o`.`case_id`)))
```

```
    LEFT JOIN `person_personal` `p` ON ((`p`.`idPerson` = `pa`.`person_id`)))
```

```
WHERE
```

```
    (`o`.`procedure_name` = 'Lung Transplant')
```

	procedure_name	person_Fname	person_Lname	case_id
▶	Lung Transplant	Bill	Gates	9
	Lung Transplant	Bill	Jackson	14

View 2

Provide the list of people who are having cardiosurgery.

```
SELECT* from listcardiosurgery;
```

```
CREATE
```

```
    ALGORITHM = UNDEFINED
```

```
    DEFINER = `root`@`localhost`
```

```
    SQL SECURITY DEFINER
```

```
VIEW `listcardiosurgery` AS
```

```
    SELECT
```

```
        `o`.`procedure_name` AS `procedure_name`,
```

```
        `p`.`person_FName` AS `person_Fname`,
```

```
        `p`.`person_LName` AS `person_Lname`,
```

```
        `o`.`case_id` AS `case_id`
```

```
    FROM
```

```
        ((`outpatient` `o`
```

```
        LEFT JOIN `patient` `pa` ON ((`pa`.`case_id` = `o`.`case_id`)))
```

```
        LEFT JOIN `person_personal` `p` ON ((`p`.`idPerson` = `pa`.`person_id`)))
```

```
    WHERE
```

```
        (`o`.`procedure_name` = 'Cardio Surgery')
```

	procedure_name	person_Fname	person_Lname	case_id
▶	Cardio Surgery	Barak	Obama	10
	Cardio Surgery	Tiger	Woods	8

View 3

Give the list of medicine which is bought the most

```
SELECT * FROM hospitalmanagementsystem.popular_medicine;
```

```
CREATE
```

```
ALGORITHM = UNDEFINED
```

```
DEFINER = `root`@`localhost`
```

```
SQL SECURITY DEFINER
```

```
VIEW `popular_medicine` AS
```

```
SELECT
```

```
    `ph`.`nameMedicine` AS `Name of Medicine`,
```

```
    `ph`.`idMedicine` AS `Medicine ID`,
```

```
    COUNT(`p`.`id_medicine`) AS `Number Of Purchases`
```

```
FROM
```

```
    (`prescription` `p`
```

```
    LEFT JOIN `pharmacy` `ph` ON ((`ph`.`idMedicine` = `p`.`id_medicine`)))
```

```
GROUP BY `p`.`id_medicine`
```

```
ORDER BY COUNT(`p`.`id_medicine`) DESC
```

```
LIMIT 1
```

	Name of Medicine	Medicine ID	Number Of Purchases
▶	Allegra	2	3

4.View

Provide details of people (full name, address, person id, zip) along with their blood group type.

CREATE

ALGORITHM = UNDEFINED

DEFINER = `root`@`localhost`

SQL SECURITY DEFINER

VIEW `bloodgroupdetail` AS

SELECT

`p`.`idPerson` AS `idperson`,

CONCAT(`p`.`person_FName`, `p`.`person_LName`) AS `concat(p.person_fname,p.person_lname)`,

`a`.`address_line_1` AS `address_line_1`,

`a`.`address_line_2` AS `address_line_2`,

`a`.`address_line_3` AS `address_line_3`,

`a`.`ZIPCode` AS `zipcode`,

`pm`.`bloodgroup` AS `bloodgroup`

FROM

((`person_personal` `p`

LEFT JOIN `person_med_record` `pm` ON ((`p`.`idPerson` = `pm`.`idPerson`)))

LEFT JOIN `address` `a` ON ((`a`.`person_id` = `p`.`idPerson`)))

	idperson	concat(p.person_fname,p.person_lname)	address_line_1	address_line_2	address_line_3	zipcode	bloodgroup
▶	1	JohnPeter	shillman Way	20c	Boston	2120	A+
	2	RiceVenere	Montana Way	29c	Boston	2210	B-
	3	MichelPenere	Mcgreevy Way	29b	Boston	29221	O
	4	RobertSharma	Williams Way	221	Boston	29221	A+
	5	KiteSnow	Tremount	29c	Boston	2210	AB
	6	ManishWater	Peterborough	21	Boston	2210	B-
	7	WilliamsTimothy	Johnwalkier	22	Boston	2210	A+
	8	TigerWoods	Valkayrie	29c	Boston	2210	A+

Triggers

Trigger 1

Inpatient-After Insert

```
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER `hospitalmanagementsystem`.`inpatient_AFTER_INSERT`  
AFTER INSERT ON `hospitalmanagementsystem`.`inpatient`  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN  
set @doc_id=new.doc_id;  
UPDATE hospitalmanagementsystem.doctor SET case_status='OFF CASE' where doc_id=@doc_id;  
END
```

Trigger 2

Inpatient After Update

```
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER `hospitalmanagementsystem`.`inpatient_AFTER_UPDATE`  
AFTER UPDATE ON `hospitalmanagementsystem`.`inpatient`  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN  
set @doc_id=new.doc_id;  
UPDATE hospitalmanagementsystem.doctor SET case_status='OFF CASE' where doc_id=@doc_id;  
END
```


Trigger 3

Outpatient After Insert

```
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER `hospitalmanagementsystem`.`outpatient_AFTER_INSERT`  
AFTER INSERT ON `hospitalmanagementsystem`.`outpatient`  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN  
set @newequipid=new.equipment_id;  
UPDATE hospitalmanagementsystem.equipment_list SET status='NA' where  
equipment_id=@newequipid;  
END
```

Trigger 4

Outpatient After Delete

```
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER  
`hospitalmanagementsystem`.`outpatient_AFTER_UPDATE`  
AFTER UPDATE ON `hospitalmanagementsystem`.`outpatient`  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN  
set @newequipid=new.equipment_id;  
UPDATE hospitalmanagementsystem.equipment_list SET status='NA' where  
equipment_id=@newequipid;  
END
```

Stored Procedure

1. To find the patient and its details using the case_id of people.

call PatientCaseInfo(3);

```
CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' PROCEDURE `PatientCaseInfo`(IN param1 int)
BEGIN
SELECT b.bill_id, b.date_of_event, b.amount, pt.person_id, pp.person_Fname,
pp.person_Lname,pp.person_age,pp.person_gender from bill b
inner join bill_per_case bp
on b.bill_id=bp.bill_id
inner join patient pt
on pt.case_id=bp.case_id
inner join person_personal pp
on pp.idperson=pt.person_id
where pt.case_id=param1;
END
```

	bill_id	date_of_event	amount	person_id	person_Fname	person_Lname	person_age	person_gender
▶	3	2016-12-11 00:00:00	90	3	Michel	Penere	23	F

2.To find the details of the doctor and the department based on the staff_id.

```
CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' PROCEDURE `staff_details`(IN param1 int)
BEGIN
SELECT s.e_id, sp.fname,sp.lname, sp.age, s.department, s.role, sp.email, sp.contactno
from staff s
inner join staff_personal sp
on s.e_id=sp.e_id
where s.e_id=param1;
END
```

	e_id	fname	lname	age	department	role	email	contactno
▶	3	Ronit	Rajen	30	Anesthesia	Doctor	killmn@yahoo.com	787787879

3.To find the details of patient who paid more than a particular amount for their treatment.

```
CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' PROCEDURE `amount_paid_details`(in param1 int)
BEGIN
select b.amount, b.date_of_event, b.bill_id, bpc.case_id,p.person_id,pp.person_fname,
pp.person_lname
from bill b
left join bill_per_case bpc
on b.bill_id=bpc.bill_id
left join patient p
on p.case_id=bpc.case_id
left join person_personal pp
on pp.idperson=p.person_id
where b.amount>param1;
END
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:		Export:		Wrap Cell Content:	
	amount	date_of_event	bill_id	case_id	person_id	person_fname	person_lname
▶	900	2016-12-11 00:00:00	1	1	1	John	Peter
	456	2016-12-09 00:00:00	12	12	12	Mohit	Ramaini
	120	2016-12-09 00:00:00	16	16	16	Kate	Red

4. To find the details a case, the medicine name, the disease name and the medicine id by providing the case_id of the patient.

```
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` PROCEDURE `diseasemedicine`(in param1 int)
BEGIN
select ip.case_id, ip.disease_name, p.id_medicine, ph.namemedicine
from inpatient ip
left join prescription p
on ip.case_id=p.case_id
left join pharmacy ph
on p.id_medicine=ph.idmedicine where ip.case_id=param1;
END
```

	case_id	disease_name	id_medicine	namemedicine
▶	1	Asthama	4	Codeine