

**EXPERIMENT NO. 3**

**Ques 1 :-** Write a program to enter numbers till the user wants. At the end, it should display the count of positive, negative, and Zeroes entered.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int limit, num, positive = 0, negative = 0, zero = 0;
    printf("Enter the limit of the numbers\n");
    scanf("%d", &limit);
    printf("Enter %d numbers \n", limit);
    while (limit)
    {
        scanf("%d", &num);
        if (num > 0)
        {
            positive++;
        }
        else if (num < 0)
        {
            negative++;
        }
    }
}
```

```
    else
    {
        zero++;
    }
    limit--;
}

printf("Positive Numbers : %d\n", positive);
printf("Negative Numbers : %d\n", negative);
printf("Number of zeroes : %d\n", zero);
return 0;
}
```

### Output of the Program :-

```
Enter the limit of the numbers
4
Enter 4 numbers
3
-2
0
1
Positive Numbers : 2
Negative Numbers : 1
Number of zero : 1
PS D:\College Work\C programming\Program 8 August\Assignment given> █
```

**Ques 2 :- Write a program to print the multiplication table of the number entered by the user. It should be in the correct formatting.**

**Num \* 1 = Num**

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int num, i = 1;

    printf("Enter the number : ");

    scanf("%d", &num);

    while (i <= 10)
    {
        printf("%d * %d = %d\n", num, i, num * i);

        i++;
    }
}
```

**Output of the Program :-**

```
Enter the number : 8
8 * 1 = 8
8 * 2 = 16
8 * 3 = 24
8 * 4 = 32
8 * 5 = 40
8 * 6 = 48
8 * 7 = 56
8 * 8 = 64
8 * 9 = 72
8 * 10 = 80
PS D:\College Work\C programming\Program 8 August\Assignment given> |
```

**Ques 3 :- Write a program to generate the following set of output.**

**1**

**2 3**

**4 5 6**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int num, temp = 1, temp1 = 1, k;
```

```
    printf("Enter number of rows you want to print : ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &num);
```

```
    while (temp1 <= num)
```

```
{  
    k = 1;  
    while (k <= temp1)  
    {  
        printf("%d ", temp);  
        temp++;  
        k++;  
    }  
    temp1++;  
    printf("\n");  
}  
return 0;  
}
```

**Output of the Program :-**

```
Enter number of rows you want to print : 3
1
2 3
4 5 6
PS D:\College Work\C programming\Program 8 August\Assignment given> |
```

**Ques 4 :- Write a program to generate the following set of output.**

```
1
1 1
1 2 1
1 3 3 1
1 4 6 4 1
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int rows, i, j, count;
```

```
    printf("Enter the number of rows you want to print : ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &rows);

i = 0;

while (i<rows)
{
    j = 0;

    while (j<=i)
    {
        if (j==0 || i==0)

            count = 1;

        else

            count = count * (i - j + 1) / j;

        printf("%d ", count);

        j++;
    }

    printf("\n");

    i++;
}

return 0;
}
```

**Output of the Program :-**

```
Enter the number of rows you want to print : 5
1
1 1
1 2 1
1 3 3 1
1 4 6 4 1
PS D:\College Work\C programming\Program 8 August\Assignment given> |
```

**Ques 5 : - The population of a town is 100000. The population has increased steadily at the rate of 10% per year for the last 10 years. Write a program to determine the population at the end of each year in the last decade.**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int population = 100000, i;
```

```
    for (i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
```



```
{  
  
    population = population - (population * 10) / 100;  
  
    printf("%d year population is %d\n", i, population);  
  
}  
  
}
```

### Output of the Program :-

```
1 year population is 90000  
2 year population is 81000  
3 year population is 72900  
4 year population is 65610  
5 year population is 59049  
6 year population is 53145  
7 year population is 47831  
8 year population is 43048  
9 year population is 38744  
10 year population is 34870  
PS D:\College Work\C programming\Program 8 August\Assignment given> []
```

**Ques 6 :- Ramanujan Number is the smallest number that can be expressed as the sum of two cubes in two different ways. WAP to print all such numbers up to a reasonable limit.**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{  
  
    int num = 5000,i, x, y, count;  
  
  
    for (i=1; i<num; i++)  
    {  
        count = 0;  
        for (x = 1; x * x * x<i; x++)  
        {  
            for (y = x + 1; x * x * x + y * y * y<=i; y++)  
            {  
  
                if (x * x * x + y * y * y == i)  
                {  
                    count++;  
                    x++;  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
    if (count==2)
    {
        printf("%d\n", i);
    }
}

return 0;
}
```

### Output of the Program :-

```
1729
4104
PS D:\College Work\C programming\Program 8 August\Assignment given> |
```