# Tableau Desktop Specialist Study Guide

The Tableau Specialist exam format changed in mid-2021. The exam is now administered by <u>Pearson</u>, and features 45 multiple-response and multiple-choice questions. The <u>current exam</u> does not feature any hands-on questions, and you cannot use Tableau Desktop or any other outside resources during the exam. <u>Free Specialist practice questions are available here</u>.

### **Domain 1: Connecting to & Preparing Data**

#### 1.1 Create live connections and extracts

- 1.1.1 <u>Create a live connection to a data source</u> *live connection is the default when you connect to a data source*
- 1.1.2 Explain the differences between using <u>live connections</u> versus <u>extracts</u>
- 1.1.3 Create an extract
- 1.1.4 Save metadata properties in a .TDS
- 1.1.5 Create a data source that uses multiple connections <u>difference between a "data source"</u> and a "connection"

### 1.2 Create and manage the data model

- 1.2.1 Add relationships to a data source
- 1.2.2 Add joins and unions
- 1.2.3 Explain when to use a join versus a relationship relationships are recommended except under conditions mentioned here

### 1.3 Manage data properties

- 1.3.1 Rename a data field
- 1.3.2 Assign an alias to a data value
- 1.3.3 Assign a geographic role to a data field
- 1.3.4 Change data type for a data field (number, date, string, Boolean, etc.)
- 1.3.5 Change default properties for a data field (number format, aggregation, color, date format, etc.)

### **Domain 2: Exploring & Analyzing Data**

#### 2.1 Create basic charts

- 2.1.1 Create a bar chart
- 2.1.2 Create a line chart
- 2.1.3 Create a scatterplot
- 2.1.4 Create a map using geographic data

- 2.1.5 Create a combined axis chart blended axis is another term for combined axes
- 2.1.6 Create a dual axis chart
- 2.1.7 Create a stacked bar
- 2.1.8 Create a density map
- 2.1.9 Create a chart to show specific values (crosstab, highlight table)

### 2.2 Organize data and apply filters

- 2.2.1 Create groups by using marks, headers, and the data pane
- 2.2.2 Create sets by using marks and the data pane
- 2.2.3 Organize dimensions into a hierarchy
- 2.2.4 Add a filter to a view
- 2.2.5 Add a date filter see also this on relative date filters

### 2.3 Apply analytics to a worksheet

- 2.3.1 Add a <u>manual</u> or a <u>computed sort</u> note that the sort is computed unless the document explicitly mentions a manual sort
- 2.3.2 Add a reference line
- 2.3.3 Use a quick table calculation
- 2.3.4 Use bins and histograms
- 2.3.5 Create a calculated field (e.g. string, date, simple arithmetic)
- 2.3.6 Explain when to use a parameter <u>in a calculation</u>, <u>in a filter</u>, <u>in a reference line</u>, <u>swamp</u> measures
- 2.3.7 Display totals on a worksheet

## **Domain 3: Sharing Insights**

### 3.1 Format view for presentation

- 3.1.1 Use color from the marks card
- 3.1.2 Configure fonts
- 3.1.3 Format marks as shapes
- 3.1.4 Configure viz animations
- 3.1.5 Change size of marks
- 3.1.6 Show and hide legends

### 3.2 Create and modify a dashboard

- 3.2.1 Add worksheets to a dashboard
- 3.2.2 Add interactive elements for consumers (e.g. show filters, data highlighter, tooltips)
- 3.2.3 Add dashboard actions (e.g. filter action, highlight action, parameter control, URL action)
- 3.2.4 Configure a dashboard layout and create device-specific dashboards
- 3.2.5 Create a story and a story point

#### 3.3 View and share workbook data

- 3.3.1 Share a workbook (e.g. twbx as a PDF or an image, publish to Tableau Server)
- 3.3.2 View and export underlying data
- 3.3.3 Export to Microsoft PowerPoint

# **Domain 4: Understanding Tableau Concepts**

### 4.1 Understand dimensions and measures

- 4.1.1 Explain what kind of information dimensions usually contain
- 4.1.2 Explain what kind of information measures usually contain
- 4.1.3 Explain the difference between dimensions and measures

#### 4.2 Understand discrete and continuous fields

- 4.2.1 Explain how discrete fields are displayed
- 4.2.2 Explain how continuous fields are displayed
- 4.2.3 Explain the difference between discrete date parts and continuous date values

### 4.3 Understand aggregations

- 4.3.1 Explain the default aggregation for measures
- 4.3.2 Describe how an aggregated measure changes when dimensions are added to a view