

## Week 1: Practice Problems

1. Which statement is false concerning Moore's Law?
  - a. The term was named for Gordon Moore.
  - b. Gordon Moore was one of the founders of IBM.
  - c. In the 1960s the storage density of integrated circuits on a silicon chip doubled about every year.
  - d. Today, when we speak of Moore's Law we refer to the doubling of computer power every 18 months.
  
2. Which of the following statements are true during the read operation?
  - a. Issue the control signal READ.
  - b. The data to be read from memory is stored into MAR.
  - c. The data to be read from memory is stored into IR.
  - d. The data to be read from memory is stored into MDR.
  
3. The Instruction Register (IR).
  - a. Holds the memory address of the next instruction.
  - b. Holds the memory address of the current instruction.
  - c. Holds the encoded instruction that is currently being executed or decoded.
  - d. Holds the executed or decoded instruction.
  
4. The register  $R_1 = 12$ , and  $R_2 = 13$ . The instruction ADD  $R_1, R_2$  is in memory location 2000H. After the execution of the instruction the value of PC, MAR, IR and R1 are.
  - a. PC= 2004H; MAR = 2004H; IR= ADD  $R_1, R_2$ ;  $R_1 = 25$ .
  - b. PC= 2000H; MAR = 2000H; IR= ADD  $R_1, R_2$ ;  $R_1 = 12$ .
  - c. PC= 2004H; MAR = 2004H; IR= ADD  $R_1, R_2$ ;  $R_1 = 12$ .
  - d. PC= 2004H; MAR = 2000H; IR= ADD  $R_1, R_2$ ;  $R_1 = 25$ .
  
5. A computer has 1 MB of memory. Each word in this computer is 32 bytes. How many bits are needed to address any single word in memory?
  - a. 20 bits to address each word.
  - b. 32 bits to address each word.
  - c. 12 bits to address each word.
  - d. 15 bits to address each word.

6. Which of the following statements are true for a bus architecture?
- a. Only one data transfer allowed in one clock cycle for single bus architecture.
  - b. Parallelism in data transfer is allowed in multi bus architecture only.
  - c. The multi-bus architecture is supposedly faster than the single-bus architecture.
  - d. Both the bus architecture have the same connection complexity.
7. The data 451Ah is to be represented in a byte addressable memory system starting from location 2000h using little endian format. The memory locations 2000h, 2001h will contain the data
- a. 45h, and 1Ah respectively.
  - b. 1Ah, and 45h respectively.
  - c. A1h, and 54h respectively.
  - d. 54h, and A1h respectively.
8. Which of the following statements are true.
- a. In von-Neumann architecture, the instructions and data are stored in the same memory module.
  - b. In Harvard architecture, the instructions and data are stored in separate memory module.
  - c. Harvard architecture is more flexible compare to von-Neumann architecture.
  - d. In Harvard architecture instructions and data accesses can be done in parallel.
9. The minimum number of instructions required to execute the statement  $A = B + C$  using stack-based architecture is \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Which statements are true for general purpose registers (GPRs) are.
- a. Faster than the memory.
  - b. Slower than the memory.
  - c. Non-volatile in nature.
  - d. Newer architecture have a large number of GPRs.

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