



## WELCOME TO PIZZAHUT

Pizza Hut is a global restaurant chain founded in 1958 in Wichita, Kansas, USA, by brothers Dan and Frank Carney. It is best known for its wide variety of pizzas, pasta, and side dishes. The brand is recognized for its signature Pan Pizza and innovative menu offerings that adapt to local tastes in different countries.

Pizza Hut operates thousands of outlets worldwide through dine-in restaurants, delivery, and takeaway formats. It is a subsidiary of Yum! Brands, Inc., which also owns KFC and Taco Bell.





# ABOUT PROJECT:

This project focuses on Pizza Sales Analysis using SQL, based on a dataset containing order details, order transactions, and pizza information. The aim of the project is to explore sales patterns, customer preferences, and revenue trends by writing SQL queries. Through this analysis, we identify the best-selling pizzas, revenue contributions by categories and sizes, and overall business performance. The project demonstrates how SQL can be effectively used to handle real-world business data, generate insights, and support data-driven decision-making in the food service industry.



## QUERY QUESTIONS:

#### Basic:

Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

Identify the highest-priced pizza.

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

#### Intermediate:

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.



RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.



CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

```
ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),

2) AS total_sales

FROM

order_details

JOIN

pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```



### IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

select pizza\_types.name, pizzas.price
from pizza\_types join pizzas
on pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id = pizzas.pizza\_type\_id
order by pizzas.price desc limit 1;



IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.



LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG

WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

```
pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity

FROM

pizza_types

I JOIN

pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

JOIN

order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

GROUP BY pizza_types.name

ORDER BY quantity DESC

LIMIT 5;
```



JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

```
select pizza_types.category,
sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category order by quantity desc;
```



DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

```
SELECT
   HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
   orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```



JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

select category , count(name) from pizza\_types
group by category;



DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
select pizza_types.name,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name order by revenue desc limit 3;
```



