OS LAB-1BM21CS203

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1. Write a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int mutex = 1, full = 0, empty = 3, x = 0;
int wait(int);
int signal(int);
void producer();
void consumer();
int wait(int s) {
  return (--s);
int signal(int s) {
  return (++s);
}
void producer() {
  mutex = wait(mutex);
  full = signal(full);
  empty = wait(empty);
  x++;
  printf("\nProducer produces the item %d", x);
  mutex = signal(mutex);
}
void consumer() {
  mutex = wait(mutex);
  full = wait(full);
  empty = signal(empty);
  printf("\nConsumer consumes item %d", x);
  mutex = signal(mutex);
}
int main() {
  int n;
  while (1) {
```

```
printf("\n1. Producer\n2. Consumer\n3. Exit");
  printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  switch (n) {
     case 1:
       if (mutex == 1 && empty != 0)
          producer();
       else
         printf("Buffer is full!!");
       break;
     case 2:
       if (mutex == 1 && full != 0)
          consumer();
       else
         printf("Buffer is empty!!");
       break;
     case 3:
       exit(0);
       break;
  }
return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

```
. Producer
2. Consumer
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Producer produces the item 1

    Producer

Consumer
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Producer produces the item 2

    Producer

2. Consumer
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Consumer consumes item 2

    Producer

Consumer
Enter your choice: 2
Consumer consumes item 1

    Producer

2. Consumer
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Buffer is empty!!
1. Producer
Consumer
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                             execution time : 11.860 s
Press any key to continue.
```

2. Write a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem.

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#define N 5
#define THINKING 2
#define HUNGRY 1
#define EATING 0
#define LEFT (phnum + 4) % N
#define RIGHT (phnum + 1) % N
int state[N];
int phil[N] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 };
```

```
sem_t mutex;
sem_t S[N];
void test(int phnum)
{
   if (state[phnum] == HUNGRY
          && state[LEFT] != EATING
          && state[RIGHT] != EATING) {
          state[phnum] = EATING;
          sleep(2);
          printf("Philosopher %d takes fork %d and %d\n",
                              phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
          printf("Philosopher %d is Eating\n", phnum + 1);
          sem_post(&S[phnum]);
   }
}
void take_fork(int phnum)
{
   sem_wait(&mutex);
   state[phnum] = HUNGRY;
```

```
printf("Philosopher %d is Hungry\n", phnum + 1);
   test(phnum);
   sem_post(&mutex);
   sem_wait(&S[phnum]);
   sleep(1);
void put_fork(int phnum)
   sem_wait(&mutex);
   state[phnum] = THINKING;
   printf("Philosopher %d putting fork %d and %d down\n",
          phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
   printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", phnum + 1);
   test(LEFT);
   test(RIGHT);
```

}

{

```
sem_post(&mutex);
}
void* philosopher(void* num)
{
   while (1) {
           int* i = num;
           sleep(1);
           take_fork(*i);
           sleep(0);
           put_fork(*i);
   }
}
int main()
{
   int i;
   pthread_t thread_id[N];
   sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
   for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
```

```
sem\_init(\&S[i], 0, 0); for \ (i = 0; i < N; i++) \ \{ pthread\_create(\&thread\_id[i], NULL, \\ philosopher, \&phil[i]); printf("Philosopher \%d \ is \ thinking\n", \ i+1); \} for \ (i = 0; i < N; i++) pthread\_join(thread\_id[i], NULL); \}
```

Output:

```
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 takes fork 3 and 4
Philosopher 4 is Eating
Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 2 takes fork 1 and 2
Philosopher 2 is Eating
Philosopher 4 putting fork 3 and 4 down
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 5 takes fork 4 and 5
Philosopher 5 is Eating
Philosopher 2 putting fork 1 and 2 down
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 3 takes fork 2 and 3
Philosopher 3 is Eating
Philosopher 5 putting fork 4 and 5 down
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 1 takes fork 5 and 1
Philosopher 1 is Eating
Philosopher 4 is Hungry
Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 3 putting fork 2 and 3 down
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 takes fork 3 and 4
Philosopher 4 is Eating
Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 putting fork 5 and 1 down
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 2 takes fork 1 and 2
Philosopher 2 is Eating
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 putting fork 3 and 4 down
```