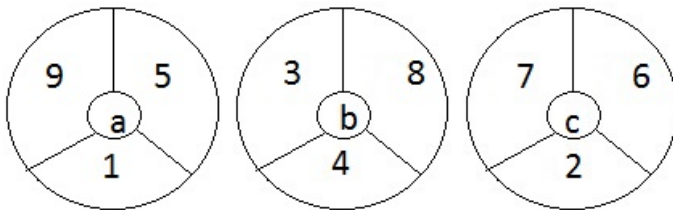


Tutorial-2

Question-1

Two players play the following game: Player A chooses one of the three spinners pictured in Figure below, and then player B chooses one of the remaining two spinners. Both players then spin their spinner, and the one that lands on the higher number is declared the winner. Assuming that each spinner is equally likely to land in any of its 3 regions, would you rather be player A or player B? Explain your answer!



Question-2

A bin contains 3 different types of disposable flash lights. The probability that a type 1 flash light will give over 100 hours of use is .7, with the corresponding probabilities for type 2 and type 3 flash lights being .4 and .3, respectively. Suppose that 20 percent of the flash lights in the bin are type 1, 30 percent are type 2, and 50 percent are type 3.

(a) What is the probability that a randomly chosen flash light will give more than 100 hours of use?

(b) Given that a flash light lasted over 100 hours, what is the conditional probability that it was a type j flash light, $j = 1, 2, 3$?

Question-3

Urn A contains 2 white balls and 1 black ball, whereas urn B contains 1 white ball and 5 black balls. A ball is drawn at random from urn A and placed in urn B. A ball is then drawn from urn B. It happens to be white. What is the probability that the ball transferred was white?

Question-4

A coin having probability .8 of landing on heads is flipped. A observes the result either heads or tails and rushes off to tell B. However, with probability .4, A will have forgotten the result by the time he reaches B. If A has forgotten, then, rather than admitting this to B, he is equally likely to tell B that the coin landed on heads or that it landed tails. (If he does remember, then he tells B the correct result.)

- (a) What is the probability that B is told that the coin landed on heads?
- (b) What is the probability that B is told the correct result?
- (c) Given that B is told that the coin landed on heads, what is the probability that it did in fact land on heads?

Question-5

Three players simultaneously toss coins. The coin tossed by A(B)[C] turns up heads with probability $.3, (.4), [.8]$. If one person gets an outcome different from those of the other two, then he is the odd man out. If there is no odd man out, the players flip again and continue to do so until they get an odd man out. What is the probability that A will be the odd man?